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 NEWS 4 Feb 01 DKILIT now produced by FIZ Karlsruhe and has a new update frequency
 NEWS 5 Feb 19 Access via Tymnet and SprintNet Eliminated Effective 3/31/02
 NEWS 6 Mar 08 Gene Names now available in BIOSIS
 NEWS 7 Mar 22 TOXLIT no longer available
 NEWS 8 Mar 22 TRCTHERMO no longer available
 NEWS 9 Mar 28 US Provisional Priorities searched with P in CA/CAPLUS and USPATFULL
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 NEWS 17 Apr 22 BIOSIS Gene Names now available in TOXCENTER
 NEWS 18 Apr 22 Federal Research in Progress (FEDRIP) now available
 NEWS 19 Jun 03 New e-mail delivery for search results now available
 NEWS 20 Jun 10 MEDLINE Reload
 NEWS 21 Jun 10 PCTFULL has been reloaded

NEWS EXPRESS February 1 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.0d,
 CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0a(ENG) AND V6.0a(JP),
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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:16:46 ON 16 JUN 2002

=> file medline biosis caplus
 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
 ENTRY SESSION
 FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.21 0.21

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:17:03 ON 16 JUN 2002

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:17:03 ON 16 JUN 2002
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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:17:03 ON 16 JUN 2002
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=> e raav
 E1 1 RAAUMES/BI
 E2 3 RAAUU/BI
 E3 1040 --> RAAV/BI
 E4 2 RAAV01/BI
 E5 2 RAAV02/BI
 E6 4 RAAV1/BI
 E7 33 RAAV2/BI
 E8 2 RAAV2BETAGAL/BI
 E9 3 RAAV3/BI
 E10 3 RAAV4/BI
 E11 2 RAAV4BETAGAL/BI
 E12 9 RAAV5/BI

=> s raav
 L1 1040 RAAV

=> s recombinant aav
 L2 622 RECOMBINANT AAV

=> adeno!associated virus
 ADENO!ASSOCIATED IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
 The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
 For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (>=).

=> s adeno!associated virus
 L3 0 ADENO!ASSOCIATED VIRUS

=> s adeno-associated
 L4 5747 ADENO-ASSOCIATED

=> e adeno-associated
 E1 1 ADENNOVIRUS/BI
 E2 25936 ADENO/BI
 E3 0 --> ADENO-ASSOCIATED/BI
 E4 3 ADENO12/BI
 E5 5 ADENO2/BI
 E6 1 ADENO29/BI
 E7 1 ADENO3/BI
 E8 1 ADENO40/BI
 E9 3 ADENOS/BI
 E10 2 ADENO/BI
 E11 1 ADENOACACANTHOMA/BI
 E12 2 ADENOACANTHOCARCINOMA/BI

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:16:46 ON 16 JUN 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:17:03 ON

16 JUN 2002

E RAAV
L1 1040 S RAAV
L2 622 S RECOMBINANT AAV
L3 0 S ADENO!ASSOCIATED VIRUS
L4 5747 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED
E ADENO-ASSOCIATED

=> d protease inhibitor

'PROTEASE' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT

'INHIBITOR' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT

In a multifile environment, a format can only be used if it is valid in at least one of the files. Refer to file specific help messages or the STNGUIDE file for information on formats available in individual files.

REENTER DISPLAY FORMAT FOR ALL FILES
(FILEDEFAULT):end

=> s protease inhibitor

L5 56882 PROTEASE INHIBITOR

=> e proteinase inh

E1 1 PROTEINASCS/BI
E2 95886 PROTEINASE/BI
E3 0 --> PROTEINASE INH/BI
E4 3 PROTEINASE1/BI
E5 10 PROTEINASE3/BI
E6 2 PROTEINASEAKTIVITAT/BI
E7 1 PROTEINASEAND/BI
E8 1 PROTEINASEBOUND/BI
E9 3 PROTEINASEE/BI
E10 2 PROTEINASEES/BI
E11 1 PROTEINASEGENE/BI
E12 2 PROTEINASEHEMMER/BI

=> s proteinase inhibitor

L6 30433 PROTEINASE INHIBITOR

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:16:46 ON 16 JUN 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:17:03 ON
16 JUN 2002

E RAAV
L1 1040 S RAAV
L2 622 S RECOMBINANT AAV
L3 0 S ADENO!ASSOCIATED VIRUS
L4 5747 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED
E ADENO-ASSOCIATED
L5 56882 S PROTEASE INHIBITOR
E PROTEINASE INH
L6 30433 S PROTEINASE INHIBITOR

=> s l5 or l6

L7 81516 L5 OR L6

=> s l1(s)l6

L8 1 L1(S) L6

=> d ti so

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Compounds and methods to enhance recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV)
transduction for gene therapy
SO PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

=> s l2(s)l6

L9 0 L2(S) L6

=> s l4(s)l6

L10 1 L4(S) L6

=> d ti so

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Compounds and methods to enhance recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV)
transduction for gene therapy
SO PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

=> s l1 and l6

L11 1 L1 AND L6

=> s l2 and l6

L12 0 L2 AND L6

=> s l4 and l6

L13 9 L4 AND L6

=> dup rem l13

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L13
L14 9 DUP REM L13 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti so 1-9

L14 ANSWER 1 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Synthetic internal ribosome entry sites and other sequences
improving the
efficiency of translation and their identification in random
oligonucleotide libraries
SO PCT Int. Appl., 168 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L14 ANSWER 2 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Gene transfer vectors for treating autoimmune diseases and diseases
with
immunopathogenesis
SO PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L14 ANSWER 3 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Human serine protease inhibitor headpin and its gene and diagnostic
and
therapeutic uses
SO PCT Int. Appl., 213 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L14 ANSWER 4 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Gene transfer to intervertebral disc cells, and use in the treatment of
degenerative disk disorders, and animal model for degenerative disk
disease
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 16 pp.
CODEN: USXXXC

L14 ANSWER 5 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Compounds and methods to enhance recombinant adeno-
associated virus (rAAV) transduction for gene therapy
SO PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L14 ANSWER 6 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Novel methods for in vivo identification of enzyme inhibitors from
random
peptide-chymotrypsin inhibitor 2A (CI-2A) fusion library and their
use in
drug screening
SO PCT Int. Appl., 136 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L14 ANSWER 7 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Viral vectors to inhibit leukocyte infiltration or cartilage degradation
of joints

SO U.S., 72 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 685,212.
CODEN: USXXAM

L14 ANSWER 8 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Preparation of transgenic birds by gene transfer with p95-specific
gene
techniques
SO Ger. Offen., 8 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX

L14 ANSWER 9 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Polynucleotide constructs with cis-acting regulatory sequence and
effector
gene in therapies for infection and hyperproliferative disorders
SO PCT Int. Appl., 61 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

=> d ibib ab 5,3,2

L14 ANSWER 5 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:881351 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:46764
TITLE: Compounds and methods to enhance recombinant
adeno-associated virus (rAAV)
transduction for gene therapy
INVENTOR(S): Engelhardt, John F.; Duan, Dongsheng
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Iowa Research Foundation,
USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE	
WO 2000075365	A2 20001214	WO 2000-US15700	
20000608	WO 2000075365	A3 20010301	
		W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG EP 1190249	EP 2000-944624 20000608
		R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	US 1999-138188P P 19990608 US 2000-201089P P 20000502 WO 2000-US15700 W 20000608		
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 134:46764		
AB	Agents and methods to alter rAAV transduction are provided.		

L14 ANSWER 3 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:168148 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:218930
TITLE: Human serine protease inhibitor headpin and its gene
and diagnostic and therapeutic uses
INVENTOR(S): Clayman, Gary L.; Nakashima, Torahiko;
Spring, Paul M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents, the University of Texas
System, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 213 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
WO 2001016324	A2 20010308	WO 2000-US24214
20000831	WO 2001016324	A3 20020307
		W: CA, JP RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
EP 1210433	A2 20020605	EP 2000-959826 20000831
		R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI, CY
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	US 1999-151776P P 19990831	WO 2000-US24214 W 20000831
AB	The present invention describes a novel gene encoding a novel protein termed headpin (for head and neck serpin) that is homologous to known serine protease inhibitors. Headpin is a differentially expressed, novel serine proteinase inhibitor that belongs to the ov-serpin family and demonstrates a hinge region consensus sequence that predicts an inhibitory function. Headpin was cloned from a keratinocyte cDNA library, and its expression pattern by Northern blot anal. indicates that it is most likely produced by keratinizing epithelium. The endogenous expression headpin in normal oral keratinocytes, and its absence or down-regulation in squamous cell carcinoma of the oral cavity, supports the involvement of headpin as a marker for squamous differentiation or a gene disadvantageous to tumor function. Headpin has been grouped into the cluster of serpins located at chromosome 18q21.3/18q22. This region is a known area for loss of heterozygosity and other deletional events often assocd. with head and neck cancer. The invention describes methods and compns. of the nucleic acids, encoded proteins, antibodies, pharmaceuticals, cancer treatments, diagnostics and screens for modulators of headpin.	

L14 ANSWER 2 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:284082 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:306211
TITLE: Gene transfer vectors for treating autoimmune
diseases
and diseases with immunopathogenesis

INVENTOR(S): Schwarzmann, Fritz
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Germany
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
WO 2001027254	A2 20010419	WO 2000-DE3608
20001012	WO 2001027254	A3 20020228

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ,
 CA, CH, CN,
 CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
 GM, HR,
 HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
 LT,
 LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL,
 PT, RO, RU,
 SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US,
 UZ, VN,
 YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT,
 BE, CH, CY,
 DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF,
 BJ,
 CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1999-19948983 A
 19991012
 AB The invention relates to a gene transfer vector comprising a first nucleic acid sequence which codes for one or more ligands that trigger apoptosis, a second nucleic acid sequence which codes for one or more antigens, and, optionally, a third nucleic acid sequence which codes for one or more anti-apoptosis mols., and optionally, a fourth nucleic acid sequence which codes for one or more suicide enzymes.

=> s transduction
 L15 281838 TRANSDUCTION

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:16:46 ON 16 JUN 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:17:03 ON
 16 JUN 2002
 E RAAV
 L1 1040 S RAAV
 L2 622 S RECOMBINANT AAV
 L3 0 S ADENO!ASSOCIATED VIRUS
 L4 5747 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED
 E ADENO-ASSOCIATED
 L5 56882 S PROTEASE INHIBITOR
 E PROTEINASE INH
 L6 30433 S PROTEINASE INHIBITOR
 L7 81516 S L5 OR L6
 L8 1 S L1(S)L6
 L9 0 S L2(S)L6
 L10 1 S L4(S)L6
 L11 1 S L1 AND L6
 L12 0 S L2 AND L6
 L13 9 S L4 AND L6
 L14 9 DUP REM L13 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
 L15 281838 S TRANSDUCTION

=> s l7(s)l15
 L16 324 L7(S) L15

=> s adeno?
 L17 677499 ADENO?

=> s l16 and l17
 L18 7 L16 AND L17

=> dup rem l18
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L18
 L19 7 DUP REM L18 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti so l-7

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 7 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL

ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Intercellular transfer of functional CD40-ligand on B cells.
 SO Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 23a.
<http://www.bloodjournal.org/>. print.
 Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology,
 Part 1 Orlando, Florida, USA December 07-11, 2001
 ISSN: 0006-4971.

L19 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 TI Compounds and methods to enhance recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV) transduction for gene therapy
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

L19 ANSWER 3 OF 7 MEDLINE
 TI The serine proteinase inhibitor (serpin) plasminogen activation inhibitor
 type 2 protects against viral cytopathic effects by constitutive interferon alpha/beta priming.
 SO JOURNAL OF EXPERIMENTAL MEDICINE, (1998 Jun 1) 187 (11) 1799-811.
 Journal code: 2985109R. ISSN: 0022-1007.

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 7 MEDLINE
 TI Multiple intracellular pathways interfere with the activation of a CPP32-like protease induced by serum deprivation of AKR-2B cells.
 SO EXPERIMENTAL CELL RESEARCH, (1998 Apr 10) 240 (1) 28-39.
 Journal code: 0373226. ISSN: 0014-4827.

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 TI Apoptosis signalling pathways in normal T cells. Differential activity of Bcl-2 and IL-1.beta.-converting enzyme family protease inhibitors on glucocorticoid- and Fas-mediated cytotoxicity
 SO J. Immunol. (1996), 157(9), 3845-3849
 CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767

L19 ANSWER 6 OF 7 MEDLINE
 TI Chronic oral administration of synthetic trypsin inhibitor camostate reduces amylase release from isolated rat pancreatic acini.
 SO INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF PANCREATOLOGY, (1995 Oct) 18 (2) 135-43.
 Journal code: 8703511. ISSN: 0169-4197.

L19 ANSWER 7 OF 7 MEDLINE
 TI Oligosaccharide signaling in plants. Specificity of oligouronide-enhanced plasma membrane protein phosphorylation.
 SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (1991 Feb 15) 266 (5) 3140-5.
 Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

=> d ibib ab 3,4

L19 ANSWER 3 OF 7 MEDLINE
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998270910 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98270910 PubMed ID: 9607921
 TITLE: The serine proteinase inhibitor (serpin) plasminogen activation inhibitor type 2 protects against viral cytopathic effects by constitutive interferon alpha/beta priming.
 AUTHOR: Antalis T M; La Linn M; Donnan K; Mateo L; Gardner J; Dickinson J L; Buttigieg K; Suhrbier A
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Queensland Cancer Fund Experimental Oncology Unit, The Queensland Institute of Medical Research, Brisbane 4029, Australia.. toniA@qimr.edu.au
 SOURCE: JOURNAL OF EXPERIMENTAL MEDICINE, (1998 Jun 1) 187 (11) 1799-811.

Journal code: 2985109R. ISSN: 0022-1007.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 199807
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980713
 Last Updated on STN: 19980713
 Entered Medline: 19980701
 AB The serine proteinase inhibitor (serpin) plasminogen activator inhibitor type 2 (PAI-2) is well characterized as an inhibitor of extracellular urokinase-type plasminogen activator. Here we show that intracellular, but not extracellular, PAI-2 protected cells from the rapid cytopathic effects of alphavirus infection. This protection did not appear to be related to an effect on apoptosis but was associated with a PAI-2-mediated induction of constitutive low-level interferon (IFN)-alpha/beta production and IFN-stimulated gene factor 3 (ISGF3) activation, which primed the cells for rapid induction of antiviral genes. This primed phenotype was associated with a rapid development of resistance to infection by the PAI-2 transfected cells and the establishment of a persistent productive infection. PAI-2 was also induced in macrophages in response to viral RNA suggesting that PAI-2 is a virus response gene. These observations, together with the recently demonstrated PAI-2-mediated inhibition of tumor necrosis factor-alpha induced apoptosis, (a) illustrate that PAI-2 has an additional and distinct function as an intracellular regulator of signal transduction pathway(s) and (b) demonstrate a novel activity for a eukaryotic serpin.

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 7 MEDLINE
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998233454 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98233454 PubMed ID: 9570918
 TITLE: Multiple intracellular pathways interfere with the activation of a CPP32-like protease induced by serum deprivation of AKR-2B cells.
 AUTHOR: Schafer R; Karbach D; Hoppe J
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Theodor-Boveri-Institut, Department of Physiological Chemistry II, Wurzburg, Germany.
 SOURCE: EXPERIMENTAL CELL RESEARCH, (1998 Apr 10) 240 (1) 28-39.

Journal code: 0373226. ISSN: 0014-4827.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 199805
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980520
 Last Updated on STN: 20000303
 Entered Medline: 19980514
 AB As previously described, confluent AKR-2B fibroblasts rapidly disintegrate upon removal of serum. Platelet-derived growth factor isoforms AB or BB (PDGF-AB, -BB) added immediately after serum deprivation caused complete survival of the cells without initiating proliferation (Simm et al., 1994, J. Cell. Physiol. 160, 295). Here the role of cAMP as a protective agent was investigated by using forskolin or 8-Br-cAMP. Both reagents afforded high cellular protection. The phorbol ester TPA, an activator of protein kinase C isoforms, also exerted a high protection against cell death (ED50

= 7 nM). Unexpectedly colchicine (ED50 = 1.5 microM) an inhibitor of tubulin polymerization also protected cells from death. The protective effects of PDGF-BB and TPA were dependent on protein synthesis as indicated by their complete suppression by cycloheximide (CHx). Surprisingly, forskolin and 8-Br-cAMP remained effective even in the presence of CHx. Detailed studies of several signalling pathways were performed. These investigations showed no interference between PDGF-BB and cAMP-dependent pathways at the early stage of signal transduction. As previously described, the ICE-like protease inhibitor tyr-val-ala-asp-chloromethylketone (YVAD-cmk) protected cells from death (Simm et al., 1997, J. Cell Sci. 110, 819-828). As shown here, a substantial protection was also achieved by the addition of two other caspase inhibitors: asp-glu-val-asp-aldehyde (DEVD-cho; ED50 = 100 microM) and benzoylcarbonyl-asp-glu-val-asp-chloromethylketone (Z-DEVD-cmk; ED50 = 100 microM). The activity of caspases was studied using either tyr-val-ala-asp-aminomethylcoumarine (YVAD-amc) or asp-glu-val-asp-aminomethylcoumarine (DEVD-amc) as substrates. There was no activation of a YVADase, whereas a pronounced increase in DEVDase activity was found with a maximum 3 h after serum removal. Cross competition experiments in vitro showed that the latter activity is inhibited also by low concentrations of YVAD-cmk (300-600 nM), suggesting that both inhibitors inactivated the same target protease. Remarkably all tested protective reagents lead to an inhibition of the DEVDase activity in intact cells. Since these reagents act via distinct intracellular pathways, the existence of a regulatory element upstream of the DEVDase is proposed which integrates signals from a variety of pathways.

=> l7(p)l15
 L7(P)L15 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
 The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system. For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (>=).

=> s l7(p)l15
 L20 435 L7(P) L15
 => s l20 and l17
 L21 10 L20 AND L17
 => dup rem l21
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L21
 L22 9 DUP REM L21 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)

=> s l22 not l19
 L23 2 L22 NOT L19

=> d ti so l23

L23 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 TI Adenoviral vectors having nucleic acids encoding immunomodulatory molecules
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

=> d ti so 1-2

L23 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Adenoviral vectors having nucleic acids encoding immunomodulatory molecules

SO PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L23 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Fusion proteins of receptor ligand-binding domains and proteinase inhibitors for inhibition of cell migration
SO PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

=> d ibib ab 1

L23 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:756888 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:292012
TITLE: Adenoviral vectors having nucleic acids encoding immunomodulatory molecules
INVENTOR(S): Scaria, Abraham; Wadsworth, Samuel C.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Genzyme Corp., USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2000063406 A2 20001026 WO 2000-US10530
20000419
WO 2000063406 A3 20010208
W: AU, CA, JP
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
EP 1210447 A2 20020605 EP 2000-922301 20000419
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, FI, CY
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-130415P P 19990421
WO 2000-US10530 W 20000419

AB The invention relates to recombinant **adenoviral** vectors for use in delivering a nucleic acid(s) encoding an immunomodulatory mol.(s) to the cells of an individual that allows the vector to reduce or evade the host immune response from the cells of said individual. These vectors could be used to induce tolerance to an **adenovirus** antigen or transgenic products by **transduction** of antigen-presenting cells of an individual and/or increase the half-life of antigen-presenting cells in order to enhance immune response against tumor antigens. The invention further relates to recombinant **adenoviral** vectors for use in delivering desired therapeutic transgenes to cells in patients, said vectors contg. at least one nucleic acid encoding an immunomodulatory mol. that allow the vectors contg. said nucleic acid(s) to reduce or evade the host antiviral immune response to the **adenovirus** and one or more transgenes. The **adenovirus** vectors expressing baculovirus protein p35, or lymphocyte **proteinase inhibitor** baculovirus P-I-9, and a FasL/p35 vector are constructed to prolong the half-life of dendritic cells by protecting them from the gp100-specific cytotoxic T lymphocyte attack for cancer vaccine purpose. These vectors are capable of increased persistence in the individual to whom they are administered, thereby facilitating longer term administration of transgenes and reduced immunol. response upon administration. The invention also relates to methods for the use of such vectors in

delivering transgenes to patients for therapeutic uses.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:16:46 ON 16 JUN 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:17:03 ON 16 JUN 2002

E RAAV
L1 1040 S RAAV
L2 622 S RECOMBINANT AAV
L3 0 S ADENO!ASSOCIATED VIRUS
L4 5747 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED
E ADENO-ASSOCIATED
L5 56882 S PROTEASE INHIBITOR
E PROTEINASE INH
L6 30433 S PROTEINASE INHIBITOR
L7 81516 S L5 OR L6
L8 1 S L1(S)L6
L9 0 S L2(S)L6
L10 1 S L4(S)L6
L11 1 S L1 AND L6
L12 0 S L2 AND L6
L13 9 S L4 AND L6
L14 9 DUP REM L13 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L15 281838 S TRANSDUCTION
L16 324 S L7(S)L15
L17 677499 S ADENO?
L18 7 S L16 AND L17
L19 7 DUP REM L18 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L20 435 S L7(P)L15
L21 10 S L20 AND L17
L22 9 DUP REM L21 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)
L23 2 S L22 NOT L19

=> (improv? or enhanc? or increas? or decreas? or augment? or potentiat? or inhibit?)(s)(transduct? or infect? or gene transfer)
(IMPROV? IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s (improv? or enhanc? or increas? or decreas? or augment? or potentiat? or inhibit?)(s)(transduct? or infect? or gene transfer)
2 FILES SEARCHED...
L24 454934 (IMPROV? OR ENHANC? OR INCREAS? OR
DECREAS? OR AUGMENT? OR POTEN
TIAT? OR INHIBIT?)(S)(TRANSDUCT? OR INFECT? OR
GENE TRANSFER)

=> s l24(p)(l1 or l2 or l4)
L25 1086 L24(P)(L1 OR L2 OR L4)

=> s l7 and l25
L26 3 L7 AND L25

=> dup rem l26
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L26
L27 3 DUP REM L26 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti so 1-3

L27 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Compounds and methods to enhance recombinant **adeno**-associated virus (rAAV) transduction for gene therapy
SO PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L27 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Controlling immune response to specific antigens
SO PCT Int. Appl., 93 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L27 ANSWER 3 OF 3 MEDLINE

TI Ribozyme gene therapy for hepatitis C virus infection.
SO CLINICAL AND DIAGNOSTIC VIROLOGY, (1998 Jul 15) 10 (2-3) 163-71.
Journal code: 9309653. ISSN: 0928-0197.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:16:46 ON 16 JUN 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:17:03 ON 16 JUN 2002

E RAAV
L1 1040 S RAAV
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L14 9 DUP REM L13 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L15 281838 S TRANSDUCTION
L16 324 S L7(S)L15
L17 677499 S ADENO?
L18 7 S L16 AND L17
L19 7 DUP REM L18 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L20 435 S L7(P)L15
L21 10 S L20 AND L17
L22 9 DUP REM L21 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)
L23 2 S L22 NOT L19
L24 454934 S (IMPROV? OR ENHANC? OR INCREAS? OR
DECreas? OR AUGMENT? OR PO
L25 1086 S L24(P)(L1 OR L2 OR L4)
L26 3 S L7 AND L25
L27 3 DUP REM L26 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s l24(s)(l1 or l2)

L28 410 L24(S)(L1 OR L2)

=> s recombinant adeno-associated

L29 1279 RECOMBINANT ADENO-ASSOCIATED

=> s l1 or l2 or l29

L30 1809 L1 OR L2 OR L29

=> s l24(s)l30

L31 464 L24(S) L30

=> dup rem l31

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L31

L32 244 DUP REM L31 (220 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti so l-100

L32 ANSWER 1 OF 244 MEDLINE

TI Cardiomyocyte-specific gene expression following recombinant
adeno-associated viral vector transduction.
SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (2002 May 24) 277 (21) 18979-85.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

L32 ANSWER 2 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1
TI Efficient integration of recombinant adeno-associated virus DNA
vectors

requires a p5-rep sequence in cis.

SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2002 Jun) 76 (11) 5411-21.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 3 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 2

TI Reversal of motor impairments in parkinsonian rats by continuous
intrastriatal delivery of L-dopa using rAAV-mediated gene transfer.
SO PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF
SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF
AMERICA, (2002 Apr 2) 99 (7) 4708-13.
Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

L32 ANSWER 4 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 3

TI Ubiquitination of both adeno-associated virus type 2 and 5 capsid
proteins
affects the transduction efficiency of recombinant vectors.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2002 Mar) 76 (5) 2043-53.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 5 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 4

TI Rescue of hereditary form of dilated cardiomyopathy by rAAV-
mediated
somatic gene therapy: amelioration of morphological findings,
sarcolemmal
permeability, cardiac performances, and the prognosis of TO-2
hamsters.
SO PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF
SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF
AMERICA, (2002 Jan 22) 99 (2) 901-6.
Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

L32 ANSWER 6 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 5

TI Inducible adeno-associated virus vector-delivered transgene
expression in
corneal endothelium.
SO INVESTIGATIVE OPHTHALMOLOGY AND VISUAL
SCIENCE, (2002 Mar) 43 (3) 751-7.
Journal code: 7703701. ISSN: 0146-0404.

L32 ANSWER 7 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 6

TI Gene therapy strategy for long-term myocardial protection using
adeno-associated virus-mediated delivery of heme oxygenase gene.
SO CIRCULATION, (2002 Feb 5) 105 (5) 602-7.
Journal code: 0147763. ISSN: 1524-4539.

L32 ANSWER 8 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 7

TI Adeno-associated virus-mediated transfer of human acid maltase
gene
results in a transient reduction of glycogen accumulation in muscle of
Japanese quail with acid maltase deficiency.
SO GENE THERAPY, (2002 May) 9 (9) 554-63.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 9 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 8

TI Kinetics of transgene expression in mouse retina following sub-
retinal
injection of recombinant adeno-associated virus.
SO VISION RESEARCH, (2002 Feb) 42 (4) 541-9.
Journal code: 0417402. ISSN: 0042-6989.

L32 ANSWER 10 OF 244 MEDLINE

TI Recombinant Adeno-associated Virus Serotypes 2- and 5-Mediated
Gene
Transfer in the Mammalian Brain: Quantitative Analysis of Heparin
Co-infusion.
SO MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2002 Apr) 5 (4) 371-80.
Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.

L32 ANSWER 11 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 9

TI Transduction of human neural progenitor cells using recombinant
adeno-associated viral vectors.
SO GENE THERAPY, (2002 Feb) 9 (4) 245-55.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 12 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 10
 TI Neuropathological and behavioral consequences of adeno-associated viral
 vector-mediated continuous intrastriatal neurotrophin delivery in a focal
 ischemia model in rats.
 SO NEUROBIOLOGY OF DISEASE, (2002 Mar) 9 (2) 187-204.
 Journal code: 9500169. ISSN: 0969-9961.

L32 ANSWER 13 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 11
 TI Transduction of human and mouse pancreatic islet cells using a bicistronic recombinant adeno-associated viral vector.
 SO MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2002 Feb) 5 (2) 154-60.
 Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.

L32 ANSWER 14 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Inactivation of VEGF in skeletal muscle results in decreased capillary number and apoptosis.
 SO FASEB Journal, (March 20, 2002) Vol. 16, No. 4, pp. A91.
<http://www.fasebj.org/> print.
 Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Professional Research Scientists on Experimental Biology New Orleans, Louisiana, USA April 20-24, 2002
 ISSN: 0892-6638.

L32 ANSWER 15 OF 244 MEDLINE
 TI FGF-4 gene therapy GENERX--Collateral Therapeutics.
 SO BioDrugs, (2002) 16 (1) 75-6.
 Journal code: 9705305. ISSN: 1173-8804.

L32 ANSWER 16 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 12
 TI Somatic gene therapy of dilated cardiomyopathy.
 SO NIPPON YAKURIGAKU ZASSHI. FOLIA PHARMACOLOGICA JAPONICA, (2002 Jan) 119 (1) 37-44.
 Journal code: 0420550. ISSN: 0015-5691.

L32 ANSWER 17 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 13
 TI Efficient generation of cytotoxic T lymphocytes against cervical cancer cells by adeno-associated virus/human papillomavirus type 16 E7 antigen gene transduction into dendritic cells.
 SO EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF IMMUNOLOGY, (2002 Jan) 32 (1) 30-8.
 Journal code: 1273201. ISSN: 0014-2980.

L32 ANSWER 18 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 14
 TI Inhibition of atherosclerosis in apolipoprotein-E-deficient mice following muscle transduction with adeno-associated virus vectors encoding human apolipoprotein-E.
 SO GENE THERAPY, (2002 Jan) 9 (1) 21-9.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 19 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated virus, cell lines and methods of production and use thereof.
 SO Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Patents, (Aug. 7, 2001) Vol. 1249, No. 1, pp. No Pagination. e-file.
 ISSN: 0098-1133.

L32 ANSWER 20 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated virus, cell lines, and methods of production and use thereof.

SO Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Patents, (July 17, 2001) Vol. 1248, No. 3, pp. No Pagination. e-file.
 ISSN: 0098-1133.

L32 ANSWER 21 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 15
 TI Binding of adeno-associated virus type 5 to 2,3-linked sialic acid is required for gene transfer.
 SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (2001 Jun 8) 276 (23) 20610-6.
 Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

L32 ANSWER 22 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 16
 TI Involvement of cellular double-stranded DNA break binding proteins in processing of the recombinant adeno-associated virus genome.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2001 Dec) 75 (24) 12279-87.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 23 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 17
 TI Adeno-associated virus type 2-mediated transduction of human monocyte-derived dendritic cells: implications for ex vivo immunotherapy.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2001 Oct) 75 (19) 9493-501.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 24 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 18
 TI Enhancement of muscle gene delivery with pseudotyped adeno-associated virus type 5 correlates with myoblast differentiation.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2001 Aug) 75 (16) 7662-71.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 25 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 19
 TI Induction of tolerance to human factor VIII in mice.
 SO BLOOD, (2001 May 15) 97 (10) 3311-2.
 Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 26 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Differential neuronal gene expression from two non-specific promoters after recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV) 2 transduction in vivo.
 SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2001) Vol. 27, No. 2, pp. 2345.
 print.
 Meeting Info.: 31st Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience San Diego, California, USA November 10-15, 2001
 ISSN: 0190-5295.

L32 ANSWER 27 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Efficient and sustained transduction of human and rat fetal ventral mesencephalon mediated by adeno-associated virus vectors.
 SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2001) Vol. 27, No. 2, pp. 2294.
 print.
 Meeting Info.: 31st Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience San Diego, California, USA November 10-15, 2001
 ISSN: 0190-5295.

L32 ANSWER 28 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 20
 TI A novel method using baculovirus-mediated gene transfer for production of recombinant adeno-associated virus vectors.
 SO JOURNAL OF GENERAL VIROLOGY, (2001 Sep) 82 (Pt 9) 2051-60.
 Journal code: 0077340. ISSN: 0022-1317.

L32 ANSWER 29 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002

BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Effects of rAAV-mediated NPY and galanin overexpression in rat hippocampus
on rat behaviour and seizure modulation.
SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2001) Vol. 27, No. 2, pp. 2014.
print.
Meeting Info.: 31st Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience
San
Diego, California, USA November 10-15, 2001
ISSN: 0190-5295.

L32 ANSWER 30 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Effects of constitutive Homer 1a expression in the rat kainate seizure model.
SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2001) Vol. 27, No. 2, pp. 2014.
print.
Meeting Info.: 31st Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience
San
Diego, California, USA November 10-15, 2001
ISSN: 0190-5295.

L32 ANSWER 31 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 21
TI Intracellular trafficking of adeno-associated virus vectors: routing to the late endosomal compartment and proteasome degradation.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2001 Feb) 75 (4) 1824-33.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 32 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 22
TI Insertional mutagenesis of the adeno-associated virus type 2 (AAV2) capsid
gene and generation of AAV2 vectors targeted to alternative cell-surface receptors.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (2001 Sep 20) 12 (14) 1697-711.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 33 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 23
TI Recombinant adeno-associated virus vector-transduced vascular endothelial cells express the thrombomodulin transgene under the regulation of enhanced plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 promoter.
SO GENE THERAPY, (2001 Nov) 8 (22) 1690-7.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 34 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 24
TI Transduction of ovarian cancer cells: a recombinant adeno-associated viral vector compared to an adenoviral vector.
SO BRITISH JOURNAL OF CANCER, (2001 Nov 16) 85 (10) 1592-9.
Journal code: 0370635. ISSN: 0007-0920.

L32 ANSWER 35 OF 244 MEDLINE
TI Subthalamic GAD gene transfer in Parkinson disease patients who are candidates for deep brain stimulation.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (2001 Aug 10) 12 (12) 1589-91.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 36 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI rAAV-delivered ribozyme mediated reduction of huntingtin mRNA in adult striatum.
SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2001) Vol. 27, No. 1, pp. 1508.
print.
Meeting Info.: 31st Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience
San
Diego, California, USA November 10-15, 2001

ISSN: 0190-5295.

L32 ANSWER 37 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI rAAV mediated gene transfer of GAD65 into the rat hippocampus decreases KA-induced seizure activity.
SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2001) Vol. 27, No. 1, pp. 1461.
print.
Meeting Info.: 31st Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience
San
Diego, California, USA November 10-15, 2001
ISSN: 0190-5295.

L32 ANSWER 38 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 25
TI Prevention of systemic clinical disease in MPS VII mice following AAV-mediated neonatal gene transfer.
SO GENE THERAPY, (2001 Sep) 8 (17) 1291-8.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 39 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Factors influencing in vivo transduction by recombinant adenovirus-associated viral vectors expressing the human factor IX cDNA
SO Blood (2001), 97(5), 1258-1265
CODEN: BLOOA; ISSN: 0006-4971

L32 ANSWER 40 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 26
TI Self-complementary recombinant adeno-associated virus (scAAV) vectors promote efficient transduction independently of DNA synthesis.
SO GENE THERAPY, (2001 Aug) 8 (16) 1248-54.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 41 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 27
TI Standard heparin, low molecular weight heparin, low molecular weight heparinoid, and recombinant hirudin differ in their ability to inhibit transduction by recombinant adeno-associated virus type 2 vectors.
SO GENE THERAPY, (2001 Jun) 8 (12) 966-8.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 42 OF 244 MEDLINE
TI Rapid induction of cytotoxic T-cell response against cervical cancer cells by human papillomavirus type 16 E6 antigen gene delivery into human dendritic cells by an adeno-associated virus vector.
SO CANCER GENE THERAPY, (2001 Dec) 8 (12) 948-57.
Journal code: 9432230. ISSN: 0929-1903.

L32 ANSWER 43 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 28
TI Protamine sulfate enhances the transduction efficiency of recombinant adeno-associated virus-mediated gene delivery.
SO PHARMACEUTICAL RESEARCH, (2001 Jul) 18 (7) 922-7.
Journal code: 8406521. ISSN: 0724-8741.

L32 ANSWER 44 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Sustained high level expression of human FIX following liver targeted delivery of recombinant adeno-associated virus encoding the human FIX gene in rhesus macaques.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 782a.
<http://www.bloodjournal.org/>. print.
Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology,
Part 1 Orlando, Florida, USA December 07-11, 2001
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 45 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002

BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Alternate AAV serotypes result in enhanced factor IX expression in murine
and canine models of hemophilia B.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 745a.
<http://www.bloodjournal.org/>. print.
Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology,
Part 1 Orlando, Florida, USA December 07-11, 2001
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 46 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Long-term expression of activated FVII in vivo following AAV-mediated
liver gene transfer: Implications for treatment with continuous infusion
of recombinant activated FVII.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 696a.
<http://www.bloodjournal.org/>. print.
Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology,
Part 1 Orlando, Florida, USA December 07-11, 2001
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 47 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Tightly regulated rAAV-mediated gene expression driven by a bidirectional
tetracycline-dependent promoter.
SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2001) Vol. 27, No. 1, pp. 668.
print.
Meeting Info.: 31st Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience
San
Diego, California, USA November 10-15, 2001
ISSN: 0190-5295.

L32 ANSWER 48 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 29
TI Glial cell line derived neurotrophic factor delays photoreceptor degeneration in a transgenic rat model of retinitis pigmentosa.
SO MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2001 Dec) 4 (6) 622-9.
Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.

L32 ANSWER 49 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Long-term expression of the exogenous gene in EB virus transformed B
lymphocytes transduced by recombinant adeno-associated virus.
SO Zhonghua Weishengwuxue He Mianyxue Zazhi, (November, 2001) Vol. 21, No.
6, pp. 594-599. print.
ISSN: 0254-5101.

L32 ANSWER 50 OF 244 MEDLINE
TI Lack of germline transmission of vector sequences following systemic
administration of recombinant AAV-2 vector in males.
SO MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2001 Dec) 4 (6) 586-92.
Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.

L32 ANSWER 51 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
DUPLICATE 30
TI Gene therapy for hemophilia B mediated by recombinant adeno-associated
viral vector with hFIXR338A, a high catalytic activity mutation of human
coagulation factor IX.
SO Science in China Series C Life Sciences, (December, 2001) Vol.
44, No. 6,
pp. 585-592. print.
ISSN: 1006-9305.

L32 ANSWER 52 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 31

TI Gene therapy for hypertension: the preclinical data.
SO HYPERTENSION, (2001 Sep) 38 (3 Pt 2) 543-8. Ref: 46
Journal code: 7906255. ISSN: 1524-4563.

L32 ANSWER 53 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Characterization and time course of a novel adeno-associated virus (AAV)
transduction system in brain.
SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2001) Vol. 27, No. 1, pp. 534.
print.
Meeting Info.: 31st Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience
San
Diego, California, USA November 10-15, 2001
ISSN: 0190-5295.

L32 ANSWER 54 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI GAD65 transduction of the subthalamic nucleus changes the action of
excitatory projections to the substantia nigra.
SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2001) Vol. 27, No. 1, pp. 521.
print.
Meeting Info.: 31st Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience
San
Diego, California, USA November 10-15, 2001
ISSN: 0190-5295.

L32 ANSWER 55 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 32
TI Efficient ex vivo transduction of pancreatic islet cells with recombinant
adeno-associated virus vectors.
SO DIABETES, (2001 Mar) 50 (3) 515-20.
Journal code: 0372763. ISSN: 0012-1797.

L32 ANSWER 56 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI BJAB cells undergo an oncosis-like cell death after transduction with an
antisense DNA to human 6A8 alpha-mannosidase gene.
SO Zhonghua Weishengwuxue He Mianyxue Zazhi, (September, 2001) Vol. 21, No.
5, pp. 480-485. print.
ISSN: 0254-5101.

L32 ANSWER 57 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 33
TI Tissue-specific gene expression in medullary thyroid carcinoma cells
employing calcitonin regulatory elements and AAV vectors.
SO CANCER GENE THERAPY, (2001 Jul) 8 (7) 469-72.
Journal code: 9432230. ISSN: 0929-1903.

L32 ANSWER 58 OF 244 MEDLINE
TI Protection from experimental endotoxemia by a recombinant adeno-associated
virus encoding interleukin 10.
SO JOURNAL OF GENE MEDICINE, (2001 Sep-Oct) 3 (5) 450-7.
Journal code: 9815764. ISSN: 1099-498X.

L32 ANSWER 59 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 34
TI Adeno-associated virus-mediated delivery of glial cell line-derived
neurotrophic factor protects motor neuron-like cells from apoptosis.
SO JOURNAL OF NEUROVIROLOGY, (2001 Oct) 7 (5) 437-46.
Journal code: 9508123. ISSN: 1355-0284.

L32 ANSWER 60 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Recombinant adeno-associated viral vector mediated transduction of murine
liver but not skeletal muscle is heavily influenced by gender.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 425a.
<http://www.bloodjournal.org/>. print.
Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology,

Part 1 Orlando, Florida, USA December 07-11, 2001
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 61 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI New strategies for the therapy of sarcomas and other solid tumors using recombinant adeno-associated virus 2 vectors that contain a suicide gene.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 2, pp. 408b.
<http://www.bloodjournal.org/> print.
Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology,
Part 2 Orlando, Florida, USA December 07-11, 2001
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 62 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Studies on transferring variant DHFR-GFP gene into human hematopoietic cells by adeno-associated virus.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 2, pp. 404b.
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Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology,
Part 2 Orlando, Florida, USA December 07-11, 2001
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 63 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 35
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SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2001 Jan) 75 (1) 375-83.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 64 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
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pp. 365-372. print.
ISSN: 1006-9305.

L32 ANSWER 65 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 36
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SO SCANDINAVIAN JOURNAL OF IMMUNOLOGY, (2001 Sep) 54 (3) 265-72.
Journal code: 0323767. ISSN: 0300-9475.

L32 ANSWER 66 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 37
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improvements in vector design and viral production enhance potential to prolong graft survival in pancreatic islet cell transplantation for the reversal of type 1 diabetes.
SO Curr Mol Med, (2001 May) 1 (2) 245-58.
Journal code: 101093076. ISSN: 1566-5240.

L32 ANSWER 67 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
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SO Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 236a.
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Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology,
Part 1 Orlando, Florida, USA December 07-11, 2001
ISSN: 0006-4971.

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SO MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2001 Feb) 3 (2) 225-32.
Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.

L32 ANSWER 69 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 38
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SO EXPERIMENTAL CELL RESEARCH, (2001 Jul 15) 267 (2) 184-92.
Journal code: 0373226. ISSN: 0014-4827.

L32 ANSWER 70 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 39
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Journal code: 8609465. ISSN: 0885-4513.

L32 ANSWER 71 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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SO Zhongguo Puwai Jichu Yu Linchuang Zazhi (2001), 8(3), 133-134
CODEN: ZJLZFX; ISSN: 1007-9424

L32 ANSWER 72 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 40
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Journal code: 9432230. ISSN: 0929-1903.

L32 ANSWER 73 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 41
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SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGICAL METHODS, (2001 Aug) 96 (2) 97-105.
Journal code: 8005839. ISSN: 0166-0934.

L32 ANSWER 74 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 42
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SO BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL RESEARCH COMMUNICATIONS, (2001 Oct 19) 288 (1) 62-8.
Journal code: 0372516. ISSN: 0006-291X.

L32 ANSWER 75 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 43
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SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (2001 Jan 1) 12 (1) 45-50.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 76 OF 244 MEDLINE
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Ref: 62
Journal code: 100888969. ISSN: 1523-3782.

L32 ANSWER 77 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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SO PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L32 ANSWER 78 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 44
 TI Use of the NADH-quinone oxidoreductase (NDI1) gene of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* as a possible cure for complex I defects in human cells.
 SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (2000 Dec 1) 275 (48) 37774-8.
 Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

L32 ANSWER 79 OF 244 MEDLINE
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 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2000 Dec) 74 (24) 11456-63.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

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 TI Recruitment of single-stranded recombinant adeno-associated virus vector genomes and intermolecular recombination are responsible for stable transduction of liver *in vivo*.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2000 Oct) 74 (20) 9451-63.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 81 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 46
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 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2000 Apr) 74 (8) 3852-8.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 82 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 47
 TI Nonrandom transduction of recombinant adeno-associated virus vectors in mouse hepatocytes *in vivo*: cell cycling does not influence hepatocyte transduction.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2000 Apr) 74 (8) 3793-803.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 83 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 48
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 SO INVESTIGATIVE OPHTHALMOLOGY AND VISUAL SCIENCE, (2000 Oct) 41 (11) 3622-33.
 Journal code: 7703701. ISSN: 0146-0404.

L32 ANSWER 84 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 49
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 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2000 Apr) 74 (8) 3555-65.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 85 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 50
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 Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

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 SO JOURNAL OF GENERAL VIROLOGY, (2000 Dec) 81 (Pt 12) 2983-91.
 Journal code: 0077340. ISSN: 0022-1317.

L32 ANSWER 87 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 52
 TI Adeno-associated virus production of soluble tumor necrosis factor receptor neutralizes tumor necrosis factor alpha and reduces arthritis.

SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (2000 Nov 20) 11 (17) 2431-42.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

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 SO NEUROREPORT, (2000 Jul 14) 11 (10) 2277-83.
 Journal code: 9100935. ISSN: 0959-4965.

L32 ANSWER 89 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 54
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 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (2000 Oct 10) 11 (15) 2079-91.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 90 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 55
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 SO GENE THERAPY, (2000 Oct) 7 (20) 1783-9.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

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 SO BLOOD, (2000 Mar 1) 95 (5) 1594-9.
 Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 92 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 57
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 SO JOURNAL OF CLINICAL INVESTIGATION, (2000 Jun) 105 (11) 1573-87.
 Journal code: 7802877. ISSN: 0021-9738.

L32 ANSWER 93 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 58
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 SO GENE THERAPY, (2000 Aug) 7 (16) 1417-20.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 94 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 59
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 SO PHARMACEUTICAL RESEARCH, (2000 Sep) 17 (9) 1056-61.
 Journal code: 8406521. ISSN: 0724-8741.

L32 ANSWER 95 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 60
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 SO HEPATOLOGY, (2000 Nov) 32 (5) 1050-9.
 Journal code: 8302946. ISSN: 0270-9139.

L32 ANSWER 96 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 61
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 SO JOURNAL OF RHEUMATOLOGY, (2000 Apr) 27 (4) 983-9.
 Journal code: 7501984. ISSN: 0315-162X.

L32 ANSWER 97 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 62
 TI Transduction of hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) using recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV): *in vitro* and *in vivo* effects of genotoxic agents.
 SO JOURNAL OF HEPATOLOGY, (2000 Jun) 32 (6) 975-85.
 Journal code: 8503886. ISSN: 0168-8278.

L32 ANSWER 98 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 63
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function in
transgenic ALS mice after intraspinal injection of an adeno-associated
virus encoding Bcl-2.
SO HUMAN MOLECULAR GENETICS, (2000 Mar 22) 9 (5) 803-11.
Journal code: 9208958. ISSN: 0964-6906.

L32 ANSWER 99 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
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TI Therapeutic levels of human fix in rhesus macaques following liver
targeted delivery of recombinant adeno-associated virus encoding the
human
fix gene.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2000) Vol. 96, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 801a.
print.
Meeting Info.: 42nd Annual Meeting of the American Society of
Hematology
San Francisco, California, USA December 01-05, 2000 American
Society of
Hematology
. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 100 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI A proposed rAAV-liver directed clinical trial for hemophilia B.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2000) Vol. 96, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 798a-799a.
print.
Meeting Info.: 42nd Annual Meeting of the American Society of
Hematology
San Francisco, California, USA December 01-05, 2000 American
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L32 ANSWER 101 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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adeno-associated virus vectors.
SO CANCER GENE THERAPY, (2000 May) 7 (5) 766-77.
Journal code: 9432230. ISSN: 0929-1903.

L32 ANSWER 102 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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TI Adeno-associated virus vectors show variable dependence on
divalent
cations for thermostability: implications for purification and
handling.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (2000 Mar 1) 11 (4) 629-35.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 103 OF 244 MEDLINE
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adeno-associated viral serotype vectors.
SO MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2000 Dec) 2 (6) 619-23.
Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.

L32 ANSWER 104 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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TI Differential expression of a recombinant adeno-associated virus 2
vector
in human CD34+ cells and breast cancer cells.
SO CANCER GENE THERAPY, (2000 Apr) 7 (4) 597-604.
Journal code: 9432230. ISSN: 0929-1903.

L32 ANSWER 105 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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TI Increasing the size of rAAV-mediated expression cassettes in vivo
by
intermolecular joining of two complementary vectors.
SO NATURE BIOTECHNOLOGY, (2000 May) 18 (5) 527-32.
Journal code: 9604648. ISSN: 1087-0156.

L32 ANSWER 106 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
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delivery
on implantable matrices.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2000) Vol. 96, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 525a.
print.
Meeting Info.: 42nd Annual Meeting of the American Society of
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San Francisco, California, USA December 01-05, 2000 American
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Hematology
. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 107 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
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Effects on
the expression of factor IX in mice.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2000) Vol. 96, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 525a.
print.
Meeting Info.: 42nd Annual Meeting of the American Society of
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San Francisco, California, USA December 01-05, 2000 American
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Hematology
. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 108 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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TI Recombinant adeno-associated virus-mediated correction of
lysosomal
storage within the central nervous system of the adult
mucopolysaccharidosis type VII mouse.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (2000 Mar 1) 11 (4) 507-19.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 109 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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TI Site-specific integration of a transgene mediated by a hybrid
adenovirus/adeno-associated virus vector using the Cre/loxP-
expression-
switching system.
SO BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL RESEARCH
COMMUNICATIONS, (2000 Jul 5) 273 (2)
473-8.
Journal code: 0372516. ISSN: 0006-291X.

L32 ANSWER 110 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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TI Additional transduction events after subretinal readministration of
recombinant adeno-associated virus.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (2000 Feb 10) 11 (3) 449-57.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 111 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Efficient gene transfer into primary B-CLL cells using highly
purified,
helper virus-free recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV)
vectors.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2000) Vol. 96, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 433a.
print.
Meeting Info.: 42nd Annual Meeting of the American Society of
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San Francisco, California, USA December 01-05, 2000 American
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Hematology
. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 112 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002
BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
DUPLICATE 71

TI Retargeting of adeno-associated virus type 2 to haematopoietic stem cells

by genetic modification of the viral capsid.

SO Blood, (November 16, 2000) Vol. 96, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 431a. print.

Meeting Info.: 42nd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology
San Francisco, California, USA December 01-05, 2000 American Society of Hematology
. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 113 OF 244 MEDLINE

TI Selective Rep-Cap gene amplification as a mechanism for high-titer recombinant AAV production from stable cell lines.

SO MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2000 Oct) 2 (4) 394-403.

Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.

L32 ANSWER 114 OF 244 MEDLINE

TI Long-term real-time monitoring of adeno-associated virus-mediated gene expression in the rat retina.

SO CLINICAL & EXPERIMENTAL OPHTHALMOLOGY, (2000 Oct) 28 (5) 382-6.

Journal code: 100896531. ISSN: 1442-6404.

L32 ANSWER 115 OF 244 MEDLINE

TI Adeno-associated and herpes simplex viruses as vectors for gene transfer to the corneal endothelium.

SO CORNEA, (2000 May) 19 (3) 369-73.

Journal code: 8216186. ISSN: 0277-3740.

L32 ANSWER 116 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE

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TI Construction of a recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV) vector expressing murine interleukin-12 (IL-12).

SO CANCER GENE THERAPY, (2000 Feb) 7 (2) 308-15.

Journal code: 9432230. ISSN: 0929-1903.

L32 ANSWER 117 OF 244 MEDLINE

TI Efficient recombinant adeno-associated virus production by a stable rep-cap HeLa cell line correlates with adenovirus-induced amplification of the integrated rep-cap genome.

SO JOURNAL OF GENE MEDICINE, (2000 Jul-Aug) 2 (4) 260-8.

Journal code: 9815764. ISSN: 1099-498X.

L32 ANSWER 118 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002

BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Coupling of antibodies to adeno-associated virus vectors displaying immunoglobulin binding-domains allows retargeting to specific hematopoietic cells.

SO Blood, (November 16, 2000) Vol. 96, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 217a. print.

Meeting Info.: 42nd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology
San Francisco, California, USA December 01-05, 2000 American Society of

Hematology
. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 119 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002

BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Novel method for human factor VIII packaging and expression: Dimerization of rAAV vectors.

SO Blood, (November 16, 2000) Vol. 96, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 216a-217a. print.

Meeting Info.: 42nd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology
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. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 120 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE

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TI Efficient gene transfer into human cord blood CD34+ cells and the CD34+CD38- subset using highly purified recombinant adeno-associated viral

vector preparations that are free of helper virus and wild-type AAV.

SO GENE THERAPY, (2000 Feb) 7 (3) 183-95.

Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 121 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE

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TI Adeno-associated virus vector transduction of vascular smooth muscle cells

in vivo.

SO PHYSIOLOGICAL GENOMICS, (2000 Apr 27) 2 (3) 117-27.

Journal code: 100894125. ISSN: 1094-8341.

L32 ANSWER 122 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE

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TI Loss of ATM function enhances recombinant adeno-associated virus transduction and integration through pathways similar to UV irradiation.

SO VIROLOGY, (2000 Mar 1) 268 (1) 68-78.

Journal code: 0110674. ISSN: 0042-6822.

L32 ANSWER 123 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE

76

TI AAV vectors: is clinical success on the horizon?

SO GENE THERAPY, (2000 Jan) 7 (1) 24-30. Ref: 48

Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 124 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE

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TI A method for the preparation of highly purified adeno-associated virus using affinity column chromatography, protease digestion and solvent extraction.

SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGICAL METHODS, (2000 Mar) 85 (1-2) 23-34.

Journal code: 8005839. ISSN: 0166-0934.

L32 ANSWER 125 OF 244 MEDLINE

TI Size does matter: overcoming the adeno-associated virus packaging limit.

SO Respir Res, (2000) 1 (1) 16-8. Ref: 17

Journal code: 101090633. ISSN: 1465-9921.

L32 ANSWER 126 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Construction of a series of adeno-associated virus vectors and their

expression of .beta.-galactosidase gene

SO Bingdu Xuebao (2000), 16(1), 1-6

CODEN: BIXUEA; ISSN: 1000-8721

L32 ANSWER 127 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002

BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Direct gene transfer of CREB promotes survival of nigrostriatal neurons in

a rat model of Parkinson disease.

SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2000) Vol. 26, No. 1-2, pp. Abstract

No.-700.5. print.

Meeting Info.: 30th Annual Meeting of the Society of Neuroscience New Orleans, LA, USA November 04-09, 2000 Society for Neuroscience

. ISSN: 0190-5295.

L32 ANSWER 128 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002

BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Central leptin therapy reveals differential dose-dependent effects on body weight gain, energy intake and expenditure, and POMC gene

expression.
 SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2000) Vol. 26, No. 1-2, pp. Abstract
 No.-102.6. print.
 Meeting Info.: 30th Annual Meeting of the Society of Neuroscience New Orleans, LA, USA November 04-09, 2000 Society for Neuroscience . ISSN: 0190-5295.

L32 ANSWER 129 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Reduction of NMDA receptor function both in vitro and in vivo using recombinant adeno-associated virus containing an NMDAR1 antisense fragment.
 SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2000) Vol. 26, No. 1-2, pp. Abstract
 No.-617.16. print.
 Meeting Info.: 30th Annual Meeting of the Society of Neuroscience New Orleans, LA, USA November 04-09, 2000 Society for Neuroscience . ISSN: 0190-5295.

L32 ANSWER 130 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Amelioration of chronic neuropathic pain by adeno-associated viral (AAV) vector-mediated overexpression of BDNF in the rat spinal cord.
 SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2000) Vol. 26, No. 1-2, pp. Abstract
 No.-633.11. print.
 Meeting Info.: 30th Annual Meeting of the Society of Neuroscience New Orleans, LA, USA November 04-09, 2000 Society for Neuroscience . ISSN: 0190-5295.

L32 ANSWER 131 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 78
 TI Dynamin is required for recombinant adeno-associated virus type 2 infection.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1999 Dec) 73 (12) 10371-6.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 132 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 79
 TI Overexpression of cyclin A inhibits augmentation of recombinant adeno-associated virus transduction by the adenovirus E4orf6 protein.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1999 Dec) 73 (12) 10010-9.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 133 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 80
 TI Concatamerization of adeno-associated virus circular genomes occurs through intermolecular recombination.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1999 Nov) 73 (11) 9468-77.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 134 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 81
 TI Integrating adenovirus-adeno-associated virus hybrid vectors devoid of all viral genes.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1999 Nov) 73 (11) 9314-24.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 135 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 82
 TI High-titer recombinant adeno-associated virus production from replicating amplicons and herpes vectors deleted for glycoprotein H.
 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Oct 10) 10 (15) 2527-37.

Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.
 L32 ANSWER 136 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 83
 TI Gene transfer to the nigrostriatal system by hybrid herpes simplex virus/adeno-associated virus amplicon vectors.
 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Oct 10) 10 (15) 2481-94.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 137 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 84
 TI Enhanced expression of transgenes from adeno-associated virus vectors with the woodchuck hepatitis virus posttranscriptional regulatory element: implications for gene therapy.
 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Sep 20) 10 (14) 2295-305.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 138 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 85
 TI Structure of adeno-associated virus vector DNA following transduction of the skeletal muscle.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1999 Mar) 73 (3) 1949-55.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 139 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 86
 TI Transduction of renal cells in vitro and in vivo by adeno-associated virus gene therapy vectors.
 SO JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF NEPHROLOGY, (1999 Sep) 10 (9) 1908-15.
 Journal code: 9013836. ISSN: 1046-6673.

L32 ANSWER 140 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 87
 TI Purification of recombinant adeno-associated virus by iodixanol gradient ultracentrifugation allows rapid and reproducible preparation of vector stocks for gene transfer in the nervous system.
 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Jul 20) 10 (11) 1885-91.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 141 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 88
 TI Adenoviral gene therapy with catalase suppresses experimental optic neuritis.
 SO ARCHIVES OF OPHTHALMOLOGY, (1999 Nov) 117 (11) 1533-9.
 Journal code: 7706534. ISSN: 0003-9950.

L32 ANSWER 142 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 89
 TI Cellular redox state alters recombinant adeno-associated virus transduction through tyrosine phosphatase pathways.
 SO GENE THERAPY, (1999 Aug) 6 (8) 1427-37.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 143 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 90
 TI Titration of AAV-2 particles via a novel capsid ELISA: packaging of genomes can limit production of recombinant AAV-2.
 SO GENE THERAPY, (1999 Jul) 6 (7) 1322-30.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 144 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 91
 TI Cloning and characterization of adeno-associated virus type 5.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1999 Feb) 73 (2) 1309-19.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 145 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
 92
 TI Recombinant AAV-2 harboring gfp-antisense/ribozyme fusion sequences
 monitor transduction, gene expression, and show anti-HIV-1 efficacy.
 SO GENE THERAPY, (1999 Jul) 6 (7) 1231-8.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 146 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 TI Cellular contaminants of adeno-associated virus vector stocks can enhance transduction.
 SO GENE THERAPY, (1999 Jun) 6 (6) 1045-53.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 147 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO GENE THERAPY, (1999 Jun) 6 (6) 986-93.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 148 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO GENE THERAPY, (1999 Jun) 6 (6) 973-85.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 149 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO CANCER RESEARCH, (1999 Feb 15) 59 (4) 940-6.
 Journal code: 2984705R. ISSN: 0008-5472.

L32 ANSWER 150 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 Journal code: 7605074. ISSN: 0306-4522.

L32 ANSWER 151 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Mar 1) 10 (4) 641-8.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 152 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
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 SO Science in China Series C Life Sciences, (Dec., 1999) Vol. 42, No. 6, pp. 628-634. print.
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L32 ANSWER 153 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Mar 1) 10 (4) 591-602.
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L32 ANSWER 154 OF 244 MEDLINE
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L32 ANSWER 156 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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L32 ANSWER 157 OF 244 MEDLINE
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 Journal code: 9312476. ISSN: 1061-186X.

L32 ANSWER 158 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO INTERVIROLOGY, (1999) 42 (4) 213-20.
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 TI Adeno-associated virus-mediated gene transfer to the brain: duration and modulation of expression.
 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Jan 20) 10 (2) 201-13.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 160 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO NEUROSCIENCE, (1999) 92 (1) 185-96.
 Journal code: 7605074. ISSN: 0306-4522.

L32 ANSWER 161 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO GENE THERAPY, (1999 Feb) 6 (2) 182-9.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 162 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1999 Jan) 73 (1) 161-9.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 163 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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Journal code: 7600111. ISSN: 0360-4012.

L32 ANSWER 164 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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Journal code: 0045503. ISSN: 0006-8993.

L32 ANSWER 165 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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SO Cold Spring Harbor Monograph Series (1999), 36(Development of Human Gene Therapy), 131-172
CODEN: CHMSDK; ISSN: 0270-1847

L32 ANSWER 166 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO CLINICAL IMMUNOLOGY, (1999 Jul) 92 (1) 67-75.
Journal code: 100883537. ISSN: 1521-6616.

L32 ANSWER 167 OF 244 MEDLINE
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SO JOURNAL OF GENE MEDICINE, (1999 Jan-Feb) 1 (1) 31-42.
Journal code: 9815764. ISSN: 1099-498X.

L32 ANSWER 168 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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SO U.S., 12 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,604,090.
CODEN: USXXAM

L32 ANSWER 169 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

L32 ANSWER 170 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1998 Nov) 72 (11) 8904-12.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 171 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO CANCER RESEARCH, (1998 Dec 15) 58 (24) 5673-7.
Journal code: 2984705R. ISSN: 0008-5472.

L32 ANSWER 172 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1998 Jun) 72 (6) 5224-30.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 173 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1998 Jun) 72 (6) 4811-8.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 174 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO BLOOD, (1998 Jun 15) 91 (12) 4600-7.
Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 175 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO JOURNAL OF NEUROSCIENCE, (1998 Jun 1) 18 (11) 4271-84.
Journal code: 8102140. ISSN: 0270-6474.

L32 ANSWER 176 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 177 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Dec 10) 9 (18) 2761-76.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 178 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Dec 10) 9 (18) 2745-60.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 179 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Dec 10) 9 (18) 2727-34.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 180 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1998 Mar) 72 (3) 2224-32.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 181 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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adenoassociated virus vectors for gene therapy.
 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Sep 1) 9 (13) 1929-37.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 182 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 May 1) 9 (7) 1049-59.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 183 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Mar 20) 9 (5) 695-706.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 184 OF 244 MEDLINE
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 Journal code: 9509932. ISSN: 1079-9796.

L32 ANSWER 185 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 Journal code: 7909513. ISSN: 0192-9763.

L32 ANSWER 186 OF 244 MEDLINE
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 Journal code: 9442916. ISSN: 1351-8216.

L32 ANSWER 187 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 Journal code: 8509412. ISSN: 0910-5050.

L32 ANSWER 188 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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 CODEN: ZSLZFS; ISSN: 1003-9279

L32 ANSWER 189 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO EXPERIMENTAL NEUROLOGY, (1998 Apr) 150 (2) 183-94.
 Journal code: 0370712. ISSN: 0014-4886.

L32 ANSWER 190 OF 244 MEDLINE
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 SO ANNALS OF THE NEW YORK ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, (1998 Jun 30) 850 163-77.
 Journal code: 7506858. ISSN: 0077-8923.

L32 ANSWER 191 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Jan 1) 9 (1) 81-6.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 192 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, (1997 Dec 9) 94 (25) 13891-6.
 Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

L32 ANSWER 193 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, (1997 Sep 30) 94 (20) 10879-84.
 Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

L32 ANSWER 194 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 TI Recombinant adeno-associated virus type 2 replication and packaging is entirely supported by a herpes simplex virus type 1 amplicon expressing Rep and Cap.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1997 Nov) 71 (11) 8780-9.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 195 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1997 Nov) 71 (11) 8262-7.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 196 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1997 Oct) 71 (10) 7361-71.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 197 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1997 Aug) 71 (8) 5932-41.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 198 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 TI Reactivation of silenced, virally transduced genes by inhibitors of histone deacetylase.
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 Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

L32 ANSWER 199 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1997 Jul) 71 (7) 5236-43.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 200 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO INVESTIGATIVE OPHTHALMOLOGY AND VISUAL SCIENCE, (1997 Dec) 38 (13) 2857-63.
Journal code: 7703701. ISSN: 0146-0404.

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L32 ANSWER 201 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1997 Mar) 71 (3) 1897-905.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 202 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1997 Nov 1) 8 (16) 1891-900.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 203 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1997 Mar) 71 (3) 1776-83.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 204 OF 244 MEDLINE
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SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1997 Jun 10) 8 (9) 1125-35.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 205 OF 244 MEDLINE
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SO CURRENT EYE RESEARCH, (1997 Sep) 16 (9) 949-56.
Journal code: 8104312. ISSN: 0271-3683.

L32 ANSWER 206 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO GENE THERAPY, (1997 Jul) 4 (7) 726-35.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 207 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO GENE THERAPY, (1997 Jul) 4 (7) 675-82.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 208 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO CIRCULATION RESEARCH, (1997 Apr) 80 (4) 497-505.
Journal code: 0047103. ISSN: 0009-7330.

L32 ANSWER 209 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO NATURE MEDICINE, (1997 Mar) 3 (3) 306-12.
Journal code: 9502015. ISSN: 1078-8956.

L32 ANSWER 210 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGICAL METHODS, (1997 Jan) 63 (1-2) 129-36.
Journal code: 8005839. ISSN: 0166-0934.

L32 ANSWER 211 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO EXPERIMENTAL NEUROLOGY, (1997 Mar) 144 (1) 113-24.
Ref: 81
Journal code: 0370712. ISSN: 0014-4886.

L32 ANSWER 212 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO JOURNAL OF INVESTIGATIVE MEDICINE, (1997 Feb) 45 (2) 87-98.
Journal code: 9501229. ISSN: 1081-5589.

L32 ANSWER 213 OF 244 MEDLINE
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SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1997 Jan 1) 8 (1) 87-98.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 214 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO FEBS LETTERS, (1997 Apr 21) 407 (1) 78-84.
Journal code: 0155157. ISSN: 0014-5793.

L32 ANSWER 215 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO JOURNAL OF REPRODUCTIVE IMMUNOLOGY, (1997 Dec 15) 37 (1) 25-34. Ref: 26
Journal code: 8001906. ISSN: 0165-0378.

L32 ANSWER 216 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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SO GENE THERAPY, (1997 Jan) 4 (1) 16-24.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 217 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Recombinant adeno-associated virus, method for enhancing transduction of target cells with these viruses and pharmaceutical compositions containing the viruses
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 131 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

L32 ANSWER 218 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 151
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 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1996 Oct) 70 (10) 6759-66.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 219 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 152
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 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1996 May) 70 (5) 3227-34.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 220 OF 244 MEDLINE
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 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1996 Nov 10) 7 (17) 2101-12.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 221 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 153
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 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1996 Mar) 70 (3) 1845-54.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 222 OF 244 MEDLINE
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 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1996 Aug 20) 7 (13) 1515-25.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 223 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 154
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 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1996 Jan) 70 (1) 520-32.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L32 ANSWER 224 OF 244 MEDLINE
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 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1996 Mar 1) 7 (4) 463-70.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 225 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 155
 TI Comparison of promoter strengths on gene delivery into mammalian brain cells using AAV vectors.
 SO GENE THERAPY, (1996 May) 3 (5) 437-47.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 226 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 156
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SO JOURNAL OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES, (1996 Mar) 85 (3) 274-81.
 Journal code: 2985195R. ISSN: 0022-3549.

L32 ANSWER 227 OF 244 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
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 SO Blood, (1996) Vol. 88, No. 10 SUPPL. 1 PART 1-2, pp. 134A.
 Meeting Info.: Thirty-eighth Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology Orlando, Florida, USA December 6-10, 1996
 ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 228 OF 244 MEDLINE
 TI Recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV) vectors for somatic gene therapy: recent advances and potential clinical applications.
 SO CYTOKINES AND MOLECULAR THERAPY, (1996 Jun) 2 (2) 69-79. Ref: 83
 Journal code: 9509183. ISSN: 1355-6568.

L32 ANSWER 229 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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 SO PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

L32 ANSWER 230 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 157
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 SO JOURNAL OF CLINICAL INVESTIGATION, (1995 Sep) 96 (3) 1535-47.
 Journal code: 7802877. ISSN: 0021-9738.

L32 ANSWER 231 OF 244 MEDLINE
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 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1995 Dec) 6 (12) 1531-41.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L32 ANSWER 232 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 158
 TI Adeno-associated virus 2-mediated gene transfer and functional expression of the human granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor.
 SO EXPERIMENTAL HEMATOLOGY, (1995 Nov) 23 (12) 1261-7.
 Journal code: 0402313. ISSN: 0301-472X.

L32 ANSWER 233 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 TI Single-copy transduction and expression of human .gamma.-globin in K562 erythroleukemia cells using recombinant adeno-associated virus-vectors; the effect of mutations in NF-E2 and GATA-1 binding motifs within the hypersensitivity site 2 enhancer [Erratum to document cited in CA119:267278]
 SO Blood (1995), 85(3), 862
 CODEN: BLOOAW; ISSN: 0006-4971

L32 ANSWER 234 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 159
 TI Generation of recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV) from an adenoviral vector and functional reconstitution of the NADPH-oxidase.
 SO GENE THERAPY, (1995 Sep) 2 (7) 481-5.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 235 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE

160
 TI Increased titer of recombinant AAV vectors by gene transfer with adenovirus coupled to DNA-polylysine complexes.
 SO GENE THERAPY, (1995 Aug) 2 (6) 429-32.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 236 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 SO GENE THERAPY, (1995 Jan) 2 (1) 29-37.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L32 ANSWER 237 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
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 TI Recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV)-mediated expression of a human gamma-globin gene in human progenitor-derived erythroid cells.
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 Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

L32 ANSWER 238 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
 163
 TI Adeno-associated virus 2-mediated high efficiency gene transfer into immature and mature subsets of hematopoietic progenitor cells in human umbilical cord blood.
 SO JOURNAL OF EXPERIMENTAL MEDICINE, (1994 Jun 1) 179 (6) 1867-75.
 Journal code: 2985109R. ISSN: 0022-1007.

L32 ANSWER 239 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
 164
 TI Suppression of human alpha-globin gene expression mediated by the recombinant adeno-associated virus 2-based antisense vectors.
 SO JOURNAL OF EXPERIMENTAL MEDICINE, (1994 Feb 1) 179 (2) 733-8.
 Journal code: 2985109R. ISSN: 0022-1007.

L32 ANSWER 240 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
 165
 TI Parvovirus-based vectors for human gene therapy.
 SO BLOOD CELLS, (1994) 20 (2-3) 531-6; discussion 536-8. Ref: 20
 Journal code: 7513567. ISSN: 0340-4684.

L32 ANSWER 241 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
 166
 TI Single-copy transduction and expression of human gamma-globin in K562 erythroleukemia cells using recombinant adeno-associated virus vectors: the effect of mutations in NF-E2 and GATA-1 binding motifs within the hypersensitivity site 2 enhancer
 SO BLOOD, (1993 Sep 15) 82 (6) 1900-6.
 Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L32 ANSWER 242 OF 244 MEDLINE
 TI Adeno-associated virus 2-mediated gene transfer in murine hematopoietic progenitor cells.
 SO EXPERIMENTAL HEMATOLOGY, (1993 Jul) 21 (7) 928-33.
 Journal code: 0402313. ISSN: 0301-472X.

L32 ANSWER 243 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
 167
 TI Parvovirus B19-induced perturbation of human megakaryocytopoiesis in vitro.
 SO BLOOD, (1990 Nov 15) 76 (10) 1997-2004.

Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.
 L32 ANSWER 244 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
 168
 TI A human parvovirus, adeno-associated virus, as a eucaryotic vector: transient expression and encapsidation of the procaryotic gene for chloramphenicol acetyltransferase.
 SO MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY, (1984 Oct) 4 (10) 2072-81.
 Journal code: 8109087. ISSN: 0270-7306.

=> d ibib ab
 43,68,76,92,93,95,97,142,146,153,165,168,169,183,217,223,228,229

L32 ANSWER 43 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 28
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001451080 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 21387900 PubMed ID: 11496950
 TITLE: Protamine sulfate enhances the transduction efficiency of recombinant adeno-associated virus-mediated gene delivery.
 AUTHOR: Yang Y W; Hsieh Y C
 CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Pharmacy, College of Medicine, National Taiwan University, Taipei.. ywyang@ha.mc.ntu.edu.tw
 SOURCE: PHARMACEUTICAL RESEARCH, (2001 Jul) 18 (7) 922-7.
 Journal code: 8406521. ISSN: 0724-8741.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 200201
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010813
 Last Updated on STN: 20020125
 Entered Medline: 20020103
 AB PURPOSE: The purpose of this study was to evaluate glucose responsiveness in HepG2 human hepatoma cells transduced by a recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV) vector containing the insulin gene promoter, and to investigate the effect of protamine sulfate on rAAV-mediated gene delivery. METHODS: Recombinant AAV vector, AAV.Ins.Luc.delta EGFP, was employed to transduce HepG2 hepatoma cells. Virus infection was carried out either in the absence or presence of protamine sulfate, followed by fluorescence microscopic examination, luciferase assay, and flow cytometric analysis. Electrokinetic measurements were carried out to determine the effect of protamine sulfate on zeta potential of the cells and the virus. RESULTS: Glucose-responsive luciferase gene expression was obtained in rAAV-transduced HepG2 cells. Addition of 5 microg/ml protamine reversed the zeta potential of the cells and the virus particles, leading to enhanced transgene expression in rAAV-transduced HepG2 cells. Enhancement of protamine sulfate on rAAV-mediated gene transfer was dose-dependent. Addition of more than 5 microg/ml protamine resulted in a reduction of infectability of the virus. CONCLUSIONS: Glucose responsiveness in the millimolar concentration range can be obtained in rAAV-transduced HepG2 cells. Protamine sulfate, up to 5 microg/ml, enhanced the rAAV transduction efficiency in HepG2 cells. The enhancement was correlated with zeta potential of the cells and the virus.

L32 ANSWER 68 OF 244 MEDLINE
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001302405 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 21138550 PubMed ID: 11237679
 TITLE: Combined injection of rAAV with mannitol enhances

gene expression in the rat brain.

AUTHOR: Mastakov M Y; Baer K; Xu R; Fitzsimons H; During M J

CORPORATE SOURCE: Functional Genomics and Translational Neuroscience

Laboratory, Division of Molecular Medicine, Faculty of Medical and Health Sciences, University of Auckland, Auckland, New Zealand.

CONTRACT NUMBER: RO1 NS39144 (NINDS)

SOURCE: MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2001 Feb) 3 (2) 225-32.

Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200105

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010604

Last Updated on STN: 20010604

Entered Medline: 20010531

AB Recombinant adeno-associated viruses (rAAV) are highly efficient vectors for gene transfer into the central nervous system (CNS). However, a major hurdle for gene delivery to the mammalian brain is to achieve high-level transduction in target cells beyond the immediate injection site. Therefore, in addition to improvements in expression cassettes and viral titers, optimal injection parameters need to be defined. Here, we show that previous studies of somatic cell gene transfer to the mammalian brain have used suboptimal injection parameters, with even the lowest reported perfusion rates still excessively fast. Moreover, we evaluated the effect of local administration of mannitol to further enhance transgene expression and vector spread. Ultraslow microperfusion of rAAV, i.e., <33 nl/min, resulted in significantly higher gene expression and less injury of surrounding tissue than the previously reported rates of 100 nl/min or faster. Co-infusion of mannitol facilitated gene transfer to neurons, increasing both the total number and the distribution of transduced cells by 200-300%. Gene transfer studies in the CNS using rAAV should use very slow infusion rates and combined injection with mannitol to maximize transduction efficiency and spread.

L32 ANSWER 76 OF 244 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001321400 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 21066306 PubMed ID: 11139798

TITLE: Gene therapy: recombinant adeno-associated virus vectors.

AUTHOR: Smith-Arica J R; Bartlett J S

CORPORATE SOURCE: Children's Research Institute, W531, 700 Children's Drive, Columbus, OH, 43205-2696, USA..

SmithJ@pediatrics.ohio-state.edu

SOURCE: CURRENT CARDIOLOGY REPORTS, (2001 Jan) 3 (1) 43-9. Ref: 62

Journal code: 100888969. ISSN: 1523-3782.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

General Review; (REVIEW)

(REVIEW, TUTORIAL)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200106

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010611

Last Updated on STN: 20010611

Entered Medline: 20010607

AB Gene transfer using recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV) vectors shows great promise for human gene therapy. The broad host range, low level of immune response, and longevity of gene expression observed with

these vectors in numerous disease paradigms has enabled the initiation of a number of clinical trials using this gene delivery system. This review presents an overview of the current developments in the field of AAV-mediated gene delivery. Such developments include the establishment of new production methods allowing the generation of high titer preparations, improved purification methods, the use of alternative AAV serotypes, and the generation of trans-splicing rAAV genomes. Together, these developments have improved results interpretation, host range, and the coding capacity of rAAV vectors. Furthermore, the recent identification of regions within the viral capsid that are amenable to modification has begun to address the issue of direct rAAV vector targeting, which could potentially allow targeted gene delivery to specific cell populations. The versatility shown by this vector has enabled new diseases to be realistically considered for therapeutic intervention and considerably broadened the scope of gene therapy.

L32 ANSWER 92 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 57

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000404826 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 20300766 PubMed ID: 10841516

TITLE: Endosomal processing limits gene transfer to polarized airway epithelia by adeno-associated virus.

AUTHOR: Duan D; Yue Y; Yan Z; Yang J; Engelhardt J F

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Anatomy and Cell Biology, Center for Gene Therapy, College of Medicine, University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: DK54759 (NIDDK)

RO1 HL58340 (NHLBI)

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF CLINICAL INVESTIGATION, (2000 Jun) 105 (11) 1573-87.

Journal code: 7802877. ISSN: 0021-9738.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200008

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20000901

Last Updated on STN: 20000901

Entered Medline: 20000824

AB The restriction of viral receptors and coreceptors to the basolateral surface of airway epithelial cells has been blamed for the inefficient transfer of viral vectors to the apical surface of this tissue. We now report, however, that differentiated human airway epithelia internalize rAAV type-2 virus efficiently from their apical surfaces, despite the absence of known adeno-associated virus-2 (AAV-2) receptors or coreceptors at these sites. The dramatically lower transduction efficiency of rAAV infection from the apical surface of airway cells appears to result instead from differences in endosomal processing and nuclear trafficking of apically or basolaterally internalized virions. AAV capsid proteins are ubiquitinated after endocytosis, and gene transfer can be significantly enhanced by proteasome or ubiquitin ligase inhibitors. Tripeptide proteasome inhibitors increased persistent rAAV gene delivery from the apical surface >200-fold, to a level nearly equivalent to that achieved with basolateral infection. In vivo application of proteasome inhibitor in mouse lung augmented rAAV gene transfer from undetectable levels to a mean of 10.4 +/- 1.6% of the epithelial cells in large bronchioles. Proteasome inhibitors also increased rAAV-2-mediated gene transfer to the liver tenfold, but they did not affect transduction of skeletal or cardiac muscle. These findings suggest that tissue-specific

ubiquitination

of viral capsid proteins interferes with rAAV-2 transduction and provides new approaches to circumvent this barrier for gene therapy of diseases such as cystic fibrosis.

L32 ANSWER 93 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 58
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000455715 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 20434548 PubMed ID: 10981669

TITLE: Hyaluronidase enhances recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV)-mediated gene transfer in the rat skeletal muscle.

AUTHOR: Favre D; Cherel Y; Provost N; Blouin V; Ferry N; Moullier P; Salvetti A

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Therapie Genique, CHU Hotel-Dieu, Nantes, France.

SOURCE: GENE THERAPY, (2000 Aug) 7 (16) 1417-20. Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200009

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20001005

Last Updated on STN: 20001005

Entered Medline: 20000926

AB Skeletal muscle is a privileged target for long-term rAAV-mediated gene transfer in mouse, rat, dog and non-human primates. Intramuscular injections of rAAV encoding human factor IX in hemophilia B patients have been initiated, based on

promising results gathered in affected dogs. We found that intramuscular

rAAV administration in rats resulted in restricted transduction essentially along the myofibers axis with poor lateral diffusion. This suggested that the transduction rate might be limited by the ability of the virus to reach sites distant from the injection point. We tested whether hyaluronidase, an enzyme which

dissociates the extracellular matrix, could enhance vector diffusion when injected in the rat muscle before administration of rAAV encoding either nuclear-localized beta-galactosidase (rAAVCMVnlsLacZ) or the human alpha-1-antitrypsin (rAAVCMVhAAT) under the control of the cytomegalovirus immediate-early promoter (CMV).

The results showed that pretreatment of the rat anterior tibialis muscle with

hyaluronidase resulted in: (1) a larger diffusion of the virus indicated by an increase in the area containing LacZ-transduced fibers, and (2) a two- to three-fold increase of transduction efficiency measured by the number of LacZ-positive fibers or by the hAAT

serum concentration. We also provide evidence that hyaluronidase was well

tolerated and was not associated with short- or long-term toxicity evaluated by morphological studies. Finally, in our experimental conditions, hyaluronidase did not promote rAAV dissemination to other organs as assessed by PCR to detect vector sequences. We conclude

that pretreatment of skeletal muscle by hyaluronidase, a clinically available reagent, was harmless and resulted in a consistent and significant increase in rAAV diffusion and transduction levels.

L32 ANSWER 95 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 60
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001029230 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 20504261 PubMed ID: 11050056

TITLE: Chronic ethanol increases adeno-associated viral transgene

expression in rat liver via oxidant and NFkappaB-dependent mechanisms.

AUTHOR: Wheeler M D; Kono H; Rusyn I; Artel G E; McCarty D;

Samulski R J; Thurman R G

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Hepatobiology and Toxicology, University of

North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Chapel Hill, NC, USA.. wheelmi@med.unc.edu

SOURCE: HEPATOLOGY, (2000 Nov) 32 (5) 1050-9. Journal code: 8302946. ISSN: 0270-9139.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200011

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010322

Last Updated on STN: 20010322

Entered Medline: 20001121

AB Recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV) transduction is limited in vivo, yet can be

enhanced by hydroxyurea, ultraviolet-irradiation, or adenovirus coinfection, possibly via mechanisms involving stress in the host cell. Because chronic ethanol induces oxidative stress, it was hypothesized that

chronic ethanol would increase rAAV transduction in vivo. To test this hypothesis, rAAV encoding beta-galactosidase was given to Wistar rats that later received either ethanol diet or high-fat control diet via an enteral-feeding protocol for 3 weeks. Expression and activity of beta-galactosidase in the

liver were increased nearly 5-fold by ethanol. The increase in transgene expression was inhibited by antioxidant diphenylene iodonium (DPI), which is consistent with the hypothesis that ethanol causes an increase in rAAV transduction via oxidative stress. Ethanol increased DNA synthesis only slightly; however, it increased the nuclear transcription factor kappaB (NFkappaB) 4-fold, a phenomenon also sensitive

to DPI. Moreover, a 6-fold increase in rAAV transgene expression was observed in an acute ischemia-reperfusion model of oxidative stress. Transgene expression was transiently increased 24 hours after ischemia-reperfusion 3 days and 3 weeks after rAAV infection. Further, adenoviral expression of superoxide dismutase or IkappaBalpha superrepressor inhibited rAAV transgene expression caused by ischemia-reperfusion. Therefore, it is concluded that ethanol increases rAAV transgene expression via mechanisms dependent on oxidative stress, and NFkappaB

likely through enhancement of cytomegaloviral (CMV) promoter elements. Alcoholic liver disease is an attractive target for gene therapy

because consumption of ethanol could theoretically increase expression of therapeutic genes (e.g., superoxide dismutase).

Moreover, this study has important implications for rAAV gene therapy and potential enhancement and regulation of transgene expression in liver.

L32 ANSWER 97 OF 244 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 62

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001023788 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 20354683 PubMed ID: 1098318

TITLE: Transduction of hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) using recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV): in vitro and in vivo effects of genotoxic agents.

COMMENT: Comment in: J Hepatol. 2000 Jun;32(6):1031-4

AUTHOR: Peng D; Qian C; Sun Y; Barajas M A; Prieto J

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Internal Medicine, Clinica Universitaria and Medical School, University of Navarra, Pamplona, Spain.

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF HEPATOLOGY, (2000 Jun) 32 (6) 975-85.

Journal code: 8503886. ISSN: 0168-8278.

PUB. COUNTRY: Denmark Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 200011
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010322
Last Updated on STN: 20010702
Entered Medline: 20001116

AB BACKGROUND/AIMS: Adeno-associated virus (AAV) is an attractive tool for gene therapy. Here we investigated the in vitro and in vivo transduction of hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) cells by an AAV vector and the efficacy of different strategies to enhance the transduction of the tumor. METHODS: Transduction efficiency was determined by analyzing AAV-mediated beta-galactosidase gene (rAAV/lacZ) expression. RESULTS: Adenovirus help or pretreatment of HCC cells with γ -irradiation or with the topoisomerase inhibitor etoposide resulted in marked enhancement of cell transduction in vitro. In vivo studies in nude mice with subcutaneous HCC tumors showed that HCC cells were not transduced by AAV vector alone. However, co-infection of the tumor with adenovirus allowed an efficient expression of the reporter gene but only at the sites of vector injection. Previous gamma-irradiation of subcutaneous tumors with 1800 rad was able to improve transduction of HCC cells (up to 30%) using recombinant AAV. Continuous i.p. infusion of etoposide in buffalo rats harboring HCC tumors in the liver resulted in transduction of normal liver tissue and also of very small neoplastic lesions (<2 mm) but no transduction was observed in tumors bigger than 2 mm. To analyze this phenomenon we determined etoposide concentration in hepatic tissue. Our results revealed high concentrations of the drug in non-tumoral tissue but almost undetectable levels in big tumor nodules. CONCLUSIONS: Our results indicate that while both radiotherapy and etoposide enhance transduction of tumor cells by rAAV in vitro, only radiotherapy increases tumor transduction in vivo. Our data suggest the existence of a barrier which limits in vivo the diffusion of chemotherapeutic agents to well-established HCC nodules.

L32 ANSWER 142 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
93
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999398756 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99398756 PubMed ID: 10467367
TITLE: Cellular redox state alters recombinant adeno-associated virus transduction through tyrosine phosphatase pathways.
AUTHOR: Sanlioglu S; Engelhardt J F
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Anatomy and Cell Biology and Department of Internal Medicine at the University of Iowa College of Medicine, Iowa City, Iowa 52242, USA.
CONTRACT NUMBER: DK54759 (NIDDK)
R01 DK/HL58340 (NIDDK)
SOURCE: GENE THERAPY, (1999 Aug) 6 (8) 1427-37.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.
PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom
Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 200003
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20000320
Last Updated on STN: 20000320
Entered Medline: 20000308
AB Several types of environmental damage including UV, hydroxyurea and ionizing irradiation have been shown to augment rAAV transduction. Current hypotheses suggest that these environmental stimuli lead to the enhanced production and/or activation of cellular factors important in the conversion of single-stranded DNA

genomes to expressible forms. However, the mechanisms of action are currently unknown. We hypothesized that reactive oxygen intermediates (ROI) may play a common role in the augmentation of rAAV transduction by these environmental stimuli. Our results demonstrate that treatment with hydrogen peroxide can give equivalent or greater levels of augmentation in rAAV transduction as that seen by hydroxyurea or UV irradiation. For all environmental stimuli, pretreatment with the hydroxyl radical (H₂O₂) small middle dot scavenger, N-acetyl-L-cysteine (NAC), completely blocked augmentation of rAAV transduction. Furthermore, using electron spin resonance spectroscopy (ESR), we demonstrated that both UV and H₂O₂ treatment of cell lines lead to the induction of H₂O₂ small middle dot radicals. Our results demonstrating that NaOV inhibits the augmentation of rAAV transduction following UV and H₂O₂ treatment, implicate H₂O₂ small middle dot radicals as modulators of tyrosine phosphatase pathways involved in rAAV transduction. Alterations in the cellular redox state and subsequent activation of tyrosine phosphatase pathways appear to alter the phosphorylation status of the previously identified single-stranded sequence binding protein (ssD-BP), with reduced phosphorylation correlating with an enhancement in rAAV transduction. In summary, we conclude that the cellular redox state may play an important role in regulating rAAV transduction.

L32 ANSWER 146 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
93
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999387165 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99387165 PubMed ID: 10455407
TITLE: Cellular contaminants of adeno-associated virus vector stocks can enhance transduction.
AUTHOR: Tenenbaum L; Hamdane M; Pouzet M; Avalosse B; Stathopoulos A; Jurysta F; Rosenbaum C; Hanemann C O; Levivier M; Velu T
CORPORATE SOURCE: IRIBHN, Campus Erasme, Universite Libre de Bruxelles, Germany.
SOURCE: GENE THERAPY, (1999 Jun) 6 (6) 1045-53.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.
PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom
Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 200002
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20000309
Last Updated on STN: 20000915
Entered Medline: 20000224
AB Transduction efficiency of different types of recombinant (r)AAV-2 based vectors preparations markedly differed, with apparently no correlation with the replicative titers. Using HeLa cells as target for transduction, 105 and 30 infectious units were necessary to observe one transductant using respectively cesium-chloride-purified rAAV and crude lysates of producer cells obtained by sonication. The purified vectors were however able to transduce HEK-193 cells efficiently, but transgene expression was detected with some delay compared with crude lysates. The unexpected high transduction efficiency of sonicated crude lysates was due to virally mediated gene transfer, since similar sonicated crude lysates, but with no AAV rep and cap genes, did not lead to detection of transgene products after incubation with HeLa cells. Furthermore, sonicated cellular extracts of 293 or 293/T cells given in

trans stimulate transduction of HeLa cells by purified rAAV. In contrast, neither extracts from the adenovirus E1-transformed 911 cell line, nor from other cell lines not harboring any adenovirus gene, had enhancing effect on rAAV-mediated transduction. These data suggest that 293 sonicated extracts contain factors which stimulate rAAV-mediated transduction of cells that are normally poorly transduced and offer a system to identify such factors and to characterize further the steps limiting the transfer of gene by AAV vectors.

L32 ANSWER 153 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE

99

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999191990 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99191990 PubMed ID: 10094202
 TITLE: Two independent molecular pathways for recombinant adeno-associated virus genome conversion occur after UV-C and E4orf6 augmentation of transduction.
 AUTHOR: Sanlioglu S; Duan D; Engelhardt J F
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Anatomy and Cell Biology, University of Iowa
 School of Medicine, Iowa City 52242, USA.
 CONTRACT NUMBER: R01 DK/HLS58340 (NIDDK)
 SOURCE: HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Mar 1) 10 (4) 591-602.

Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 199904
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19990517
 Last Updated on STN: 19990517
 Entered Medline: 19990430

AB Numerous environmental influences have been demonstrated to enhance recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV) transduction. Such findings are the foundation of developing new and innovative strategies to improve the efficiency of rAAV as a gene therapy vector. Several of these environmental factors included genotoxic stresses such as UV and y irradiation as well as certain adenoviral gene products such as E4orf6.

The mechanisms by which these environmental stimuli increase rAAV transduction are only partially understood but have been suggested to involve both endocytosis and uptake of virus to the nucleus, as well as conversion of single-stranded DNA viral genomes to double-stranded expressible forms. Two molecular intermediates of rAAV genomes, which have been demonstrated to correlate with transgene expression and/or the persistence of rAAV, include both replication form (Rf) monomers and dimers as well as circular intermediates. In the present study, we demonstrate that augmentation of rAAV transduction by UV irradiation and the adenoviral protein E4orf6 correlates with distinct increases in either circular or replication form intermediates, respectively. UV irradiation of primary fibroblasts at 15 J/m² resulted in

a 15-fold induction of head-to-tail circular intermediates, with minimal induction of replication form rAAV genomes. In contrast, E4orf6-augmented rAAV transduction was correlated with the formation of replication form intermediates, with no alteration in the abundance of circular intermediates. These findings demonstrate that rAAV transduction can occur through two independent molecular pathways that convert single-stranded AAV genomes to expressible forms of DNA.

L32 ANSWER 165 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:159708 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:1162
 TITLE: Adeno-associated viral vectors
 AUTHOR(S): Samulski, Richard Jude; Sally, Mitch; Muzyczka,

Nicholas

CORPORATE SOURCE: University of North Carolina Gene Therapy Center and

Department of Pharmacology, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Chapel Hill, NC, USA
 SOURCE: Cold Spring Harbor Monograph Series (1999), 36(Development of Human Gene Therapy), 131-172
 CODEN: CHMSDK; ISSN: 0270-1847

PUBLISHER: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

AB A review with over 100 refs. Topics include: recombinant AAV vectors, transduction of nondividing cells, episomal expression, adeno-assocd. virus integration, recombinant AAV vector integration, mechanism of AAV integration, transduction in vivo, and enhancement of rAAV transduction in vivo.

REFERENCE COUNT: 126 THERE ARE 126 CITED

REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L32 ANSWER 168 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:734970 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:340538

TITLE: Increasing transduction of cells by adeno-associated virus vectors by using DNA metabolism-altering agents

INVENTOR(S): Alexander, Ian E.; Russell, David W.; Miller, A. Dusty

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 12 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,604,090.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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US 5834182	A	19981110	US 1997-750274	19970225
US 5604090	A	19970218	US 1994-254312	19940606
WO 9533824	A1	19951214	WO 1995-US7202	19950605

W: AU, CA, JP, US

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1994-254312 19940606
 WO 1995-US7202 19950605

AB This invention includes methods for increasing the efficiency of transduction of cells, including non-dividing cells, by recombinant adeno-assocd. adenovirus (AAV) vectors. The methods utilize agents that alter certain aspects of DNA metab., more specifically, that affect DNA synthesis and/or affect repair,

that impact on maintenance of chromosomal integrity, and/or that cause

damage to the cellular DNA. Agents and vectors can now also be preselected and screened for transducing ability and/or transducing agents

for their effect on DNA metab. These agents include tritiated nucleotides such as thymidine, gamma irradn., UV irradn., cis-platinum, etoposide, hydroxyurea and aphidicolin.

L32 ANSWER 169 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE

110

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999080060 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99080060 PubMed ID: 9861016

TITLE: Viral mediated expression of insulin-like growth factor I blocks the aging-related loss of skeletal muscle function.
 AUTHOR: Barton-Davis E R; Shoturma D I; Musaro A; Rosenthal N;
 Sweeney H L
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Physiology, A700 Richards Building, University of Pennsylvania School of Medicine, Philadelphia, PA 19104-6085, USA.
 CONTRACT NUMBER: P01-AG13329 (NIA)
 P01-AR/NS43648 (NIAMS)
 SOURCE: PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, (1998 Dec 22) 95 (26) 15603-7.
 Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 199901
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19990209
 Last Updated on STN: 20020212
 Entered Medline: 19990128
 AB During the aging process, mammals lose up to a third of their skeletal muscle mass and strength. Although the mechanisms underlying this loss are not entirely understood, we attempted to moderate the loss by increasing the regenerative capacity of muscle. This involved the injection of a recombinant adeno-associated virus directing overexpression of insulin-like growth factor I (IGF-I) in differentiated muscle fibers. We demonstrate that the IGF-I expression promotes an average increase of 15% in muscle mass and a 14% increase in strength in young adult mice, and remarkably, prevents aging-related muscle changes in old adult mice, resulting in a 27% increase in strength as compared with uninjected old muscles. Muscle mass and fiber type distributions were maintained at levels similar to those in young adults. We propose that these effects are primarily due to stimulation of muscle regeneration via the activation of satellite cells by IGF-I. This supports the hypothesis that the primary cause of aging-related impairment of muscle function is a cumulative failure to repair damage sustained during muscle utilization. Our results suggest that gene transfer of IGF-I into muscle could form the basis of a human gene therapy for preventing the loss of muscle function associated with aging and may be of benefit in diseases where the rate of damage to skeletal muscle is accelerated.

L32 ANSWER 183 OF 244 MEDLINE
 124
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998211339 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98211339 PubMed ID: 9551617
 TITLE: Factors influencing recombinant adeno-associated virus production.
 AUTHOR: Salvetti A; Oreve S; Chadeuf G; Favre D; Cherel Y; Champion-Arnaud P; David-Ameline J; Moullier P
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Therapie Genique, CHU Hotel-DIEU, Nantes, France.
 SOURCE: HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Mar 20) 9 (5) 695-706.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199805
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980611
 Last Updated on STN: 19980611
 Entered Medline: 19980529
 AB Recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV) is produced by transfecting cells with two constructs: the rAAV vector plasmid and the rep-cap plasmid. After subsequent adenoviral infection, needed for rAAV replication and assembly, the virus is purified from total cell lysates through CsCl gradients. Because this is a long and complex procedure, the precise titration of rAAV stocks, as well as the measure of the level of contamination with adenovirus and rep-positive AAV, are essential to evaluate the transduction efficiency of these vectors in vitro and in vivo. Our vector core is in charge of producing rAAV for outside investigators as part of a national network promoted by the Association Francaise contre les Myopathies/Genethon. We report here the characterization of 18 large-scale rAAV stocks produced during the past year. Three major improvements were introduced and combined in the rAAV production procedure: (i) the titration and characterization of rAAV stocks using a stable rep-cap HeLa cell line in a modified Replication Center Assay (RCA); (ii) the use of different rep-cap constructs to provide AAV regulatory and structural proteins; (iii) the use of an adenoviral plasmid to provide helper functions needed for rAAV replication and assembly. Our results indicate that: (i) rAAV yields ranged between 10(11) to 5 x 10(12) total particles; (ii) the physical particle to infectious particle (measured by RCA) ratios were consistently below 50 when using a rep-cap plasmid harboring an ITR-deleted AAV genome; the physical particle to transducing particle ratios ranged between 400 and 600; (iii) the use of an adenoviral plasmid instead of an infectious virion did not affect the particles or the infectious particles yields nor the above ratio. Most of large-scale rAAV stocks (7/9) produced using this plasmid were free of detectable infectious adenovirus as determined by RCA; (iv) all the rAAV stocks were contaminated with rep-positive AAV as detected by RCA. In summary, this study describes a general method to titrate rAAV, independently of the transgene and its expression, and to measure the level of contamination with adenovirus and rep-positive AAV. Furthermore, we report a new procedure using adenoviral plasmids instead of virions and resulting in rAAV stocks with undetectable adenovirus contamination.

L32 ANSWER 217 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:101610 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:100286
 TITLE: Recombinant adeno-associated virus, method for enhancing transduction of target cells with these viruses and pharmaceutical compositions containing the viruses
 INVENTOR(S): Wilson, James M.; Fisher, Krishna J.; Gao, Guang-Ping
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania, USA; Wilson, James M.; Fisher, Krishna J.; Gao, Guang-Ping
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 131 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
 PATENT INFORMATION:
 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
 WO 9639530 A2 19961212 WO 1996-US10245 19960604
 WO 9639530 A3 19970605
 W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, FI,
 GE, HU, IL,

IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US
 RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 US 5756283 A 19980526 US 1995-462014 19950605
 US 6281010 B1 20010828 US 1995-549489 19951027
 AU 9662779 A1 19961224 AU 1996-62779 19960604
 AU 715533 B2 20000203
 EP 835321 A2 19980415 EP 1996-921586 19960604
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 IE, FI
 JP 11507240 T2 19990629 JP 1996-502258 19960604
 US 6261551 B1 20010717 US 1997-97334 19971205

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1995-462014 A2 19950605

US 1995-549489 A 19951027
 WO 1996-US10245 W 19960604

AB A method for enhancing the efficiency of transduction of a recombinant adeno-assocd. virus (AAV) into a target cell is provided. The infected cell is contacted with an agent which facilitates the conversion of single-stranded recombinant virus to its double-stranded form. The agent may be an adenovirus E1 and/or E4 gene, which may be provided by a helper adenovirus, or which may be present as an inducible gene(s) in the AAV vector. Expts. reported

herein indicated that recombinant AAV is a relatively inefficient gene transfer vehicle and that the rate-limiting step in transduction in conversion of the virion's single-stranded DNA genome to a transcriptionally active double-stranded form. Adenovirus, and more specifically the E1 and E4 genes, enhanced transduction. A recombinant AAV contg. a chimeric glucocorticoid-dependent promoter-E4 gene was produced. HeLa cells in the presence of dexamethasone expressed the E4 gene and the transduction efficiency was increased 5-fold (over that in the absence of dexamethasone).

L32 ANSWER 223 OF 244 MEDLINE DUPLICATE
 154

ACCESSION NUMBER: 96099466 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96099466 PubMed ID: 8523565
 TITLE: Transduction with recombinant adeno-associated virus for

gene therapy is limited by leading-strand synthesis.
 AUTHOR: Fisher K J; Gao G P; Weitzman M D; DeMatteo R; Burda J F; Wilson J M

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute for Human Gene Therapy, University of Pennsylvania Health System, Philadelphia, USA

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1996 Jan) 70 (1) 520-32.

Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 199601
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19960219
 Last Updated on STN: 19970203
 Entered Medline: 19960125

AB Adeno-associated virus is an integrating DNA parvovirus with the potential to be an important vehicle for somatic gene therapy. A potential

barrier, however, is the low transduction efficiencies of recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV) vectors. We show in this report that adenovirus dramatically enhances rAAV transduction in vitro in a way that is dependent on expression of early region 1 and 4 (E1 and E4, respectively) genes and directly proportional to the appearance of double-stranded replicative forms of the rAAV genome. Expression of the open reading frame 6 protein from E4 in the absence of E1 accomplished a similar but attenuated effect. The helper activity of adenovirus E1 and E4 for rAAV gene transfer was similarly demonstrated in vivo by using murine models of liver-lung-directed gene therapy. Our data indicate that conversion of a single-stranded rAAV genome to a duplex intermediate limits transduction and usefulness for gene therapy.

L32 ANSWER 228 OF 244 MEDLINE
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998029516 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98029516 PubMed ID: 9384691
 TITLE: Recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV) vectors for somatic gene therapy: recent advances and potential clinical applications.
 AUTHOR: Hallek M; Wendtner C M
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratorium fur Molekulare Biologie, Genzentrum, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universitat, Munchen, Germany.. hallek@lmb.uni-muenchen.de
 SOURCE: CYTOKINES AND MOLECULAR THERAPY, (1996 Jun) 2 (2) 69-79.
 Ref: 83
 Journal code: 9509183. ISSN: 1355-6568.
 PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom
 Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 General Review; (REVIEW)
 (REVIEW, TUTORIAL)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals; AIDS
 ENTRY MONTH: 199712
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980109
 Last Updated on STN: 19980109
 Entered Medline: 19971208
 AB Adeno-associated virus (AAV) is a single-stranded DNA dependovirus of the family of Parvoviridae that has promising features as a vector for somatic gene therapy. Different recombinant (r) AAV vectors have been generated that seem to have some advantages compared with other vector systems, such as the transduction of terminally differentiated and non-dividing cells, the lack of any apparent pathogenicity, low immunogenicity, relatively high stability of transgene expression, and the potential of targeted integration. Recent improvements in rAAV packaging should allow the generation of sufficient quantities of rAAV for clinical trials. Preclinical studies with rAAV are currently being performed for the treatment of a variety of inherited monogenic defects, such as beta-thalassemia, sickle cell anemia, Fanconi anemia, chronic granulomatous disease, Gaucher disease, metachromatic leukodystrophy and cystic fibrosis, and of acquired diseases, such as HIV infection and non-Hodgkin lymphoma. The diversity of these studies indicates that rAAV might have a broad range of clinical applications. A first clinical trial with rAAV vectors has been started for cystic fibrosis. While several important issues, including safety, tissue tropism and methods to achieve site-specific integration, need further clarification, rAAV seems to have a sufficient number of advantages to be seriously considered as a future gene therapy vector.

L32 ANSWER 229 OF 244 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:87115 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:108980
 TITLE: Increasing transduction of cells by adeno-associated virus vectors by using DNA metabolism-altering agents
 INVENTOR(S): Alexander, Ian E.; Russell, David W.; Miller, A. Dusty
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center, USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9533824	A1	19951214	WO 1995-US7202	19950605
W: AU, CA, JP, US				
PT, SE				
US 5604090	A	19970218	US 1994-254312	19940606
CA 2192214	AA	19951214	CA 1995-2192214	19950605
AU 9526994	A1	19960104	AU 1995-26994	19950605
EP 765387	A1	19970402	EP 1995-922237	19950605
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
US 5834182	A	19981110	US 1997-750274	19970225
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			WO 1995-US7202	19950605
AB Methods are provided for increasing the efficiency of transduction of cells, including non-dividing cells, by recombinant AAV vectors. The methods utilize agents that alter certain aspects of DNA metab., more specifically, that affect DNA synthesis and/or affect repair, that impact on maintenance of chromosomal integrity, and/or that cause damage to the cellular DNA.				
Agents and vectors can now also be preselected and screened for transducing ability and/or transducing agents for their effect on DNA metab. These agents include tritiated nucleotides such as thymidine, gamma irradn., UV irradn., cis-platinum, etoposide, hydroxyurea, aphidicolin, and camptothecin.				

=> log hold
 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
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 FULL ESTIMATED COST 210.77 210.98
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 FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 16:32:11 ON 16 JUN 2002
 FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 16:32:11 ON 16 JUN 2002
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		210.98

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SINCE FILE TOTAL	
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	ENTRY SESSION
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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:16:46 ON 16 JUN 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:17:03 ON 16 JUN 2002

E RAAV
L1 1040 S RAAV
L2 622 S RECOMBINANT AAV
L3 0 S ADENO!ASSOCIATED VIRUS
L4 5747 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED
E ADENO-ASSOCIATED
L5 56882 S PROTEASE INHIBITOR
E PROTEINASE INH
L6 30433 S PROTEINASE INHIBITOR
L7 81516 S L5 OR L6
L8 1 S L1(S)L6
L9 0 S L2(S)L6
L10 1 S L4(S)L6
L11 1 S L1 AND L6
L12 0 S L2 AND L6
L13 9 S L4 AND L6
L14 9 DUP REM L13 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L15 281838 S TRANSDUCTION
L16 324 S L7(S)L15
L17 677499 S ADENO?
L18 7 S L16 AND L17
L19 7 DUP REM L18 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L20 435 S L7(P)L15
L21 10 S L20 AND L17
L22 9 DUP REM L21 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)
L23 2 S L22 NOT L19
L24 454934 S (IMPROV? OR ENHANC? OR INCREAS? OR DECREAS? OR AUGMENT? OR PO
L25 1086 S L24(P)(L1 OR L2 OR L4)
L26 3 S L7 AND L25
L27 3 DUP REM L26 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L28 410 S L24(S)(L1 OR L2)
L29 1279 S RECOMBINANT ADENO-ASSOCIATED
L30 1809 S L1 OR L2 OR L29
L31 464 S L24(S)L30
L32 244 DUP REM L31 (220 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s proteasom?

L33 13739 PROTEASOM?

=> s l33 and l30

L34 10 L33 AND L30

=> dup rem l34

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L34

L35 4 DUP REM L34 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti so 1-4

L35 ANSWER 1 OF 4 MEDLINE	DUPLICATE 1
TI Ubiquitination of both adeno-associated virus type 2 and 5 capsid proteins	
affects the transduction efficiency of recombinant vectors.	
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2002 Mar) 76 (5) 2043-53.	
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.	

L35 ANSWER 2 OF 4 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 2
 TI Intracellular trafficking of adeno-associated virus vectors: routing to the late endosomal compartment and **proteasome** degradation.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2001 Feb) 75 (4) 1824-33.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L35 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 TI Compounds and methods to enhance **recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV)** transduction for gene therapy
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

L35 ANSWER 4 OF 4 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 3
 TI Endosomal processing limits gene transfer to polarized airway epithelia by **adeno-associated virus**.
 SO JOURNAL OF CLINICAL INVESTIGATION, (2000 Jun) 105 (11) 1573-87.
 Journal code: 7802877. ISSN: 0021-9738.

=> s ubiquitin?
 L36 24 UBIQUITIN?

=> s ubiquitin?
 L37 22463 UBIQUITIN?

=> s l37 and l30
 L38 7 L37 AND L30

=> dup rem l38
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L38
 L39 3 DUP REM L38 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti so 1-3

L39 ANSWER 1 OF 3 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1
 TI Ubiquitination of both adeno-associated virus type 2 and 5 capsid proteins affects the transduction efficiency of recombinant vectors.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2002 Mar) 76 (5) 2043-53.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L39 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 TI Compounds and methods to enhance **recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV)** transduction for gene therapy
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

L39 ANSWER 3 OF 3 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 2
 TI Endosomal processing limits gene transfer to polarized airway epithelia by **adeno-associated virus**.
 SO JOURNAL OF CLINICAL INVESTIGATION, (2000 Jun) 105 (11) 1573-87.
 Journal code: 7802877. ISSN: 0021-9738.

=> s adenovir?
 L40 69449 ADENOVIR?

=> s l37 or l33
 L41 30691 L37 OR L33

=> s l40 and l41
 L42 237 L40 AND L41

=> s l40(s)l41
 L43 145 L40(S) L41

=> dup rem l43
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L43
 L44 75 DUP REM L43 (70 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti so 1-75

L44 ANSWER 1 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1
 TI Deubiquitinating function of adenovirus proteinase.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2002 Jun) 76 (12) 6323-31.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L44 ANSWER 2 OF 75 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Human p14ARF-mediated cell cycle arrest strictly depends on intact p53 signaling pathways.
 SO Oncogene, (9 May, 2002) Vol. 21, No. 20, pp. 3207-3212.
<http://www.nature.com/onc.print>.
 ISSN: 0950-9232.

L44 ANSWER 3 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 2
 TI Notch signaling induces rapid degradation of achaete-scute homolog 1.
 SO MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY, (2002 May) 22 (9) 3129-39.
 Journal code: 8109087. ISSN: 0270-7306.

L44 ANSWER 4 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 3
 TI Carboxyl-terminal transactivation activity of hypoxia-inducible factor 1
 alpha is governed by a von Hippel-Lindau protein-independent, hydroxylation-regulated association with p300/CBP.
 SO MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY, (2002 May) 22 (9) 2984-92.
 Journal code: 8109087. ISSN: 0270-7306.

L44 ANSWER 5 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 4
 TI Expression of herpes simplex virus ICP0 inhibits the induction of interferon-stimulated genes by viral infection.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2002 Mar) 76 (5) 2180-91.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L44 ANSWER 6 OF 75 MEDLINE
 TI Improved Treatment of Pancreatic Cancer by IL-12 and B7.1 Costimulation:
 Antitumor Efficacy and Immunoregulation in a Nonimmunogenic Tumor Model.
 SO MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2002 Apr) 5 (4) 405-12.
 Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.

L44 ANSWER 7 OF 75 MEDLINE
 TI The production of a new MAGE-3 peptide presented to cytolytic T lymphocytes by HLA-B40 requires the immunoproteasome.
 SO JOURNAL OF EXPERIMENTAL MEDICINE, (2002 Feb 18) 195 (4) 391-9.
 Journal code: 2985109R. ISSN: 0022-1007.

L44 ANSWER 8 OF 75 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 TI A proteasome-resistant variant of the tumor suppressor p14 (ARF) and a gene encoding it for cancer gene therapy
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

L44 ANSWER 9 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 5
 TI Mdm2 mutant defective in binding p300 promotes ubiquitination but not degradation of p53: evidence for the role of p300 in integrating ubiquitination and proteolysis.
 SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (2001 Aug 10) 276 (32) 29695-701.
 Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

L44 ANSWER 10 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 6
 TI SUMO-1 modification required for transformation by adenovirus type 5 early region 1B 55-kDa oncoprotein.
 SO PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF

SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF
AMERICA, (2001 Sep 25) 98 (20) 11312-7.
Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

L44 ANSWER 11 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 7
TI An adenovirus expressing mutant p27 showed more potent
antitumor effects
than adenovirus-p27 wild type.
SO CANCER RESEARCH, (2001 Aug 15) 61 (16) 6163-9.
Journal code: 2984705R. ISSN: 0008-5472.

L44 ANSWER 12 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 8
TI Evaluation of interactions of human cytomegalovirus immediate-
early IE2
regulatory protein with small ubiquitin-like modifiers and their
conjugation enzyme Ubc9.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2001 Apr) 75 (8) 3859-72.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L44 ANSWER 13 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 9
TI Degradation of p53 by adenovirus E4orf6 and E1B55K proteins
occurs via a
novel mechanism involving a Cullin-containing complex.
SO GENES AND DEVELOPMENT, (2001 Dec 1) 15 (23) 3104-17.
Journal code: 8711660. ISSN: 0890-9369.

L44 ANSWER 14 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 10
TI Role of NFkappaB in antigen presentation and development of
regulatory T
cells elucidated by treatment of dendritic cells with the proteasome
inhibitor PSI.
SO EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF IMMUNOLOGY, (2001 Jun) 31 (6)
1883-93.
Journal code: 1273201. ISSN: 0014-2980.

L44 ANSWER 15 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 11
TI Intracellular trafficking of adeno-associated virus vectors: routing to
the late endosomal compartment and proteasome degradation.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2001 Feb) 75 (4) 1824-33.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L44 ANSWER 16 OF 75 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Increased persistence of lung gene expression using plasmids
containing
the ubiquitin C or elongation factor 1.alpha. promoter
SO Gene Therapy (2001), 8(20), 1539-1546
CODEN: GETHEC; ISSN: 0969-7128

L44 ANSWER 17 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 12
TI Effect of NF-kappa B Inhibition on TNF-alpha-induced apoptosis
and
downstream pathways in cardiomyocytes.
SO JOURNAL OF MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR
CARDIOLOGY, (2001 Jun) 33 (6) 1223-32.
Journal code: 0262322. ISSN: 0022-2828.

L44 ANSWER 18 OF 75 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL
ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Mutant ubiquitin expressed in Alzheimer's disease causes neuronal
death.
SO Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2001) Vol. 27, No. 1, pp.
1143.
print.
Meeting Info.: 31st Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience
San
Diego, California, USA November 10-15, 2001
ISSN: 0190-5295.

L44 ANSWER 19 OF 75 MEDLINE
TI [Monoclonal antibodies against protein Daxx and its localization in
nuclear domains 10].
Monoklonal'nye antitela k belku Daxx i ego lokalizatsii v iadernykh
domenakh 10.
SO TSITOLOGIIA, (2001) 43 (12) 1123-9.

Journal code: 0417363. ISSN: 0041-3771.

L44 ANSWER 20 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 13
TI Evolutionary lines of cysteine peptidases.
SO BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (2001 May) 382 (5) 727-33. Ref:
25
Journal code: 9700112. ISSN: 1431-6730.

L44 ANSWER 21 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 14
TI Identification of three functions of the adenovirus e4orf6 protein
that
mediate p53 degradation by the E4orf6-E1B55K complex.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2001 Jan) 75 (2) 699-709.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L44 ANSWER 22 OF 75 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL
ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Adenoviral E1A protein interacts with the non-ATPase of 26S
proteasomal subunit S2 and this is correlated to the E1A's ability
to sensitize cells to TNFalpha-induced apoptosis.
SO Oncology Research, (2001) Vol. 12, No. 6-7, pp. 298. print.
Meeting Info.: 2001 Millennium International Conference of
Molecular and
Tumor Biology Santorini, Greece September 02-07, 2001
ISSN: 0965-0407.

L44 ANSWER 23 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 15
TI Analysis of expression of nuclear factor kappa B (NF-kappa B) in
multiple
myeloma: downregulation of NF-kappa B induces apoptosis.
SO BRITISH JOURNAL OF HAEMATOLOGY, (2001 Nov) 115 (2)
279-86.
Journal code: 0372544. ISSN: 0007-1048.

L44 ANSWER 24 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 16
TI Enhancement of radiosensitivity by proteasome inhibition:
implications for
a role of NF-kappaB.
SO INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF RADIATION ONCOLOGY,
BIOLOGY, PHYSICS, (2001 May
1) 50 (1) 183-93.
Journal code: 7603616. ISSN: 0360-3016.

L44 ANSWER 25 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 17
TI HBV X protein targets HIV Tat-binding protein 1.
SO VIROLOGY, (2001 Apr 25) 283 (1) 110-20.
Journal code: 0110674. ISSN: 0042-6822.

L44 ANSWER 26 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 18
TI Promotion of S-phase entry and cell growth under serum starvation
by
SAG/ROC2/Rbx2/Hrt2, an E3 ubiquitin ligase component:
association with
inhibition of p27 accumulation.
SO MOLECULAR CARCINOGENESIS, (2001 Jan) 30 (1) 37-46.
Journal code: 8811105. ISSN: 0899-1987.

L44 ANSWER 27 OF 75 MEDLINE
TI Novel biologically based therapies for myeloma.
SO CANCER JOURNAL, (2001 Jul-Aug) 7 Suppl 1 S19-23. Ref: 31
Journal code: 100931981. ISSN: 1528-9117.

L44 ANSWER 28 OF 75 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Polynucleotides (cDNA) and polypeptides of human ubiquitin
conjugating
enzyme (E2)-associated protein Ring C1, sequences, and biol. and
therapeutic uses thereof
SO PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L44 ANSWER 29 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 19
TI The mitochondrial permeability transition augments Fas-induced
apoptosis
in mouse hepatocytes.

SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (2000 Apr 21) 275 (16) 11814-23.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

L44 ANSWER 30 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 20
TI Recombinant adenovirus induces maturation of dendritic cells via an NF-kappaB-dependent pathway.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2000 Oct) 74 (20) 9617-28.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L44 ANSWER 31 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 21
TI Transcriptional regulation of the major histocompatibility complex (MHC)
class I heavy chain, TAP1 and LMP2 genes by the human papillomavirus (HPV)
type 6b, 16 and 18 E7 oncoproteins.
SO ONCOGENE, (2000 Oct 5) 19 (42) 4930-5.
Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.

L44 ANSWER 32 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 22
TI Regulation of the 26S proteasome by adenovirus E1A.
SO EMBO JOURNAL, (2000 Sep 1) 19 (17) 4759-73.
Journal code: 8208664. ISSN: 0261-4189.

L44 ANSWER 33 OF 75 MEDLINE
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SO JOURNAL OF IMMUNOLOGY, (2000 May 1) 164 (9) 4500-6.
Journal code: 2985117R. ISSN: 0022-1767.

L44 ANSWER 34 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 23
TI A rapamycin-sensitive pathway down-regulates insulin signaling via phosphorylation and proteasomal degradation of insulin receptor substrate-1.
SO MOLECULAR ENDOCRINOLOGY, (2000 Jun) 14 (6) 783-94.
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L44 ANSWER 35 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 24
TI Protein kinase C-alpha is an upstream activator of the IkappaB kinase complex in the TPA signal transduction pathway to NF-kappaB in U2OS cells.
SO CELLULAR SIGNALLING, (2000 Dec) 12 (11-12) 759-68.
Journal code: 8904683. ISSN: 0898-6568.

L44 ANSWER 36 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 25
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SO ONCOGENE, (2000 Jan 20) 19 (3) 452-62.
Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.

L44 ANSWER 37 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 26
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SO JOURNAL OF VASCULAR SURGERY, (2000 Feb) 31 (2) 364-74.
Journal code: 8407742. ISSN: 0741-5214.

L44 ANSWER 38 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 27
TI Bcl-2 intersects the NFkappaB signalling pathway and suppresses apoptosis in ventricular myocytes.
SO CLINICAL AND INVESTIGATIVE MEDICINE. MEDECINE CLINIQUE ET EXPERIMENTALE, (2000 Oct) 23 (5) 322-30.
Journal code: 7804071. ISSN: 0147-958X.

L44 ANSWER 39 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 28
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SO BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL RESEARCH COMMUNICATIONS, (2000 Jun 24) 273 (1) 140-6.
Journal code: 0372516. ISSN: 0006-291X.

L44 ANSWER 40 OF 75 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
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SO Immunobiology, (November, 2000) Vol. 203, No. 1-2, pp. 57-58.
Meeting Info.: Joint Annual Meeting of the German and Dutch Societies of Immunology Dusseldorf, Germany November 29-December 02, 2000
ISSN: 0171-2985.

L44 ANSWER 41 OF 75 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Peptides of frameshift mutants of β -amyloid precursor protein and ubiquitin-B and their therapeutic use in Alzheimer's disease and Down's syndrome
SO PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.
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L44 ANSWER 42 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 29
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SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (1999 Mar 19) 274 (12) 8039-45.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

L44 ANSWER 43 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 30
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SO BIOCHEMISTRY, (1999 Jun 8) 38 (23) 7532-44.
Journal code: 0370623. ISSN: 0006-2960.

L44 ANSWER 44 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 31
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Journal code: 0052457. ISSN: 0021-9533.

L44 ANSWER 46 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 33
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SO ONCOGENE, (1999 Jul 22) 18 (29) 4171-81.
Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.

L44 ANSWER 47 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 34
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SO JOURNAL OF GENERAL VIROLOGY, (1999 Apr) 80 (Pt 4) 997-1008.
Journal code: 0077340. ISSN: 0022-1317.

L44 ANSWER 48 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 35
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L44 ANSWER 49 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 36
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Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.

L44 ANSWER 50 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 37
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SO EXPERIMENTAL CELL RESEARCH, (1999 Sep 15) 251 (2) 442-51.
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L44 ANSWER 51 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 38
TI Isolation and partial characterization of an antiviral, RC-183, from the edible mushroom Rozites caperata.
SO ANTIVIRAL RESEARCH, (1999 Sep) 43 (2) 67-78.
Journal code: 8109699. ISSN: 0166-3542.

L44 ANSWER 52 OF 75 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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SO PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L44 ANSWER 53 OF 75 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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SO U.S., 10 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM

L44 ANSWER 54 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 39
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L44 ANSWER 55 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 40
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Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

L44 ANSWER 56 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 41
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Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

L44 ANSWER 57 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 42
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SO HEPATOLOGY, (1998 May) 27 (5) 1285-95.
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L44 ANSWER 60 OF 75 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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SO BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL RESEARCH COMMUNICATIONS, (1997 Oct 29) 239 (3) 823-9.
Journal code: 0372516. ISSN: 0006-291X.

L44 ANSWER 65 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 48
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SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (1996 Oct 18) 271 (42) 25906-11.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

L44 ANSWER 66 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 49
TI Degradation of topoisomerase IIalpha during adenovirus E1A-induced apoptosis is mediated by the activation of the ubiquitin proteolysis system.
SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (1996 Oct 4) 271 (40) 24842-9.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

L44 ANSWER 67 OF 75 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Degradation of E2F by the ubiquitin-proteasome pathway: Regulation by retinoblastoma family proteins and adenovirus transforming proteins.
SO Genes & Development, (1996) Vol. 10, No. 23, pp. 2961-2970.
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L44 ANSWER 68 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 50
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SO GENES AND DEVELOPMENT, (1996 Dec 1) 10 (23) 2960-70.
Journal code: 8711660. ISSN: 0890-9369.

L44 ANSWER 69 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 51
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with distinct isoforms of the transcriptional co-activator, p300.
SO EMBO JOURNAL, (1996 May 1) 15 (9) 2236-48.
Journal code: 8208664. ISSN: 0261-4189.

L44 ANSWER 70 OF 75 MEDLINE
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adenovirus E1A-induced apoptosis and is mediated by the activation of the ubiquitin dependent proteolysis system.
SO NIPPON RINSHO. JAPANESE JOURNAL OF CLINICAL MEDICINE, (1996 Jul) 54 (7)
1828-35. Ref: 10
Journal code: 0420546. ISSN: 0047-1852.

L44 ANSWER 71 OF 75 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Degradation of topoisomerase II-alpha during **adenovirus**
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SO Biochemical Society Transactions, (1996) Vol. 24, No. 4, pp. 565S.
Meeting Info.: 4th International Union of Biochemistry and Molecular
Biology Conference Edinburgh, Scotland, UK July 14-17, 1996
ISSN: 0300-5127.

L44 ANSWER 72 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 52
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transport
for class I MHC molecules are suppressed in cell lines transformed
by the
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SO JOURNAL OF EXPERIMENTAL MEDICINE, (1996 Feb 1) 183
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Journal code: 2985109R. ISSN: 0022-1007.

L44 ANSWER 73 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 53
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topoisomerase II alpha level during the latent phase.
SO ONCOGENE, (1995 Feb 16) 10 (4) 651-62.
Journal code: 8711562, ISSN: 0950-9232.

L44 ANSWER 74 OF 75 MEDLINE
TI Cellular targets of the oncoproteins encoded by the cancer
associated
human papillomaviruses.
SO PRINCESS TAKAMATSU SYMPOSIA, (1991) 22 239-48. Ref:
56
Journal code: 9301172

L44 ANSWER 75 OF 75 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 54
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viral and cellular proteins.
SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (1989 Jun 5) 264
(16) 9107-10.
Journal code: 2985121R ISSN: 0021-9258

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	E RAAV
L1	1040 S RAAV
L2	622 S RECOMBINANT AAV
L3	0 S ADENO!ASSOCIATED VIRU
L4	5747 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED E ADENO-ASSOCIATED
L5	56882 S PROTEASE INHIBITOR E PROTEINASE INH
L6	30433 S PROTEINASE INHIBITOR

L7 81516 S L5 OR L6
L8 1 S L1(S)L6
L9 0 S L2(S)L6
L10 1 S L4(S)L6
L11 1 S L1 AND L6
L12 0 S L2 AND L6
L13 9 S L4 AND L6
L14 9 DUP REM L13 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L15 281838 S TRANSDUCTION
L16 324 S L7(S)L15
L17 677499 S ADENO?
L18 7 S L16 AND L17
L19 7 DUP REM L18 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L20 435 S L7(P)L15
L21 10 S L20 AND L17
L22 9 DUP REM L21 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)
L23 2 S L22 NOT L19
L24 454934 S (IMPROV? OR ENHANC? OR INCREAS? OR
DECREAS? OR AUGMENT? OR PO
L25 1086 S L24(P)(L1 OR L2 OR L4)
L26 3 S L7 AND L25
L27 3 DUP REM L26 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L28 410 S L24(S)(L1 OR L2)
L29 1279 S RECOMBINANT ADENO-ASSOCIATED
L30 1809 S L1 OR L2 OR L29
L31 464 S L24(S)L30
L32 244 DUP REM L31 (220 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L33 13739 S PROTEASOM?
L34 10 S L33 AND L30
L35 4 DUP REM L34 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L36 24 S UBIQUITIN?
L37 22463 S UBIQUITIN?
L38 7 S L37 AND L30
L39 3 DUP REM L38 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L40 69449 S ADENOVIR?
L41 30691 S L37 OR L33
L42 237 S L40 AND L41
L43 145 S L40(S)L41
L44 75 DUP REM L43 (70 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

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E6 1 N-CARBOBENZOXYPROLINE/CN
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E9 1 N-CARBOBENZOXPYROGLUTAMIC ACID/CN
E10 1 N-CARBOBENZOYSARCOSINE/CN
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E12 1 N-CARBOBENZOXYVALINE/CN
E13 1 N-CARBOBENZOXYVALINE P-NITROPHENYL ESTER/CN
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E21 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-3,5-DIIODOTYROSINE/CN
E22 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-4-BENZYL DOPAMINE/CN
E23 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-4-PIPERIDONE/CN
E24 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-D-ALANINE/CN
E25 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-D-CYCLOSERINE/CN

=> E "Z-LLL"/CN 25

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E2 1 Z-LIGHT SPHERES W 1800/CN
E3 0 --> Z-LLL/CN
E4 1 Z-LYCOPENE/CN
E5 1 Z-LYS(BOC)-GLY-PHE-PHE-OME/CN
E6 1 Z-LYS(BOC)-NME2/CN
E7 1 Z-LYS(BOC)-OH/CN
E8 1 Z-LYS(Z)-LYS(Z)-LYS(Z)-LEU-ARG(NO2)-GLY-ARG(NO2)-PRO-PRO-OBZL/CN
E9 1 Z-MAX MACN
E10 1 Z-METHYL 2-AMINO-5-(2,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-5-(4,4'-BIPHENYL)-4-PENTENOATE/CN
E11 1 Z-METHYL 2-AMINO-5-(2,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-5-(4-ISOPROPYLPHENYL)-4-PENTENOATE/CN
E12 1 Z-METHYL 3-HEXENOATE/CN
E13 1 Z-METHYL O-METHYL MULTICOLANATE/CN
E14 1 Z-METHYL PROP-1-ENYL ETHER/CN

E15 1 Z-METHYL STYRYL SULFOXIDE/CN
 E16 1 Z-N,N-DIETHYL-9-OCTADECENAMIDE/CN
 E17 1 Z-N,N-DIMETHYL-P-
 METHOXYTHIOCINNAMAMIDE/CN
 E18 1 Z-N,N-DIMETHYL-P-
 TRIFLUOROMETHYLTHIOCINNAMAMIDE/CN
 E19 1 Z-N,N-DIMETHYLTHIOCINNAMAMIDE/CN
 E20 1 Z-N-FERULOYLTYRAMINE/CN
 E21 1 Z-NOUVE/CN
 E22 1 Z-O-BENZYL-TYROSINE-ISOLEUCINE-
 GLUTAMINE-ASPARAGINE-S-BENZYL-CYSTEINE-PROLINE-
 LEUCINE-GLYCINE-NH2/CN
 E23 1 Z-O-METHYL BENZOHYDROXYMOYL
 CYANIDE/CN
 E24 1 Z-O-TERT-BUTYL-TYR-BETA-TERT-BUTYL-ASP-
 ALA-GLY METHYL ESTER/CN
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 NORVALINAL"/CN 25
 E1. 1 N-CARBOBENZOXYISONIPECOTIC ACID/CN
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 E3 0--> N-CARBOBENZOXYL-L-LEUCINYL-L-LEUCINYL
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 E4 1 N-CARBOBENZOXYLEUCINE-P-NITROPHENYL
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 E7 1 N-CARBOBENZOXYPROLYLLEUCINE/CN
 E8 1 N-
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 AMIDE/CN
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 ESTER/CN
 E14 1 N-CARBOBENZOYL-L-
 TRYPTOPHYLGLYCYLGlyCINE/CN
 E15 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-.ALPHA.-BENZYL-
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 E16 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-.BETA.-ALANINE/CN
 E17 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-.GAMMA.-
 AMINOBUTYRIC ACID/CN
 E18 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-.GAMMA.-METHYL-L-
 GLUTAMATE/CN
 E19 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-.GAMMA.-METHYL-L-
 GLUTAMATE-.ALPHA.-PENTACHLOROPHENYL ESTER/CN
 E20 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-1,3-DIAMINOPROPANE
 HYDROCHLORIDE/CN
 E21 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-3,5-DIIODOTYROSINE/CN
 E22 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-4-BENZYL DOPAMINE/CN
 E23 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-4-PIPERIDONE/CN
 E24 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-D-ALANINE/CN
 E25 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-D-CYCLOSERINE/CN

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 E26 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-D-GLUCOSAMINE/CN
 E27 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-D-LEUCINE/CN
 E28 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-D-METHIONINE/CN
 E29 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-D-NORVALINE/CN
 E30 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-D-PHENYLALANINE/CN
 E31 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-D-PHENYLGlyCINE/CN
 E32 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-D-PROLINE/CN
 E33 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-D-SERINE/CN
 E34 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-D-TRYPTOPHAN/CN
 E35 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-D-TYROSINE/CN
 E36 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-D-VALINE/CN
 E37 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-DL-ALANINE/CN
 E38 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-DL-METHIONINE/CN
 E39 1 N-CARBOBENZOXY-DL-NORVALINE/CN

E40 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-DL-SERINE/CN
 E41 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-DL-TRYPTOPHAN/CN
 E42 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-DL-VALINE/CN
 E43 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-L-ALANINE/CN
 E44 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-L-ALANYL-L-
 PHENYLALANINE/CN
 E45 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-L-ARGININE
 HYDROBROMIDE/CN
 E46 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-L-GLUTAMIC ACID
 .GAMMA.-BENZYL ESTER/CN
 E47 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-L-HISTIDYL-L-
 PHENYLALANINE/CN
 E48 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-L-ISOLEUCINE/CN
 E49 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-L-ISOLEUCYL-L-
 PHENYLALANINE/CN
 E50 1 N-CARBOBENZYLOXY-L-LEUCINE/CN

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FULL ESTIMATED COST			2.66 2.87

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=> s z-III
 L1 20 Z-LLL

=> dup rem 11
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L1
 L2 8 DUP REM L1 (12 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti so 1-8

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 8 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1
 TI Activation of the MEK/MAPK pathway is involved in bryostatin1-induced
 monocytic differentiation and up-regulation of X-linked inhibitor of

apoptosis protein.
SO EXPERIMENTAL CELL RESEARCH, (2002 Jan 15) 272 (2) 192-8.
Journal code: 0373226. ISSN: 0014-4827.

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Proteokinain A novel 300 kDa ATP-dependent protease is distinct from the proteasome but has two partial proteasome-like activities.
SO FASEB Journal, (March 7, 2001) Vol. 15, No. 4, pp. A24. print.
Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology on Experimental Biology 2001 Orlando, Florida, USA
March 31-April 04, 2001
ISSN: 0892-6638.

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 8 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 2
TI Human THP-1 monocytic leukemic cells induced to undergo monocytic differentiation by bryostatin 1 are refractory to proteasome inhibitor-induced apoptosis.
SO CANCER RESEARCH, (2000 Aug 15) 60 (16) 4377-85.
Journal code: 2984705R. ISSN: 0008-5472.

L2 ANSWER 4 OF 8 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 3
TI Inhibition of ubiquitin-proteasome pathway activates a caspase-3-like protease and induces Bcl-2 cleavage in human M-07e leukaemic cells.
SO BIOCHEMICAL JOURNAL, (1999 May 15) 340 (Pt 1) 127-33.
Journal code: 2984726R. ISSN: 0264-6021.

L2 ANSWER 5 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Inhibition of ubiquitin-proteasome pathway activates caspase-3 (CPP32) and induces BCL-2 cleavage in human M-07E leukemic cells.
SO Blood, (Nov. 15, 1998) Vol. 92, No. 10 SUPPL. 1 PART 1-2, pp. 375A.
Meeting Info.: 40th Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology
Miami Beach, Florida, USA December 4-8, 1998 The American Society of Hematology
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L2 ANSWER 6 OF 8 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 4
TI The antitumor drug aclacinomycin A, which inhibits the degradation of ubiquitinated proteins, shows selectivity for the chymotrypsin-like activity of the bovine pituitary 20 S proteasome.
SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (1996 Jul 12) 271 (28) 16455-9.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

L2 ANSWER 7 OF 8 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 5
TI Permanent occupancy of the human immunodeficiency virus type 1 enhancer by NF-kappa B is needed for persistent viral replication in monocytes.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1996 May) 70 (5) 2930-8.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L2 ANSWER 8 OF 8 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 6
TI Enhancement of CPP32-like activity in the TNF-treated U937 cells by the proteasome inhibitors.
SO BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL RESEARCH COMMUNICATIONS, (1996 Jul 5) 224 (1) 74-9.
Journal code: 0372516. ISSN: 0006-291X.

=> d ibib ab 6

L2 ANSWER 6 OF 8 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 4
ACCESSION NUMBER: 96279205 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96279205 PubMed ID: 8663210
TITLE: The antitumor drug aclacinomycin A, which inhibits the degradation of ubiquitinated proteins, shows selectivity for the chymotrypsin-like activity of the bovine pituitary 20 S proteasome.
COMMENT: Erratum in: J Biol Chem 1996 Sep 20;271(38):23602
AUTHOR: Figueiredo-Pereira M E; Chen W E; Li J; Johdo O
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmacology, Mount Sinai School of Medicine of City University of New York, New York, New York 10029, USA.
CONTRACT NUMBER: NS-29936 (NINDS)
SOURCE: JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (1996 Jul 12) 271 (28) 16455-9.
Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology on Experimental Biology 2001 Orlando, Florida, USA
March 31-April 04, 2001
ISSN: 0892-6638.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199608
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19960911
Last Updated on STN: 200000303
Entered Medline: 19960829
AB The antitumor drug aclacinomycin A was previously shown to inhibit the degradation of ubiquitinated proteins in rabbit reticulocyte lysates with an IC50 of 52 &mgr;M (Isoe, T., Naito, M., Shirai, A., Hirai, R., and Tsuruo, T.(1992) Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1117, 131-135). We report here that from all the catalytic activities of the 20 S proteasome tested, the chymotrypsin-like activity was the only one affected by the antitumor drug. An important requirement for inhibition of the chymotrypsin-like activity seemed to be the presence of hydrophobic nonpolar residues in positions P1 to P3. Degradation of Z-E(OtBu)AL-pNA and Z-LLL-AMC at pH 7.5 was dramatically (87-98%) inhibited by 50 microM of the drug, while that of Z-GGL-pNA (containing uncharged polar residues in positions P2 and P3) and succinyl-LLVY-AMC (containing an uncharged polar residue in the P1 position) was inhibited only 11 and 24%, respectively. Aclacinomycin A had no effect on cathepsin B, trypsin, and inhibited chymotrypsin and, to a lesser extent, calpain. The aglycone and sugar moieties of the cytotoxic drug are essential for inhibition. The results presented here support a major role for the chymotrypsin-like activity in the degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. Aclacinomycin A is the first described non-peptidic inhibitor showing discrete selectivity for the chymotrypsin-like activity of the 20 S proteasome.

=> d 6 all

L2 ANSWER 6 OF 8 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 4
AN 96279205 MEDLINE
DN 96279205 PubMed ID: 8663210
TI The antitumor drug aclacinomycin A, which inhibits the degradation of ubiquitinated proteins, shows selectivity for the chymotrypsin-like activity of the bovine pituitary 20 S proteasome.

CM Erratum in: J Biol Chem 1996 Sep 20;271(38):23602
AU Figueiredo-Pereira M E; Chen W E; Li J; Johdo O
CS Department of Pharmacology, Mount Sinai School of Medicine of City
University of New York, New York, New York 10029, USA.
NC NS-29936 (NINDS)
SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (1996 Jul 12) 271
(28) 16455-9.

Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

CY United States
DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LA English
FS Priority Journals

EM 199608

ED Entered STN: 19960911

Last Updated on STN: 20000303

Entered Medline: 19960829

AB The antitumor drug aclacinomycin A was previously shown to inhibit the degradation of ubiquitinated proteins in rabbit reticulocyte lysates with an IC₅₀ of 52 &mgr;M (Isoe, T., Naito, M., Shirai, A., Hirai, R., and Tsuruo, T. (1992) *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* 1117, 131-135). We report here

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in positions P2 and P3) and succinyl-LLVY-AMC (containing an uncharged

polar residue in the P1 position) was inhibited only 11 and 24%, respectively. Aclacinomycin A had no effect on cathepsin B, stimulated

trypsin, and inhibited chymotrypsin and, to a lesser extent, calpain.

The aglycone and sugar moieties of the cytotoxic drug are essential for inhibition. The results presented here support a major role for the chymotrypsin-like activity in the degradation of ubiquitinated proteins.

Aclacinomycin A is the first described non-peptidic inhibitor showing discrete selectivity for the chymotrypsin-like activity of the 20 S proteasome.

CT Check Tags: Animal; Support, U.S. Gov't, P.H.S.

Aclarubicin: CH, chemistry

*Aclarubicin: PD, pharmacology

Antibiotics, Anthracycline: CH, chemistry

*Antibiotics, Anthracycline: PD, pharmacology

Catalysis

Cattle

*Chymotrypsin: AI, antagonists & inhibitors

Chymotrypsin: ME, metabolism

*Cysteine Endopeptidases: DE, drug effects

Cysteine Endopeptidases: ME, metabolism

Hydrolysis

Molecular Structure

*Multienzyme Complexes: DE, drug effects

Multienzyme Complexes: ME, metabolism

*Pituitary Gland: EN, enzymology

*Proteins: ME, metabolism

Ubiquitins: ME, metabolism

RN 57576-44-0 (Aclarubicin)

CN 0 (Antibiotics, Anthracycline); 0 (Multienzyme Complexes); 0 (Proteins); 0

(Ubiquitins); EC 3.4.21.1 (Chymotrypsin); EC 3.4.22 (Cysteine Endopeptidases); EC 3.4.99.46 (multicatalytic endopeptidase complex)

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	ENTRY	SESSION	
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317877 Z
620 LLL
4 LLLS
620 LLL
(LLL OR LLLS)
L3 6 Z-LLL
(Z(W)LLL)

=> d 1-6 all

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 2002:8014 CAPLUS
DN 136:260440
TI Activation of the MEK/MAPK Pathway Is Involved in Bryostatin-1-Induced
Monocytic Differentiation and Up-regulation of X-Linked Inhibitor
of
Apoptosis Protein
AU Lin, Hong; Chen, Catheryne; Li, Xiaohua; Chen, Ben D.
CS Division of Hematology-Oncology, Barbara Ann Karmanos Cancer
Institute,
Wayne State University School of Medicine, Detroit, MI, 48201,
USA
SO Experimental Cell Research (2002), 272(2), 192-198
CODEN: ECREAL; ISSN: 0014-4827
PB Academic Press
DT Journal
LA English
CC 13-6 (Mammalian Biochemistry)
AB Induction of monocytic differentiation by bryostatin 1 (bryol) conferred on
THP-1 leukemia cells the ability to resist Z-LLL
-CHO-induced apoptosis. The mechanism of resistance developed during this
process was investigated. Apoptosis resistance was assocd. with an enhanced expression of X-linked inhibitor of apoptosis protein (XIAP), an

endogenous caspase inhibitor, in differentiated THP-1 cells. Bryol also increased the level of c-IAP-1, yet decreased the level of c-IAP-2 in THP-1 cells, indicating that distinct regulatory mechanisms are operative.

In addn., treatment of THP-1 cells with bryol induced a rapid and sustained activation of MEK, prior to the upregulation of XIAP and monocytic differentiation. Pretreatment of THP-1 cells with MEK inhibitors (U0126 and PD98059) prior to bryol induction blocked the expression of both XIAP and the c-fms product (M-CSF receptor), a hallmark of monocytic differentiation, but not Bcl-2. In addn., the expression of XIAP in bryol-treated cells was inhibited by CAPE, a NF- κ B-specific inhibitor, indicating that its expression is under the transcriptional regulation of NF- κ B downstream of the MEK/MAPK pathway.

The importance of XIAP in mediating apoptosis resistance was illustrated in cells transiently transfected with XIAP, which conferred on THP-1 cells the ability to resist Z-LLL-CHO-induced apoptosis.

These findings suggest that the expression of XIAP is linked to monocytic differentiation in bryol-treated THP-1 cells and represents one of the potential antiapoptotic mechanisms acquired during this process. (c) 2002 Academic Press.

ST bryostatin MEK NF κ B XIAP monocytic differentiation apoptosis
IT Proteins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (I. κ B-alpha. (NF- κ B inhibitor .alpha.); activation of MEK/MAPK pathway is involved in bryostatin1-induced monocytic differentiation and NF- κ B-dependent up-regulation of X-linked inhibitor of apoptosis protein)

IT Transcription factors
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (NF- κ B (nuclear factor . κ B); activation of MEK/MAPK pathway is involved in bryostatin1-induced monocytic differentiation and NF- κ B-dependent up-regulation of X-linked inhibitor of apoptosis protein)

IT Proteins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (XIAP; activation of MEK/MAPK pathway is involved in bryostatin1-induced monocytic differentiation and NF- κ B-dependent up-regulation of X-linked inhibitor of apoptosis protein)

IT Apoptosis
 Cell differentiation
 Human
 Monocyte
 Transcriptional regulation
 (activation of MEK/MAPK pathway is involved in bryostatin1-induced monocytic differentiation and NF- κ B-dependent up-regulation of X-linked inhibitor of apoptosis protein)

IT Proteins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (cIAP1; activation of MEK/MAPK pathway is involved in bryostatin1-induced monocytic differentiation and NF- κ B-dependent up-regulation of X-linked inhibitor of apoptosis protein)

IT Proteins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (cIAP2; activation of MEK/MAPK pathway is involved in bryostatin1-induced monocytic differentiation and NF- κ B-dependent up-regulation of X-linked inhibitor of apoptosis protein)

up-regulation of X-linked inhibitor of apoptosis protein)
IT 142805-58-1, MEK kinase
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (activation of MEK/MAPK pathway is involved in bryostatin1-induced monocytic differentiation and NF- κ B-dependent up-regulation of X-linked inhibitor of apoptosis protein)
IT 83314-01-6, Bryostatin1
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (activation of MEK/MAPK pathway is involved in bryostatin1-induced monocytic differentiation and NF- κ B-dependent up-regulation of X-linked inhibitor of apoptosis protein)

RE.CNT 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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I3 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 2000:642189 CAPLUS
DN 133:290788
TI Human THP-1 monocytic leukemic cells induced to undergo monocytic differentiation by bryostatin 1 are refractory to proteasome inhibitor-induced apoptosis
AU Chen, Catheryne; Lin, Hong; Karanes, Chachata; Pettit, George R.; Chen, Ben D.
CS Division of Hematology-Oncology, Barbara Ann Karmanos Cancer Institute, Wayne State University School of Medicine, Detroit, MI, 48201, USA
SO *Cancer Research* (2000), 60(16), 4377-4385
CODEN: CNREA8; **ISSN**: 0008-5472

PB American Association for Cancer Research

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-6 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 14

AB The ubiquitin-proteasome pathway is the principal mechanism for the degrdn. of short-lived proteins in eukaryotic cells. We demonstrated that

treatment of THP-1 human monocytic leukemia cells with Z-LLL-CHO6, a reversible proteasome inhibitor, induced cell death through an apoptotic pathway. Apoptosis in THP-1 cells induced by Z-LLL-CHO involved a cytochrome c-dependent pathway, which included the release of mitochondrial cytochrome c, activation of

caspase-9 and -3, and cleavage of Bcl-2 into a shortened 22-kDa fragment.

Induction of apoptosis by protease inhibitor also was detected in U937 and

TF-1 leukemia cell lines and cells obtained from acute myelogenous leukemia patients but not in normal human blood monocytes.

Treatment of

human blood monocytes with Z-LLL-CHO did not induce apoptosis or Bcl-2 cleavage in these cells that rarely proliferate. Interestingly, when THP-1 cells were induced to undergo monocytic differentiation by bryostatin 1, a naturally occurring protein kinase C activator, they were no longer susceptible to apoptosis induced by Z-LLL-CHO. Bryostatin 1-induced differentiation of THP-1 cells was assocd. with growth arrest, acquisition of adherent capacity, and expression of membrane markers characteristic of blood

monocytes. Likewise, differentiated THP-1 cells were refractory to Z-LLL-CHO-induced cytochrome c release, caspase activation, and Bcl-2 cleavage. Resistance to Z-LLL-CHO-induced apoptosis in differentiated THP-1 cells was not due to cell

cycle arrest. These findings show that the action of proteasome inhibitors is mediated primarily through a cytochrome c-dependent pathway

and induces apoptosis in leukemic cells that are not differentiated.

ST protease inhibitor apoptosis leukemia antitumor resistance; caspase cytochrome Bcl2 leukemia protease inhibitor

IT Drug resistance

(antitumor; human THP-1 monocytic leukemic cells induced to undergo

monocytic differentiation by bryostatin 1 are refractory to proteasome inhibitor-induced apoptosis)

IT Proteins, specific or class

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(bcl-2; human THP-1 monocytic leukemic cells induced to undergo monocytic differentiation by bryostatin 1 are refractory to proteasome inhibitor-induced apoptosis)

IT Apoptosis

Cell differentiation

(human THP-1 monocytic leukemic cells induced to undergo monocytic

differentiation by bryostatin 1 are refractory to proteasome inhibitor-induced apoptosis)

IT Antitumor agents

(leukemia; human THP-1 monocytic leukemic cells induced to undergo

monocytic differentiation by bryostatin 1 are refractory to proteasome inhibitor-induced apoptosis)

IT Antitumor agents

(resistance to; human THP-1 monocytic leukemic cells induced to undergo

monocytic differentiation by bryostatin 1 are refractory to proteasome inhibitor-induced apoptosis)

IT 133407-82-6

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(Uses)

(human THP-1 monocytic leukemic cells induced to undergo monocytic

differentiation by bryostatin 1 are refractory to proteasome inhibitor-induced apoptosis)

IT 9007-43-6, Cytochrome c, biological studies 169592-56-7,

Caspase-3

180189-96-2, Caspase-9

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(human THP-1 monocytic leukemic cells induced to undergo monocytic

differentiation by bryostatin 1 are refractory to proteasome inhibitor-induced apoptosis)

RE.CNT 49 THERE ARE 49 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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L3 ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:369701 CAPLUS

DN 131:142589

TI Inhibition of ubiquitin-proteasome pathway activates a caspase-3-like

protease and induces Bcl-2 cleavage in human M-07e leukaemic cells
AU Zhang, Xue-Min; Lin, Hong; Chen, Catheryne; Chen, Ben D.-M.
CS Division of Hematology-Oncology, Department of Internal
Medicine, Wayne

State University School of Medicine, Detroit, MI, 48201, USA

SO Biochemical Journal (1999), 340(1), 127-133

CODEN: BIJOAK; ISSN: 0264-6021

PB Portland Press Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

CC 13-6 (Mammalian Biochemistry)

AB The ubiquitin-proteasome pathway is the principal mechanism for the

degrdn. of short-lived proteins in eukaryotic cells. Here we examine the
possibility that ubiquitin-proteasome is involved in regulating the
levels

of Bcl-2, which is abundantly expressed in M-07e cells, a
granulocyte/macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF)-

dependent human
leukaemic cell line. Apoptosis in M-07e cells, induced by GM-CSF
withdrawal, was assocd. with a gradual cleavage of Bcl-2 into a 22

kDa

fragment. Treatment of M-07e cells with benzyloxycarbonyl-Leu-

Leu-L-
leucinal (Z-LLL-CHO; MG-132), a reversible
ubiquitin-proteasome inhibitor, markedly accelerated the cleavage of
Bcl-2

and promoted cell death through the apoptotic pathway. The
cleavage of

Bcl-2 was inhibited by a caspase-3 (CPP32)-specific inhibitor
[acetyl-Asp-Glu-Val-Asp-CHO (DEVD-CHO)] but not caspase 1
inhibitor

(acetyl-Tyr-Val-Ala-Asp-CHO), suggesting that Bcl-2 is a proteolytic
substrate of a caspase-3-like protease activated during apoptosis. The
simultaneous addn. of recombinant human GM-CSF (rhGM-CSF) to

M-07e

cultures delayed the activation of caspase 3 and Bcl-2 cleavage
triggered

by Z-LLL-CHO, suggesting that the activation of the

GM-CSF signaling pathway can partly overcome the apoptotic effect
induced

by Z-LLL-CHO. Apoptosis induced by inhibition of the
proteasome pathway was verified in studies with lactacystin, a highly
specific and irreversible proteasome inhibitor. Lactacystin-induced
apoptosis in M-07e cells was remarkably similar to that induced by
Z-LLL-CHO, which included caspase 3 activation, cleavage
of Bcl-2 into a 22 kDa fragment and, ultimately, cell death. These
results showed that inhibition of the ubiquitin-proteasome pathways
can

lead to the activation of a DEVD-CHO-sensitive caspase and induces
Bcl-2

cleavage, which might have a role in mediating apoptosis in M-07e
cells.

ST ubiquitin proteasome caspase Bcl2 apoptosis leukemic cell

IT Apoptosis

(Bcl-2 is proteolytic substrate of caspase-3-like protease activated
during apoptosis)

IT Animal cell line

(M-07e; inhibition of ubiquitin-proteasome pathway activates
caspase-3-like protease and induces Bcl-2 cleavage in human M-

07e

leukemic cells)

IT Proteins, specific or class

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);

BIOL

(Biological study); PROC (Process)

(bcl-2; inhibition of ubiquitin-proteasome pathway activates
caspase-3-like protease and induces Bcl-2 cleavage in human M-

07e

leukemic cells)

IT 83869-56-1, GM-CSF

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

(Biological

study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(effect on activation of caspase 3 and cleavage of Bcl-2 induced by
ubiquitin-proteasome inhibitor which triggers apoptosis of human
M-07e

leukemic cells)

IT 60267-61-0, Ubiquitin 140879-24-9, Proteasome 169592-56-7,
Caspase-3

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
BIOL

(Biological study); PROC (Process)

(inhibition of ubiquitin-proteasome pathway activates caspase-3-like

protease and induces Bcl-2 cleavage in human M-07e leukemic

cells)

RE.CNT 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
FOR THIS RECORD

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L3 ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1996:423977 CAPLUS

DN 125:104514

TI The antitumor drug aclacinomycin A, which inhibits the degradation
of

ubiquitinated proteins, shows selectivity for the chymotrypsin-like
activity of the bovine pituitary 20 S proteasome

AU Figueiredo-Pereira, Maria E.; Chen, Wei Er; Li, Jingrong; Johdo, Osamu

CS Dep. Pharmacol., Mount Sinai Sch. Med. City Univ. New York,

New York, NY,

10029, USA

SO J. Biol. Chem. (1996), 271(28), 16455-16459

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-6 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 7

AB The antitumor drug aclacinomycin A was previously shown to inhibit the degrdn. of ubiquitinated proteins in rabbit reticulocyte lysates with an IC₅₀ of 52 .mu.M. We report here that from all the catalytic activities of the 20 S proteasome tested, the chymotrypsin-like activity was the only one affected by the antitumor drug. An important requirement for inhibition of the chymotrypsin-like activity seemed to be the presence of hydrophobic non-polar residues in positions P1 to P3. Degrn. of Z-E(OtBu)Al-pNA and Z-LLL-AMC at pH 7.5 was dramatically (87-98%) inhibited by 50 .mu.M of the drug, while that of Z-GGL-pNA (contg. uncharged polar residues in positions P2 and P3) and succinyl-LLVY-AMC (contg. an uncharged polar residue in the P1 position) was inhibited only 11 and 24%, resp. Aclacinomycin A had no effect on cathepsin B, stimulated trypsin, and inhibited chymotrypsin and, to a lesser extent, calpain. The aglycon and sugar moieties of the cytotoxic drug are essential for inhibition. The results presented here support a major role for the chymotrypsin-like activity in the degrdn. of ubiquitinated proteins. Aclacinomycin A is the first described non-peptidic inhibitor showing discrete selectivity for the chymotrypsin-like activity of the 20 S proteasome.

ST antitumor aclacinomycin A pituitary proteasome chymotrypsin

IT Proteins, specific or class

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (ubiquitinated; aclacinomycin A shows selectivity for chymotrypsin-like

activity of pituitary 20 S proteasome)

IT 57576-44-0, Aclacinomycin A

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study) (aclacinomycin A shows selectivity for chymotrypsin-like activity of

pituitary 20 S proteasome)

IT 140879-24-9, Proteasome

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(aclacinomycin A shows selectivity for chymotrypsin-like activity of

pituitary 20 S proteasome)

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1996:419831 CAPLUS

DN 125:138656

TI Enhancement of CPP32-like activity in the TNF-treated U937 cells by the proteasome inhibitors

AU Fujita, Eriko; Mukasa, Takeshi; Tsukahara, Toshibumi; Arahata, Kiichi;

Omura, Satoshi; Momoi, Takashi

CS Division Development and Differentiation, NCNP, Tokyo, 187, Japan

SO Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. (1996), 224(1), 74-79
CODEN: BBRCA9; ISSN: 0006-291X

DT Journal

LA English

CC 13-2 (Mammalian Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 7

AB CPP32, one of the Ced-3/ICE-like proteases which is most closely related

to CED-3 in the apoptotic protease in *Caenorhabditis elegans*, is activated

during apoptosis induced by anti-Fas and tumor necrosis factor (TNF).

Since processing of CPP32 is important for the activation, the effects of

protease inhibitors on CPP32-like activity were examd. in the TNF-treated U937 cells.

Unexpectedly, proteasome inhibitors (at 5 .mu.M) such as Z-LLnV, Z-LLL, and lactacystin enhanced CPP32-like activity, Ac-DEVD-MCA degrading activity, in the TNF-treated U937 cells in

3 h, but E64d cysteine protease inhibitor did not. These proteasome inhibitors alone did not enhance CCP32-like activity in the untreated U937

cells under the condition used. The proteasome seems to protect the cells from apoptosis by degrading CPP32-like protease or its processing enzyme.

ST CPP32 protease apoptosis proteasome

IT Apoptosis

(enhancement of CPP32-like activity in the TNF-treated U937 cells by the proteasome inhibitors)

IT Lymphokines and Cytokines

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)

(tumor necrosis factor, enhancement of CPP32-like activity in the TNF-treated U937 cells by the proteasome inhibitors)

IT 140879-24-9, Proteasome

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)

(enhancement of CPP32-like activity in the TNF-treated U937 cells by the proteasome inhibitors)

IT 9055-67-8, Poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase 169332-61-0 169592-57-8,

Proteinase CPP32

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(enhancement of CPP32-like activity in the TNF-treated U937 cells by the proteasome inhibitors)

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1996:227272 CAPLUS

DN 124:286790

TI Permanent occupancy of the human immunodeficiency virus type 1 enhancer by

NF-.kappa.B is needed for persistent viral replication in monocytes

AU Jacque, J.-M.; Fernandez, B.; Arenzana-Seisdedos, F.; Thomas, D.; Baleux, F.; Virelizier, J.-L.; Bachelerie, F.

CS Unite d'Immunol. Virale, Inst. Pasteur, Paris, 75724, Fr.

SO J. Virol. (1996), 70(5), 2930-8

CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X

DT Journal

LA English

CC 15-8 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 10

AB This work aimed to ascertain the role of .kappa.B-responsive elements of

the human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) enhancer not only in early

initiation but also in long-term maintenance of proviral transcription in

cells of the monocytic lineage. For this purpose, the authors used three

main approaches. The first was to abruptly terminate tumor necrosis factor-induced NF-.kappa.B binding to the enhancer sequences in U1 monocytic cells, using a short pulse of exogenous tumor necrosis factor.

This resulted in concomitant decrease in nuclear NF-.kappa.B DNA-binding

activity and endogenous long terminal repeat transcription activity.

The

second was to suppress the permanent NF-.kappa.B translocation induced by

HIV-1 replication itself in chronically infected U937 cells, using a

specific proteasome inhibitor (Z-LLL-H). As early as 2 h after addn. of the inhibitor to the culture medium, there was an inhibition of both constitutive activation of NF-*kappa*B and HIV-1 genome

expression. The third approach was to monitor the replication competence

in U937 cells of an infectious HIV-1 provirus carrying point mutations in the *kappa*B-responsive elements of both long terminal repeats.

Compared

with its wild-type counterpart, this mutated provirus showed a profoundly decreased, Z-LLL-H-insensitive transcriptional and replicative activity in U937 monocytes. Together, these results indicate

that occupancy of the viral enhancer by NF-*kappa*B (p50/p65) heterodimers

is required for ongoing transcription of integrated HIV provirus in monocytes, even in cells chronically infected and permanently producing

functional HIV Tat protein. Thus, the ability of HIV-1 replication to activate NF-*kappa*B is crucial to the intense self-perpetuated viral transcription obstd. in cells of the monocytic lineage.

ST HIV1 virus enhancer kappaB factor monocyte; immunodeficiency virus

enhancer kappaB factor monocyte

IT Transcription, genetic

(of integrated HIV provirus transcription in human monocytes)

IT Ribonucleic acid formation factors

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)

(NF-*kappa*B (nuclear factor *kappa*B), initiation and perpetuation of

integrated HIV provirus transcription in human monocytes is dependent

on occupancy of enhancer sequence by NF-*kappa*B)

IT Genetic element

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(RNA formation factor NF-*kappa*B-responsive element, initiation and

perpetuation of integrated HIV provirus transcription in human monocytes is dependent on occupancy of enhancer sequence by NF-*kappa*B)

IT Monocyte

(disease, infection, with human immunodeficiency virus; initiation and

perpetuation of integrated HIV provirus transcription is dependent on

occupancy of enhancer sequence by NF-*kappa*B)

IT Virus, animal

(human immunodeficiency 1, initiation and perpetuation of integrated

HIV provirus transcription in human monocytes is dependent on occupancy

of enhancer sequence by NF-*kappa*B)

IT Genetic element

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(long terminal repeat, initiation and perpetuation of integrated HIV provirus transcription in human monocytes is dependent on

occupancy of

enhancer sequence by NF-*kappa*B)

=>

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PROPERTIES

for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS
Registry File, for complete details:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

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E1 1 BENZYLOXIRANE/CN
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E3 0 --> BENZYLOXY CARBONYL-LEU-LEU-L-
LEUCINAL/CN
E4 1 BENZYLOXY TERT-BUTYL NITROXIDE/CN
E5 1 BENZYLOXY(ETHYL)AMINE/CN
E6 1 BENZYLOXY(PHENYLSULFONYL)METHANE/CN
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E9 1 BENZYLOXY, .ALPHA.-ETHYL-.ALPHA.-METHYL-
/CN
E10 1 BENZYLOXY, .ALPHA.-METHYL-/CN
E11 1 BENZYLOXY, DIHYDROXY-/CN
E12 1 BENZYLOXY, P-METHYL-/CN
E13 1 BENZYLOXY-1-BROMO-2-FLUOROBENZENE/CN
E14 1 BENZYLOXY-1-NAPHTHYLPHENYLSILANE/CN
E15 1 BENZYLOXYACETALDEHYDE DIETHYL
ACETAL/CN
E16 1 BENZYLOXYACETAMIDE/CN
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E18 1 BENZYLOXYACETIC ACID HYDRAZIDE/CN
E19 1 BENZYLOXYACETIC ACID METHYL ESTER/CN
E20 1 BENZYLOXYACETIC CHLORIDE/CN
E21 1 BENZYLOXYACETYL FLUORIDE/CN
E22 1 BENZYLOXYAMINE/CN
E23 1 BENZYLOXYAMINE, .ALPHA.-(DIETHYLAMINO)-
N,N-DIETHYL-/CN
E24 1 BENZYLOXYAMINE, .ALPHA.-ETHYL-/CN
E25 1 BENZYLOXYAMINE, .ALPHA.-METHYL-/CN

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E1 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-VALYL-N.OMEGA.-
NITRO-L-ARGININE METHYL ESTER/CN
E2 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-VALYLGLYCINE
METHYL ESTER/CN
E3 0 --> BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-LEU-LEU-L-
LEUCINAL/CN
E4 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-N-METHYL-L-
PHENYLALANINE PENTACHLOROPHENYL ESTER/CN
E5 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-N-PHENYLGLYCINE/CN
E6 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-O-BENZYL-L-SERINE P-
NITROPHENYL ESTER/CN
E7 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-O-BENZYL-L-SERYL-L-
ISOLEUCYL-L-LEUCYL-L-ASPARAGINAMIDE/CN
E8 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-O-BENZYL-L-TYROSINE
P-NITROPHENYL ESTER/CN

E9 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-O-TERT-BUTYL-L-TYROSYL-L-GLUTAMINYL-L-LEUCYL-GAMMA-TERT-BUTYL-L-GLUTAMYL-L-ASPARAGINYL-O-TERT-BUTYL-L-TYROSINE HYDRAZIDE/CN
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 E23 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYLASPARTYLALANINE/CN
 E24 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYLCYANAMIDE POTASSIUM SALT/CN
 E25 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYLCYANAMIDE SODIUM SALT/CN

=> E "BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LEUCYL"/CN 25
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 E3 0 --> BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LEUCYL/CN
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 E5 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LEUCYL-L-ALANINE PHENYL ESTER/CN
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 E12 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LEUCYL-L-PHENYLALANINE CHLOROMETHYL KETONE/CN
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 E14 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LYSINE 4-NITROPHENYL ESTER/CN
 E15 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-NORLEUCINE/CN
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 E25 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-PHENYLALANYL-D-LEUCINE/CN

ETHYL ESTER/CN
 E21 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-NITROARGININE 2,4-DINITROPHENYL ESTER/CN
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 E24 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-PHENYLALANINE/CN
 E25 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-PHENYLALANINE O-NITROPHENYL ESTER/CN

=> E "BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LEUCYL-L-LEUCYL-L-LEUCINAL"/CN 25
 E1 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LEUCYL-L-LEUCINE/CN
 E2 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LEUCYL-L-LEUCYL-L-LEUCINAL/CN
 E3 0 --> BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LEUCYL-L-LEUCYL-L-LEUCINAL/CN
 E4 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LEUCYL-L-LEUCYL-L-METHIONINAMIDE/CN
 E5 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LEUCYL-L-PHENYLALANINE CHLOROMETHYL KETONE/CN
 E6 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LEUCYL-N6-TERT-BUTYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LYSYL-L-PROLYLGLYCINAMIDE/CN
 E7 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LYSINE 4-NITROPHENYL ESTER/CN
 E8 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-LYSINE BENZYL ESTER TOSYLATE/CN
 E9 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-METHIONINE/CN
 E10 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-METHIONINE O-NITROPHENYL ESTER/CN
 E11 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-METHIONINE P-NITROPHENYL ESTER/CN
 E12 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-METHIONYL-L-LEUCINAMIDE/CN
 E13 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-METHIONYLGLYCINE ETHYL ESTER/CN
 E14 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-NITROARGININE 2,4-DINITROPHENYL ESTER/CN
 E15 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-NORLEUCINE/CN
 E16 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-PHENYLALANINE/CN
 E17 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-PHENYLALANINE/CN
 E18 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-PHENYLALANINE O-NITROPHENYL ESTER/CN
 E19 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-PHENYLALANYL-ETHYLAMIDE/CN
 E20 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-PHENYLALANYL-BETA-ALANINE/CN
 E21 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-PHENYLALANYL-BETA-PHENYL-L-LACTIC ACID ETHYL ESTER/CN
 E22 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-PHENYLALANYL-BETA-PHENYL-L-LACTIC ACID METHYL ESTER/CN
 E23 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-PHENYLALANYL-D-ALANINE/CN
 E24 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-PHENYLALANYL-D-ALANYL-L-ALANINE/CN
 E25 1 BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-L-PHENYLALANYL-D-LEUCINE/CN

=> log hold

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=> index bioscience health pharmacology

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INDEX 'ADISALERTS, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA,
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 BIOPHYSICS, BIOMATERIALS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS,
 BIOTECHDS, BIOTECHNO, CABA,
 CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEABA-VTB, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI,
 CROB, CROPU, DDFB,
 DDFU, DGENE, DRUGB, DRUGLAUNCH, DRUGMONOG2, ...'
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77 FILES IN THE FILE LIST IN STNINDEX

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=> s z-lll or z.lll

15 FILE BIOSIS
 12 FILE BIOTECHNO
 8 FILE CANCERLIT
 13 FILE CAPLUS
 5 FILE DDFU
 6 FILE DRUGU
 11 FILE EMBASE
 8 FILE ESBIOBASE

36 FILES SEARCHED...

3 FILE JICST-EPLUS
 4 FILE LIFESCI
 12 FILE MEDLINE
 4 FILE PASCAL
 10 FILE SCISEARCH
 3 FILE TOXCENTER
 2 FILE USPATFULL
 1 FILE WPIDS
 1 FILE WPINDEX

69 FILES SEARCHED...

1 FILE NLDB

18 FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS, 77 FILES
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L4 QUE Z-LLL OR ZLLL

=> d rank

F1	15	BIOSIS
F2	13	CAPLUS
F3	12	BIOTECHNO
F4	12	MEDLINE
F5	11	EMBASE
F6	10	SCISEARCH
F7	8	CANCERLIT
F8	8	ESBIOBASE
F9	6	DRUGU
F10	5	DDFU
F11	4	LIFESCI
F12	4	PASCAL
F13	3	JICST-EPLUS
F14	3	TOXCENTER
F15	2	USPATFULL
F16	1	WPIDS
F17	1	WPINDEX
F18	1	NLDB

=> file medline caplus biosis

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	ENTRY	SINCE FILE SESSION	TOTAL
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FULL ESTIMATED COST 1.06 41.49

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE TOTAL	ENTRY	SESSION
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FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 10:49:38 ON 18 JUN 2002
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=> s zlll
 L5 20 ZLLL

=> dup rem 1-20
 ENTER L# LIST OR (END):15
 '1-20' IS NOT VALID. VALID FILE NAMES ARE 'MEDLINE,
 CAPLUS, BIOSIS'
 You have entered a file name of duplicates to keep that is not
 referenced by any of the L#s specified for this DUPLICATE command.
 The file names of duplicates that can be kept are listed above.
 Please enter one of these file names.

=> dup rem 15
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5
 L6 7 DUP REM L5 (13 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti 1-7

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 DUPLICATE 1
 TI Receptor activator of NF- κ B ligand induces the fusion of
 mononuclear
 preosteoclasts into multinucleated osteoclasts

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 7 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 2
 TI Evidence for participation of a calpain-like cysteine protease in cell
 cycle progression through late G1 phase.

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 7 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 3

TI Differential inhibition of calpain and proteasome activities by peptidyl aldehydes of di-leucine and tri-leucine.

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 7 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 4
TI Purification and characterization of an endogenous inhibitor specific to the Z-Leu-Leu-Leu-MCA degrading activity in proteasome and its identification as heat-shock protein 90.

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 7 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 5
TI Purification and characterization of a Z-Leu-Leu-Leu-MCA degrading protease expected to regulate neurite formation: a novel catalytic activity in proteasome.

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 7 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 6
TI Possible involvement of clathrin in neuritogenesis induced by a protease inhibitor (benzyloxycarbonyl-Leu-Leu-Leu-aldehyde) in PC12 cells.

L6 ANSWER 7 OF 7 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 7
TI Isolation and characterization of possible target proteins responsible for neurite outgrowth induced by a tripeptide aldehyde in PC12H cells.

=> file caplus
 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
 ENTRY SESSION
 FULL ESTIMATED COST 3.52 45.01
 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
 SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION
 CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -3.72

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=> s zlll
 L7 7 ZLLL

=> d 1-7 all

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 2000:820717 CAPLUS
 DN 134:351164

TI Receptor activator of NF- κ B ligand induces the fusion of mononuclear preosteoclasts into multinucleated osteoclasts
 AU Woo, Je-Tae; Kato, Masanori; Takami, Masamichi; Nagai, Kazuo
 CS Department of Bioengineering, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Yokohama, 226-8501, Japan
 SO Cytotechnology (2000), 33(1-3), 203-211
 CODEN: CYTOER; ISSN: 0920-9069
 PB Kluwer Academic Publishers
 DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 13-6 (Mammalian Biochemistry)
 AB The osteoclasts are bone-resorbing multinucleated cells formed by the fusion of mononuclear preosteoclasts (pOCs) of hematopoietic origin. Although receptor activator of NF- κ B ligand (RANKL) has been shown to regulate osteoclast differentiation and function, its effect on the fusion of pOCs into multinucleated osteoclast-like cells (OCLs) has not been known. Using our fusion assay system, that is not contaminated with multinucleated cells (MNCs) and osteoblastic cells, we detd. the effect of RANKL on the fusion of pOCs into MNCs. When pOCs were cultured on the plates, most of pOCs died and disappeared from the plates within 24 h in the absence of additives, but pOCs were fused to MNCs within 6 h in the presence of RANKL. RANKL-induced MNCs showed typical properties of OCL such as tartrate-resistant acid phosphatase (TRAP) activity, actin ring formation, and bone-resorbing activity. The fusion of pOCs into OCLs induced by osteoblastic cells or RANKL was inhibited by OPG/OCIF, but that induced by IL-1. β . was not. Both RANKL- and IL-1. β -induced OCL formation from pOCs was inhibited by ZLLL-H, a peptide inhibitor of proteasome. These findings indicate that RANKL supports the survival of pOCs and induces the fusion of pOCs into OCLs and suggest that NF- κ B activation is involved in these processes induced by RANKL and IL-1. β .
 ST RANKL preosteoclast osteoclast fusion
 IT Transcription factors
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (NF- κ B (nuclear factor κ B); receptor activator of NF- κ B ligand induces the fusion of mononuclear preosteoclasts into multinucleated preosteoclasts into multinucleated osteoclasts in relation to)
 IT Osteoclast
 (preosteoclast; receptor activator of NF- κ B ligand induces the fusion of mononuclear preosteoclasts into multinucleated osteoclasts)
 IT Fusion, biological
 Osteoclast
 (receptor activator of NF- κ B ligand induces the fusion of mononuclear preosteoclasts into multinucleated osteoclasts)
 IT Interleukin 1. β .
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (receptor activator of NF- κ B ligand induces the fusion of mononuclear preosteoclasts into multinucleated osteoclasts in relation to)
 IT 207621-35-0, Receptor activator of NF- κ B ligand
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(receptor activator of NF- κ B ligand induces the fusion of mononuclear preosteoclasts into multinucleated osteoclasts)

IT 140879-24-9, Proteasome.
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (receptor activator of NF- κ B ligand induces the fusion of mononuclear preosteoclasts into multinucleated osteoclasts in relation to)

RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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L7 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 1997:505895 CAPLUS
 DN 127:218366
 TI Evidence for participation of a calpain-like cysteine protease in cell cycle progression through late G1 phase
 AU Mellgren, Ronald
 CS Dep. Pharmacol. Therapeutic, Medical Coll. Ohio, Toledo, OH, 43699-0008, USA
 SO Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications (1997), 236(3), 555-558
 CODEN: BBRCA9; ISSN: 0006-291X
 PB Academic
 DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 13-6 (Mammalian Biochemistry)
 AB Recent studies have demonstrated that cell-permeant protease inhibitors arrest human fibroblasts in late G1. The target for the inhibitors has been claimed to be either the proteasome, or a calpain-like cysteine protease activity. In the present investigation, the progression of serum-stimulated WI-38 fibroblasts into S-phase was partially inhibited by the cell-permeant general inhibitor of cysteine proteases, E64d, but not

by its non-permeant analog, E64c. Exposure of fibroblasts in late G1 to the proteasome inhibitor, lactacystin, produced only a modest inhibition of progression into S-phase, and did not influence the extensive inhibition produced by the calpain-selective inhibitor, ZLLY-DMK. ZLLnV-CHO and ZLLL-CHO, which are reportedly selective for the proteasome, were less potent than ZLLY-DMK as inhibitors of S-phase progression. These results argue for the involvement of a calpain-like protease acting in late G1 to allow transit into S-phase.

ST calpain cell cycle
 IT Interphase (cell cycle)
 (G1-phase; calpain role in cell cycle progression through late G1 phase
 in human fibroblast)
 IT Cell cycle
 Fibroblast
 (calpain role in cell cycle progression through late G1 phase in human fibroblast)
 IT 78990-62-2, Calpain
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study);
 PROC (Process)
 (calpain role in cell cycle progression through late G1 phase in human fibroblast)

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 1996:322381 CAPLUS
 DN 125:28868
 TI Differential inhibition of calpain and proteasome activities by peptidyl aldehydes of di-leucine and tri-leucine
 AU Tsubuki, Satoshi; Saito, Yumiko; Tomioka, Masanori; Ito, Hisashi; Kawashima, Seiichi
 CS Dep. Molecular Biol., The Tokyo Metropolitan Inst. Medical Science, Tokyo, 113, Japan
 SO J. Biochem. (Tokyo) (1996), 119(3), 572-576
 CODEN: JOBIAO; ISSN: 0021-924X
 DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 7-3 (Enzymes)
 AB To explore membrane-permeable synthetic inhibitors that discriminate between endogenous calpain and proteasome in cells, we examined the inhibition profiles against calpain and proteasome in vitro and in vivo of peptidyl aldehydes possessing di-leucine and tri-leucine. The tripeptide aldehyde benzylloxycarbonyl-leucyl-leucyl-leucinal (ZLLLal) strongly inhibited calpain and proteasome activities in vitro. The concentration required for 50% inhibition (IC50) of the casein-degrading activity of calpain was 1.25 μ M, and the IC50s for the succinyl-leucyl-leucyl-valyl-tyrosine-4- methylcoumaryl-7-amide (SucLLVY-MCA)- and benzylloxycarbonyl-leucyl-leucyl-leucine-4-methylcoumaryl-7-amide (ZLLL-MCA)-degrading activities of proteasome were 850 and 100 nM, resp. On the other hand, the synthetic dipeptide aldehyde benzylloxycarbonyl-leucyl-leucinal (ZLLal) strongly inhibited the casein degrading activity of calpain (IC50 1.20 μ M), but the inhibition of proteasome was weak (IC50s for SucLLCY-MCA-

and

ZLLL-MCA-degrading activities were 120 and 110 .mu.M, resp.). Thus, while calpain was inhibited by similar concns. of ZLLal and ZLLLal, the inhibitory potencies of ZLLLal against the ZLLL-MCA- and SucLLVY-MCA-degrading activities of proteasome were 1,100 and 140 times

stronger than those of ZLLal, resp. To evaluate the effectiveness of these inhibitors on intracellular proteasome, the induction of neurite outgrowth in PC12 cells caused by proteasome inhibition was examined. ZLLLal and ZLLal initiated neurite outgrowth with optimal concns. of 20 nM and 10 .mu.M, resp., again showing a big difference in the effective concns. for

the proteasome inhibition as in vitro. As for the effect on intracellular calpain, the concns. of ZLLLal and ZLLal required for the inhibition of

the autolytic activation of calpain in rabbit erythrocytes were 100 and 100 .mu.M or more, resp. The almost equal inhibitory potencies of ZLLLal and ZLLal were in agreement with the inhibition of calpain in vitro. These differential effects of inhibitors against calpain and proteasome are potentially useful for identifying the functions of calpain and proteasome in cell physiol. and pathol.

ST calpain proteasome differential inhibition peptidyl aldehyde; leucine

peptide proteinase inhibitor neurite outgrowth

IT Nerve

(axon, outgrowth of, induction of by proteasome inhibitors; differential inhibition of calpain and proteasome activities by peptidyl aldehydes of di-leucine and tri-leucine)

IT 94367-21-2 133407-84-8 151275-87-5 152015-61-7

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)

(differential inhibition of calpain and proteasome activities by peptidyl aldehydes of di-leucine and tri-leucine)

IT 78990-62-2, Calpain 140879-24-9, Proteasome

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(differential inhibition of calpain and proteasome activities by peptidyl aldehydes of di-leucine and tri-leucine)

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:502313 CAPLUS

DN 121:102313

TI Purification and characterization of an endogenous inhibitor specific to

the Z-Leu-Leu-MCA degrading activity in proteasome and its identification as heat-shock protein 90

AU Tsubuki, Satoshi; Saito, Yumiko; Kawashima, Seiichi

CS Department of Molecular Biology, The Tokyo Metropolitan Institute of

Medical Science, 3-18-22 Honkomagome, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, 113, Japan

SO FEBS Lett. (1994), 344(2-3), 229-33

CODEN: FEBLAL; ISSN: 0014-5793

DT Journal

LA English

CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)

AB The authors previously identified a benzyloxycarbonyl(Z)-Leu-Leu-4-

methylcoumaryl-7-amide (ZLLL-MCA) degrading activity in proteasome as a candidate for the regulator of neurite outgrowth. As its

counterpart, the authors purified a protein from bovine brain that specifically inhibits the ZLLL-MCA degrading activity in proteasome. This protein is heat stable and has no effect on the other catalytic activities in proteasome, or on the activities of trypsin, chymotrypsin, or m- and .mu.-calpains either. The molar ratio of inhibitor-to-proteasome that inhibits 50% of the ZLLL-MCA degrading activity of proteasome is 1:1. The inhibitory mechanism

of the

inhibitor against proteasome is non-competitive. Finally, the inhibitor

was identified as heat-shock protein 90 (HSP90) by partial amino acid

sequencing and immunodetection. The results suggest that HSP90 initiates

neurite outgrowth through the inhibition of the ZLLL-MCA degrading activity in proteasome.

ST proteasome tripeptide degrading activity inhibitor brain; heat shock protein 90 proteasome inhibitor; HSP90 inhibition tripeptide degrading activity proteasome

IT Brain

(heat-shock protein 90 of, purifn. and characterization of, inhibition of benzyloxycarbonyl-Leu-Leu-methylcoumaryl amide degrading activity in proteasome in relation to)

IT Protein sequences

(of heat-shock protein 90 of brain, inhibition of benzyloxycarbonyl-Leu-Leu-methylcoumaryl amide degrading activity in relation to)

IT Phosphoproteins

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(hsp 90, of brain, purifn. and characterization of, inhibition of benzyloxycarbonyl-Leu-Leu-methylcoumaryl amide degrading activity in

proteasome in relation to)

IT 140879-24-9P, Proteasome

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(benzyloxycarbonyl-Leu-Leu-methylcoumaryl amide degrading activity

in, inhibitor for, purifn. and characterization of and identification as heat-shock protein 90, of brain)

IT 152015-61-7

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(proteasome with degrading activity for, heat-shock protein 90 as inhibitor of)

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:48618 CAPLUS

DN 120:48618

TI Purification and characterization of Z-Leu-Leu-Leu-MCA degrading protease

expected to regulate neurite formation: A novel catalytic activity in proteasome

AU Tsubuki, Satoshi; Kawasaki, Hiroshi; Saito, Yumiko; Miyashita, Namiko;

Inomata, Mitsushi; Kawashima, Seiichi

CS Dep. Mol. Biol., Tokyo Metrop. Inst. Med. Sci., Tokyo, 113, Japan

SO Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. (1993), 196(3), 1195-201

CODEN: BBRCA9; ISSN: 0006-291X

DT Journal

LA English

CC 7-2 (Enzymes)

Section cross-reference(s): 13

AB A tripeptide aldehyde protease inhibitor, benzyloxycarbonyl (Z)-Leu-Leu-leucinal (ZLLLal), initiates neurite outgrowth in PC12 cells

at an optimal concn. of 30nM. This result suggests the existence of a protease which regulates neurite formation in PC12 cells. The authors

report here an attempt to identify this target protease in bovine brain using Z-Leu-Leu-4-methylcoumaryl-7-amide (ZLLL-MCA), in which the aldehyde moiety of ZLLLal was changed to 4-methylcoumaryl-7-

amide to serve as a substrate for the protease. As a result, the authors have purified a proteasome with a mol. wt. of about 660 kDa as a ZLLL-MCA degrading protease. The activity of the proteasome was inhibited efficiently by ZLLLal, and was different from known catalytic

activities of proteasome in some aspects, suggesting it to be a novel one.

Thus, the proteasome may be involved in the regulation of neurite formation in PC12 cells.

ST brain proteasome tripeptide degrading proteinase; neurite development
proteasome tripeptide degrading proteinase

IT Nervous system
(development of, proteasome-dependent tripeptide deriv.-degrdn. protease function in)

IT Development, mammalian
(of nervous system, proteasome-dependent tripeptide deriv.-degrdn. protease function in)

IT Brain, composition
(tripeptide deriv.-degrdn. protease of proteasome of, purifn. and characterization of, neurite formation in relation to)

IT Nerve, metabolism
(axon, formation of, in PC12 cells, proteasome-dependent tripeptide deriv.-degrdn. protease effect on)

IT 152015-61-7
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(Proteasome-dependent protease of brain specificity for, neurite formation in relation to)

IT 133407-82-6
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(proteasome-dependent protease inhibition by, neurite formation in relation to)

IT 140879-24-9P, Proteasome
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(tripeptide deriv.-degrading, protease dependent on, of brain, purifn.
and characterization of, neurite formation in relation to)

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 1992:609778 CAPLUS
DN 117:209778

TI Possible involvement of clathrin in neuritogenesis induced by a protease
inhibitor (benzyloxycarbonyl-Leu-Leu-Leu-aldehyde) in PC12 cells
AU Saito, Yumiko; Tsubuki, Satoshi; Ito, Hisashi; Ohmi-Imajo, Shinobu;
Kawashima, Seiichi
CS Dep. Enzyme Biochem., Tokyo Metrop. Inst. Gerontol., Tokyo, 173, Japan
SO J. Biochem. (Tokyo) (1992), 112(4), 448-55
CODEN: JOBIAO; ISSN: 0021-924X
DT Journal
LA English
CC 13-6 (Mammalian Biochemistry)
AB Previous reports showed that benzyloxycarbonyl (Z)-Leu-Leu-Leu-aldehyde
(ZLLal) induces neurite outgrowth in PC12 cells, and that 33-, 35-, and
180-kDa proteins from PC12 cells elute specifically from a Leu-Leu-Leu-al
(ZLLal)-coupled affinity column. Several lines of evidence suggest
that
the 33-, 35-, and 180-kDa proteins are components of clathrin, well-known
for its role in endocytosis. Sepn. of clathrin into its heavy and light
chains showed that the clathrin heavy chains have the ability to bind
to a
ZLLal affinity column directly. Furthermore, ZLLal enhances the
rate of
polymn. of clathrin triskelion to the coat structure. ZLLL-COOH
does not cause neurite outgrowth in PC12 cells, and has no effect on
the
rate of clathrin polymn. On immunocytochem. anal. of PC12 cells
with an
anti-clathrin heavy chain antibody, enhanced staining of the clathrin
heavy chain was obsd. concomitantly with neurite outgrowth initiated
by
ZLLal, but not by NGF. This study provides new insights into both
the
role of the clathrin mol. and the regulatory mechanism of neurite

outgrowth.

ST clathrin neurite outgrowth proteinase inhibitor

IT Clathrins
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(proteinase inhibitor interaction with, in neurons, neurite outgrowth response to)

IT Nerve
(neurite, outgrowth of, proteinase inhibitor induction of, clathrin involvement in)

IT 133407-82-6
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(neurite outgrowth in nerve cells induced by, clathrins involvement in)

L7 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 1992:252916 CAPLUS
DN 116:252916

TI Isolation and characterization of possible target proteins responsible for
neurite outgrowth induced by a tripeptide aldehyde in PC12H cells
AU Saito, Yumiko; Tsubuki, Satoshi; Ito, Hisashi; Kawashima, Seiichi
CS Dep. Enzyme Biochem., Tokyo Metrop. Inst. Gerontol., Tokyo, 173, Japan
SO Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. (1992), 184(1), 419-26
CODEN: BBRCA9; ISSN: 0006-291X
DT Journal
LA English
CC 13-6 (Mammalian Biochemistry)
AB A tripeptide protease inhibitor, benzyloxycarbonyl-Leu-Leu-Leu-aldehyde
(ZLLal), induces the outgrowth of 1 or 2 long neurites from PC12 cells.
Since this neurite outgrowth is different from that induced by nerve growth factor (NGF) in some aspects, the existence of a mol. that regulates neurite formation in PC12 cells was expected. To identify a target mol., Leu-Leu-Leu-aldehyde (ZLLal) was immobilized as a ligand for
affinity chromatog. Proteins of 33-, 35-, and 180-kDa from the membrane
and cytoplasmic fractions of PC12 cells bound specifically to the affinity column. ZLLL-COOH has no ability to induce neurite outgrowth, and the 33-kDa, 35-kDa, and 180-kDa proteins do not bind to an LLL-COOH
coupled affinity column. By using the ZLLal-affinity column, the 33-kDa/35-kDa proteins were found to be converted to 36-kDa/38-kDa
proteins during brain development in rats. These results suggest that ZLLal-binding proteins are involved in neuronal differentiation.
ST neurite outgrowth leucylleucylleucylaldehyde binding protein;
nerve
differentiation leucylleucylleucylaldehyde binding protein
IT Nerve
(differentiation of, leucylleucylleucylaldehyde stimulation of, binding
proteins in relation to)

IT Membrane, biological
(leucylleucylleucylaldehyde-binding proteins assocn. with, of nerve)

IT Heart, composition
Muscle, composition
(leucylleucylleucylaldehyde-binding proteins of)

IT Development, mammalian
Embryo
(leucylleucylleucylaldehyde-binding proteins of brain in)

IT Brain, composition
(leucylleucylleucylaldehyde-binding proteins of, in ontogeny)

IT Proteins, specific or class
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(leucylleucylleucylaldehyde-binding, 180,000-mol.-wt., of nerve, neurite outgrowth in relation to)

IT Proteins, specific or class
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(leucylleucylleucylaldehyde-binding, 33,000-mol.-wt., of nerve,

neurite
 outgrowth in relation to)
 IT Proteins, specific or class
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (leucylleucylleucylaldehyde-binding, 35,000-mol.-wt., of nerve,
 neurite
 outgrowth in relation to)
 IT Proteins, specific or class
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (leucylleucylleucylaldehyde-binding, 36,000-mol.-wt., of brain in
 ontogeny)
 IT Proteins, specific or class
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (leucylleucylleucylaldehyde-binding, 38,000-mol.-wt., of brain in
 ontogeny)
 IT Cell differentiation
 (of nerve, leucylleucylleucylaldehyde stimulation of, binding
 proteins
 in relation to)
 IT Cytoplasm
 (cytosol, leucylleucylleucylaldehyde-binding proteins of, of nerve)
 IT Nerve
 (neurite, outgrowth of, leucylleucylleucylaldehyde stimulation of,
 binding proteins in relation to)
 IT 141607-20-7
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (neurite outgrowth stimulation by, binding proteins in relation to)

=> s zlln
 0 ZLLN
 L8 0 ZLLN

=> s z-lln
 317877 Z
 44 LLN
 L9 0 Z-LLN
 (Z(W)LLN)

=> s ?leucinyl-l-norvalinal
 102 ?LEUCINYL
 1214675 L
 15 NORVALINAL
 L10 1 ?LEUCINYL-L-NORVALINAL
 (?LEUCINYL(W)L(W)NORVALINAL)

=> d all

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 1997:622103 CAPLUS
 DN 127:305542

TI Detection of in vivo proteasome activity in a starfish oocyte using
 membrane-impermeant substrate
 AU Chiba, Kazuyoshi; Sato, Eisuke; Hoshi, Motonori
 CS Department of Life Science, Tokyo Institute of Technology,
 Yokohama, 226,
 Japan
 SO Journal of Biochemistry (Tokyo) (1997), 122(2), 286-293
 CODEN: JOBIAO; ISSN: 0021-924X
 PB Japanese Biochemical Society
 DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 12-1 (Nonmammalian Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 7
 AB A method was investigated for monitoring the activity of
 protease(s) in
 cytosol of a single starfish oocyte using succinyl-Phe-Leu-Arg-
 coumarylarnido-4-methanesulfonic acid as the substrate, which was
 injected
 into the cell. After preincubation of immature oocytes with a
 proteasome
 inhibitor, N-carbobenzoxy-L-leucinyl-L-leucinyl-L-
 norvalinal, the initial hydrolysis of the substrate was remarkably
 inhibited. The inhibitor blocked 1-methyl-adenine-triggered cyclin

degrdn., which is known to be mediated by proteasome. However,
 calpain
 inhibitor E-64 did not inhibit the hydrolysis of the substrate. These
 results suggested that the protease activity measured by this method
 is
 mainly attributable to cytoplasmic proteasome. The hydrolysis of the
 substrate was partially inhibited by bestatin, suggesting that the
 substrate was cleaved by aminopeptidase. Thus, the initial velocity
 of
 hydrolysis of the substrate (V0) by proteasome was assayed in a
 living
 oocyte after preinjection of bestatin. The values of V0 increased
 gradually after 1-methyladenine addn. and reached the max. level at
 the
 time corresponding to cyclin degrdn. The calcd. max. velocity of
 hydrolysis by a mature oocyte was approx. three times higher than
 that by
 an immature oocyte. The Michaelis-Menten const. value was also
 higher in
 mature than immature oocytes. These results suggest that
 proteasome-dependent proteolysis is regulated not only by
 ubiquitination
 of substrates, as is generally believed, but also by the proteasome
 activity itself.
 ST proteasome starfish oocyte maturation substrate
 IT Cytoplasm
 (cytosol; detection of in vivo proteasome activity in starfish oocyte
 using membrane-impermeant substrate)
 IT Asteroidea
 Oogenesis
 (detection of in vivo proteasome activity in starfish oocyte using
 membrane-impermeant substrate)
 IT Egg
 (oocyte; detection of in vivo proteasome activity in starfish oocyte
 using membrane-impermeant substrate)
 IT 140879-24-9, Multicatalytic proteinase
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except
 adverse);
 BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST
 (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (detection of in vivo proteasome activity in starfish oocyte using
 membrane-impermeant substrate)
 IT 197305-52-5
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPR (Biological process); BSU
 (Biological study, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL
 (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (detection of in vivo proteasome activity in starfish oocyte using
 membrane-impermeant substrate)

=> leucinyl?norval?
 LEUCINYL?NORVAL? IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
 The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
 For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
 "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (>).

=> s leucinyl?norval?
 "?" TRUNCATION SYMBOL NOT VALID WITHIN
 'LEUCINYL?NORVAL'?
 The truncation symbol ? may be used only at the end of a search
 term. To specify a variable character within a word use '!', e.g.,
 'wom!n' to search for both 'woman' and 'women'. Enter "HELP
 TRUNCATION" at an arrow prompt (>) for more information.

=> s leucinyl-l-norval?
 79 LEUCINYL
 1214675 L
 2227 NORVAL?
 L11 1 LEUCINYL-L-NORVAL?
 (?LEUCINYL(W)L(W)NORVAL?)

=> s leucinyl(w)norval?
 79 LEUCINYL

2227 NORVAL?
L12 2 LEUCINYL(W)NORVAL?

=> d ti 1-2

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Selective inhibitors of the proteasome-dependent and vacuolar pathways of protein degradation in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Ubiquitin-proteasome pathway mediated intracellular degradation of apolipoprotein B

=> d all 1-2

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 1996:681511 CAPLUS
DN 125:322631
TI Selective inhibitors of the proteasome-dependent and vacuolar pathways of protein degradation in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*
AU Lee, Do Hee; Goldberg, Alfred L.
CS Dep. Cell Biol., Harvard Med. Sch., Boston, MA, 02115, USA
SO J. Biol. Chem. (1996), 271(44), 27280-27284
CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258
DT Journal
LA English
CC 10-2 (Microbial, Algal, and Fungal Biochemistry)
AB We have studied whether various agents that inhibit purified yeast and mammalian 26 S proteasome can suppress the breakdown of different classes of proteins in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. The degrdn. of short-lived proteins was inhibited reversibly by peptide aldehyde inhibitors of proteasomes, carboxybenzoyl-leucinyl-leucinyl-leucinal (MG132) and carboxybenzoyl-leucinyl-leucinyl-norvalinal (MG115), in a yeast mutant with enhanced permeability, but not in wild-type strains.
Lactacystin, an irreversible proteasome inhibitor, had no effect, but the .beta.-lactone deriv. of lactacystin, which directly reacts with proteasomes, inhibited the degrdn. of short-lived proteins. These inhibitors also blocked the rapid ubiquitin-dependent breakdown of a .beta.-galactosidase fusion protein and caused accumulation of enzymically active mols. in cells. The degrdn. of the bulk of cell proteins, which are long-lived mols., was not blocked by proteasome inhibitors, but could be blocked by phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride. This agent, which inhibits multiple vacuolar proteases, did not affect the proteasome or breakdown of short-lived proteins. These two classes of inhibitors can thus be used to distinguish the cytosolic and vacuolar proteolytic pathways and to increase the cellular content of short-lived proteins.
ST proteasome vacuole protease inhibitor *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*
IT *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (selective inhibitors of the proteasome-dependent and vacuolar pathways of protein degrdn. in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)
IT Proteins, specific or class
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(abnormal, selective inhibitors of the proteasome-dependent and vacuolar pathways of protein degrdn. in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)
IT Proteins, specific or class
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(long-lived, selective inhibitors of the proteasome-dependent and vacuolar pathways of protein degrdn. in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)
IT Biological transport

(permeation, differential effect of proteasome inhibitors on *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* wild-type and mutant strains in relation to)

IT Proteins, specific or class
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(short-lived, selective inhibitors of the proteasome-dependent and vacuolar pathways of protein degrdn. in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)

IT Organelle
(vacuole, selective inhibitors of the proteasome-dependent and vacuolar pathways of protein degrdn. in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)

IT 140879-24-9, Proteasome
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(26 S; selective inhibitors of the proteasome-dependent and vacuolar pathways of protein degrdn. in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)

IT 329-98-6, Phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride. 60267-61-0, Ubiquitin 133343-34-7, Lactacystin 133407-82-6 133407-86-0, MG115 154226-60-5
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)
(selective inhibitors of the proteasome-dependent and vacuolar pathways of protein degrdn. in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)

IT 37259-58-8, Serine proteinase
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(selective inhibitors of the proteasome-dependent and vacuolar pathways of protein degrdn. in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 1996:607542 CAPLUS
DN 125:241026
TI Ubiquitin-proteasome pathway mediated intracellular degradation of apolipoprotein B
AU Yeung, S. Jim; Chen, San Hwan; Chan, Lawrence
CS Department of Medicine, Baylor College of Medicine, Houston, TX, 77030, USA
SO Biochemistry (1996), 35(43), 13843-13848
CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960
DT Journal
LA English
CC 6-1 (General Biochemistry)
AB Newly synthesized apolipoprotein B (apoB) is degraded by a proteolytic process in the pre-Golgi compartment that can be inhibited by N-acetyl-L-leucinyl-L-leucinyl-L-norleucinal (ALLN) but not by several other protease inhibitors. We have tested the hypothesis that the ubiquitin-proteasome pathway is involved in the intracellular degrdn. of apoB in liver cells. Inhibitors of proteasomes blocked the degrdn. of apoB in cultured human hepatoma (HepG2) cells. Protein degrdn. by proteasomes is ATP-dependent, and ATP depletion by dinitrophenol and 2-deoxyglucose also inhibited apoB degrdn. in these cells. Furthermore, the intracellular human apoB isolated by immunopptn. was shown to react specifically with anti-ubiquitin antibody by immunoblotting. This result was corroborated by sequential immunopptn. of [³⁵S]methionine-labeled proteins by anti-human apoB and anti-ubiquitin antisera. In contrast, secreted apoB was not ubiquitinated. The amt. of intracellular ubiquitinated apoB was increased by the proteasome inhibitors, ALLN and carboxybenzoyl-leucinyl-leucinyl-norvalinal-H (MG115). Our findings suggest that the ubiquitin-proteasome pathway is one mechanism for the intracellular degrdn. of apoB.

ST apolipoprotein B degrdn liver ubiquitin proteasome
IT Liver
(ubiquitin-proteasome pathway mediated intracellular degrdn. of
apolipoprotein B in liver cell)
IT Lipoproteins
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC
(Process)
(apo-, B, ubiquitin-proteasome pathway mediated intracellular
degrdn.
of apolipoprotein B)
IT 60267-61-0, Ubiquitin 140879-24-9, Proteasome
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC
(Process)
(ubiquitin-proteasome pathway mediated intracellular degrdn. of
apolipoprotein B)

=> s ?norvalinal
L13 16 ?NORVALINAL

$\Rightarrow d \in$

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
T1 Role of proteasomal degradation in the cell cycle-dependent regulation of
DNA topoisomerase II.alpha. expression

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431035-49-3

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<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=> E "?NORVALINAL"/CN 25
 E1 1 ??(PSEUDOMONAS STRAIN S-47 CLONE PCSP21
 GENE XYLL)/CN
 E2 1 ?H-CYCLOHEPTA(C)FURAN/CN
 E3 0 --> ?NORVALINAL/CN
 E4 1 A/CN
 E5 1 A (EC:5.99.1.-) (RICKETTSIA CONORI STRAIN
 MALISH 7 GENE PARC)/CN
 E6 1 A / G SPECIFIC ADENINE GLYCOSYLASE
 (PSEUDOMONAS AERUGINOSA STRAIN PAO1 GENE
 MULTY/CN

E7	1	A 0/CN
E8	1	A 0 (POLYAMIDE)/CN
E9	1	A 002/CN
E10	1	A 002 (POLYOL)/CN
E11	1	A 002 (POLYOL), POLYMER WITH B 002 (ISOCYANATE)/CN
E12	2	A 007/CN
E13	1	A 007 (URETHANE)/CN
E14	1	A 008/CN
E15	1	A 0089/CN
E16	2	A 01/CN
E17	1	A 01 (ADHESIVE)/CN
E18	1	A 01 (DYE AUXILIARY)/CN
E19	1	A 0111/CN
E20	1	A 013/CN
E21	1	A 01H/CN
E22	1	A 01L/CN
E23	1	A 01M/CN
E24	1	A 02011-1/CN
E25	1	A 02056/CN

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=> s ?norvalinal?
L14 71 ?NORVALINAL?

=> dup rem l14
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L14
L15 40 DUP REM L14 (31 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s ?leucinal?
L16 1235 ?LEUCINAL?

=> s ?aa?

?AAV? NOT LONG ENOUGH FOR LEFT TRUNCATION

?AAV? NOT LONG ENOUGH FOR LEFT TRUNCATION

?AAV? NOT LONG ENOUGH FOR LEFT TRUNCATION

You have entered a truncated stem whose length is less than the minimum allowed for left truncation in the requested search field. You may increase the length of the stem to the minimum allowed and try again. Enter HELP SFIELDS to find the minimum stem length for left truncation in the requested search field.

=> s adeno-associated
L17 5751 ADENO-ASSOCIATED

=> s 116 and 117
L18 0 L16 AND L17

=> s 115 and 117
L19 0 L15 AND L17

=> log hold
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

gene by
direct injection into liver parenchyma decreases blood glucose of
diabetic
mice
SO Hormone and Metabolic Research (1997), 29(12), 599-603
CODEN: HMMRA2; ISSN: 0018-5043

L5 ANSWER 33 OF 47 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Gene therapy strategies for genetic diseases
SO Studies in Stomatology and Craniofacial Biology (1997), 559-585.
Editor(s): Cohen, M. Michael, Jr.; Baum, Bruce J. Publisher: IOS
Press,
Amsterdam, Neth.
CODEN: 64SKAK

L5 ANSWER 34 OF 47 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 23
TI Persistent and therapeutic concentrations of human factor IX in mice
after
hepatic gene transfer of recombinant AAV vectors.
SO NATURE GENETICS, (1997 Jul) 16 (3) 270-6.
Journal code: 9216904. ISSN: 1061-4036.

L5 ANSWER 35 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL
ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Persistent expression to human coagulation Factor IX following
administration of AAV vectors to mouse muscle and liver.
SO Blood, (Nov. 15, 1997) Vol. 90, No. 10 SUPPL. 1 PART 1, pp.
240A.
Meeting Info.: 39th Annual Meeting of the American Society of
Hematology
San Diego, California, USA December 5-9, 1997 The American
Society of
Hematology
. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L5 ANSWER 36 OF 47 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 24
TI Adeno-associated virus 2-mediated gene transfer in vivo: organ-
tropism and
expression of transduced sequences in mice.
SO GENE, (1997 Apr 29) 190 (1) 203-10.
Journal code: 7706761. ISSN: 0378-1119.

L5 ANSWER 37 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL
ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Adeno-associated virus (AAV) as a gene delivery vector
for liver-cells.
SO Hepatology, (1997) Vol. 26, No. 4 PART 2, pp. 197A.
Meeting Info.: 48th Annual Meeting of the American Association for
the
Study of Liver Diseases Chicago, Illinois, USA November 7-11,
1997
ISSN: 0270-9139.

L5 ANSWER 38 OF 47 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Use of a non-mammalian DNA virus to express an exogenous gene
in a
mammalian cell for gene therapy in treatment of gene deficiency
disorder
or liver cancer
SO PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L5 ANSWER 39 OF 47 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 25
TI Transduction with recombinant adeno-associated virus for gene
therapy is
limited by leading-strand synthesis.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1996 Jan) 70 (1) 520-32.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L5 ANSWER 40 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Selective killing of AFP-positive hepatocellular carcinoma cells by
adeno-associated virus transfer of the herpes simplex virus thymidine
kinase gene.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1996 Mar 1) 7 (4) 463-70.

Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L5 ANSWER 41 OF 47 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 26
TI Autonomous parvovirus transduction of a gene under control of
tissue-specific or inducible promoters.
SO GENE THERAPY, (1996 Jan) 3 (1) 28-36.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L5 ANSWER 42 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Drug management of noninfective complications of cystic fibrosis.
SO DRUGS, (1995 Oct) 50 (4) 626-35. Ref: 40
Journal code: 7600076. ISSN: 0012-6667.

L5 ANSWER 43 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Gene transfer to the thymus. A means of abrogating the immune
response to
recombinant adenovirus.
SO ANNALS OF SURGERY, (1995 Sep) 222 (3) 229-39; discussion
239-42.
Journal code: 0372354. ISSN: 0003-4932.

L5 ANSWER 44 OF 47 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 27
TI [Experimental infection of green monkeys with adenoassociated
virus].
Eksperimental'naia infektsiia zelenykh martyshek
adenoassotsirovannym
virusom.
SO VOPROSY VIRUSOLOGII, (1981 Jan-Feb) (1) 82-9.
Journal code: 0417337. ISSN: 0507-4088.

L5 ANSWER 45 OF 47 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 28
TI [Antigens of adeno-associated viruses in children dying from acute
respiratory disease].
Antigeny adenoassotsirovannykh virusov u detei, umershikh ot
ostrogo
respiratornogo zabolевaniia.
SO VOPROSY VIRUSOLOGII, (1977) (1) 82-7.
Journal code: 0417337. ISSN: 0507-4088.

L5 ANSWER 46 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL
ABSTRACTS INC.
TI SOME PROPERTIES OF AVIAN ADENOVIRUSES ISOLATED
FROM CHICKENS WITH
INCLUSION BODY HEPATITIS IN JAPAN.
SO AVIAN DIS, (1976) 20 (4), 693-705.
CODEN: AVDIA1. ISSN: 0005-2086.

L5 ANSWER 47 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL
ABSTRACTS INC.
TI GROWTH OF ADENO ASSOCIATED SATELLITE VIRUS IN
DOGS IN THE PRESENCE OF
INFECTIOUS CANINE HEPATITIS VIRUS.
SO JPN J VET RES, (1975) 23 (3), 95-100.
CODEN: JJVRAE. ISSN: 0047-1917.

=> s transgene
L6 39542 TRANSGENE

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:28:55 ON 19 JUN 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:29:05 ON
19 JUN 2002
L1 5751 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED
L2 1438993 S LIVER
L3 195 S L1(S)L2
L4 87 S L3 NOT PY>1999
L5 47 DUP REM L4 (40 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L6 39542 S TRANSGENE

=> s l6 and l5
L7 12 L6 AND L5

=> d ti so 1-12

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 12 MEDLINE

TI Selective uptake and sustained expression of AAV vectors following subcutaneous delivery.

SO JOURNAL OF GENE MEDICINE, (1999 Jan-Feb) 1 (1) 31-42.
Journal code: 9815764. ISSN: 1099-498X.

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 12 MEDLINE

TI Gene transfer into the CNS using recombinant adeno-associated virus:
analysis of vector DNA forms resulting in sustained expression.

SO JOURNAL OF DRUG TARGETING, (1999 Dec) 7 (4) 269-83.
Journal code: 9312476. ISSN: 1061-186X.

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 12 MEDLINE

TI Intravenous angiotensinogen antisense in AAV-based vector
decreases
hypertension.

SO AMERICAN JOURNAL OF PHYSIOLOGY, (1999 Dec) 277 (6 Pt 2) H2392-9.
Journal code: 0370511. ISSN: 0002-9513.

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 12 MEDLINE

TI Isolation of recombinant adeno-associated virus
vector-cellular DNA junctions from mouse liver.

SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1999 Jul) 73 (7) 5438-47.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 12 MEDLINE

TI Liver-directed gene transfer vectors.

SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Sep 20) 9 (14) 1975-81. Ref:
96
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 12 MEDLINE

TI Adeno-associated viral vector-mediated gene transfer
of human blood coagulation factor IX into mouse liver.

SO BLOOD, (1998 Jun 15) 91 (12) 4600-7.
Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L7 ANSWER 7 OF 12 MEDLINE

TI Transient immunosuppression allows transgene expression
following readministration of adeno-associated viral vectors.

SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Mar 1) 9 (4) 477-85.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L7 ANSWER 8 OF 12 MEDLINE

TI Adeno-associated virus type 2-mediated gene transfer: correlation of
tyrosine phosphorylation of the cellular single-stranded D
sequence-binding protein with transgene expression in human
cells in vitro and murine tissues in vivo.

SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1998 Feb) 72 (2) 1593-9.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L7 ANSWER 9 OF 12 MEDLINE

TI Gene transfer to the thymus. A means of abrogating the immune
response to
recombinant adenovirus.

SO ANNALS OF SURGERY, (1995 Sep) 222 (3) 229-39; discussion
239-42.
Journal code: 0372354. ISSN: 0003-4932.

L7 ANSWER 10 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL
ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Human liver cell-specific transgene expression
mediated by recombinant adeno-associated virus 2
vectors.

SO Blood, (Nov. 15, 1998) Vol. 92, No. 10 SUPPL. 1 PART 1-2, pp.
149A.

Meeting Info.: 40th Annual Meeting of the American Society of
Hematology
Miami Beach, Florida, USA December 4-8, 1998 The American

Society of
Hematology
. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L7 ANSWER 11 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Development of animal models for adeno-associated virus site-
specific
integration

SO Journal of Virology (1999), 73(3), 2517-2526
CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X

L7 ANSWER 12 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI The kinetics of rAAV integration in the liver

SO Nature Genetics (1998), 19(1), 13-15
CODEN: NGENEC; ISSN: 1061-4036

=> s edta
L8 122109 EDTA

=> s11 and l8
S11 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (>).

=> s l1 and l8
L9 7 L1 AND L8

=> dup rem l9
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L9
L10 5 DUP REM L9 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti so 1-5

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Method of inducing an immunological CTL response by lymphatic
system
delivery of peptide vaccine
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 48 pp., Cont.-in-part of U. S. Ser. No.
380,534.
CODEN: USXXCO

L10 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Method of treating cells of the prostate prophylactically or
therapeutically with a nucleic acid
SO PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Methods and compositions for increasing infectivity of retrovirus
vectors
to epithelial tissues and treatment of epithelial disorders
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 113 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 5 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1
TI AlphaVbeta5 integrin: a co-receptor for adeno-associated
virus type 2 infection.
SO NATURE MEDICINE, (1999 Jan) 5 (1) 78-82.
Journal code: 9502015. ISSN: 1078-8956.

L10 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Complementation of adeno-associated virus by
temperature-sensitive mutants of human adenovirus and herpesvirus
SO Replication Mamm. Parvoviruses (1978), 109-18. Editor(s): Ward,
David C.;
Tattersall, Peter. Publisher: Cold Spring Harbor Lab., Cold Spring
Harbor,
N. Y.
CODEN: 38WXA6

=> d ibib ab l7 7,6

L7 ANSWER 7 OF 12 MEDLINE
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998184221 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98184221 PubMed ID: 9525309
 TITLE: Transient immunosuppression allows **transgene** expression following readministration of adeno-associated viral vectors.
 AUTHOR: Manning W C; Zhou S; Bland M P; Escobedo J A; Dwarki V
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Chiron Corporation, Emeryville, CA 94608, USA
 SOURCE: HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Mar 1) 9 (4) 477-85.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 199804
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980507
 Last Updated on STN: 19980507
 Entered Medline: 19980429

AB Adeno-associated viral (AAV) vectors have much promise in gene therapy. Among the many properties that make AAV an ideal vector for gene therapy are its ability to infect both dividing and nondividing cells and the longevity of expression in tissues such as brain, skeletal muscle, and **liver**. However, like other viral vectors, readministration of vector is limited because of the host's immune response to viral components of the vector. Using class I, class II, and CD40 ligand (CD40L)-deficient mice, we demonstrate that neutralizing antibodies to the viral capsid proteins prevent **transgene** expression following readministration of rAAV vectors. Transient immunosuppression of mice by treatment with antibody to CD4 at the time of primary infection allowed **transgene** expression after readministration of rAAV vectors to animals. Transient immunosuppression with antibody to CD40L had only a modest effect on the efficacy of readministration. The ability to readminister virus was inversely correlated with both AAV capsid enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay titers and AAV neutralizing antibody titers. These studies demonstrate that readministration of rAAV can be accomplished by down regulating the anti-AAV immune response and suggest the use of repeated administration of rAAV as a viable form of therapy for the treatment of chronic diseases.

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 12 MEDLINE
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998282203 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98282203 PubMed ID: 9616156
 TITLE: Adeno-associated viral vector-mediated gene transfer of human blood coagulation factor IX into mouse **liver**.
 AUTHOR: Nakai H; Herzog R W; Hagstrom J N; Walter J; Kung S H; Yang E Y; Tai S J; Iwaki Y; Kurtzman G J; Fisher K J; Colosi P; Couto L B; High K A
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Avigen, Inc, Alameda, CA, USA
 CONTRACT NUMBER: P50 HL54500 (NHLBI)
 R01 HL53668 (NHLBI)
 SOURCE: BLOOD, (1998 Jun 15) 91 (12) 4600-7.
 Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 199806
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980713
 Last Updated on STN: 19980713

Entered Medline: 19980630
 AB Recombinant adeno-associated virus vectors (AAV) were prepared in high titer (10(12) to 10(13) particles/mL) for the expression of human factor IX after in vivo transduction of murine hepatocytes. Injection of AAV-CMV-F.IX (expression from the human cytomegalovirus IE enhancer/promoter) into the portal vein of adult mice resulted in no detectable human factor IX in plasma, but in mice injected intravenously as newborns with the same vector, expression was initially 55 to 110 ng/mL. The expression in the **liver** was mostly transient, and plasma levels decreased to undetectable levels within 5 weeks. However, long-term expression of human F.IX was detected by immunofluorescence staining in 0.25% of hepatocytes 8 to 10 months postinjection. The loss of expression was likely caused by suppression of the CMV promoter, because polymerase chain reaction data showed no substantial loss of vector DNA in mouse **liver**. A second vector in which F.IX expression was controlled by the human EF1alpha promoter was constructed and injected into the portal vein of adult C57BL/6 mice at a dose of 6.3 x 10(10) particles. This resulted in therapeutic plasma levels (200 to 320 ng/mL) for a period of at least 6 months, whereas no human F.IX was detected in plasma of mice injected with AAV-CMV-F.IX. Doses of AAV-EF1alpha-F. IX of 2.7 x 10(11) particles resulted in plasma levels of 700 to 3,200 ng/mL. Liver-derived expression of human F.IX from the AAV-EF1alpha-F.IX vector was confirmed by immunofluorescence staining. We conclude that recombinant AAV can efficiently transduce hepatocytes and direct stable expression of an F.IX **transgene** in mouse **liver**, but sustained expression is critically dependent on the choice of promoter.

=> d ibib ab 110 3

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:344459 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:343324
 TITLE: Methods and compositions for increasing infectivity of retrovirus vectors to epithelial tissues and treatment of epithelial disorders
 INVENTOR(S): Maclay, Paul B., Jr.; Wang, Goshan; Davidson, Billy; Bottner, Martykay; Herman, Steve M.; Jolly, Douglas J.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The University of Iowa Research Foundation, USA; Chiron Corp.
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 113 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000143548	A2	20000523	JP 1998-325721	19981116
AB Susceptibility of epithelial cells to viral infection, e.g. to retroviral vectors for gene therapy, is increased by contacting epithelial cells with a tissue-permeabilizing agents such as a hypotonic soln., ion				

chelators, cationic peptides, occludin peptide, cytoskeletal disruption agents, neurotransmitters, oxidants, inflammatory mediators, etc. The process also contains a step for proliferating the epithelial cell, e.g. by treatment with growth factors. Aerosol compns. contg. tissue-permeabilizing agents and cell growth factors are used for achieving the method. Also claimed are methods for treatment of epithelial disorders, e.g. lung cancer, bronchial cancer, asthma, surfactant protein B deficiency, .alpha.1-antitrypsin deficiency, or cystic fibrosis using the method before contacting the tissues with viral vectors.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:28:55 ON 19 JUN 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:29:05 ON 19 JUN 2002

L1 5751 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED
 L2 1438993 S LIVER
 L3 195 S L1(S)L2
 L4 87 S L3 NOT PY>1999
 L5 47 DUP REM L4 (40 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
 L6 39542 S TRANSGENE
 L7 12 S L6 AND L5
 L8 122109 S EDTA
 L9 7 S L1 AND L8
 L10 5 DUP REM L9 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s dog
 L11 594168 DOG

=> s l1(s)l11
 L12 48 L1(S) L11

=> dup rem l12
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L12
 L13 31 DUP REM L12 (17 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s l13 not py>1999
 L14 10 L13 NOT PY>1999

=> d l13 1-10

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 31 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1
 AN 2002210650 MEDLINE
 DN 21926810 PubMed ID: 11929752
 TI Sustained phenotypic correction of hemophilia B dogs with a factor IX null

mutation by liver-directed gene therapy.
 AU Mount Jane D; Herzog Roland W; Tillson D Michael; Goodman Susan A;
 Robinson Nancy; McCleland Mark L; Bellinger Dwight; Nichols Timothy C;
 Arruda Valder R; Lothrop Clinton D Jr; High Katherine A
 CS Scott-Ritchey Research Center and Department of Clinical Sciences, College
 of Veterinary Sciences, Auburn University, AL, USA.
 NC R01 HL61921 (NHLBI)

SO BLOOD, (2002 Apr 15) 99 (8) 2670-6.
 Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.
 CY United States
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LA English
 FS Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals
 EM 200206
 ED Entered STN: 20020412
 Last Updated on STN: 20020618
 Entered Medline: 20020617

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 31 MEDLINE

AN 2002316209 IN-PROCESS
 DN 22054319 PubMed ID: 12058500
 TI [In Process Citation].
 Fortschritte in der somatischen Gentherapie von Netzhautdegenerationen am Tiermodell.
 AU Schlichtenbrede F C; Sarra G M; Ali R R; Wiedemann P; Reichel M B
 CS Klinik und Poliklinik fur Augenheilkunde, Universitat Leipzig.
 SO OPHTHALMOLOGE, (2002 Apr) 99 (4) 259-65.
 Journal code: 9206148. ISSN: 0941-293X.
 CY Germany; Germany, Federal Republic of
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LA German
 FS IN-PROCESS; NONINDEXED; Priority Journals
 ED Entered STN: 20020613
 Last Updated on STN: 20020613

L13 ANSWER 3 OF 31 MEDLINE
 AN 2001574004 MEDLINE
 DN 21538077 PubMed ID: 11681005
 TI Possibility and future problems of gene therapy for gastric cancer.
 AU Matsukura N; Onda M; Shimada T
 CS First Department of Surgery, Nippon Medical School, Tokyo, Japan.
 SO NIPPON GEKA GAKKAI ZASSHI. JOURNAL OF JAPAN SURGICAL SOCIETY, (2001 Oct) 102 (10) 778-82.
 Journal code: 0405405. ISSN: 0301-4894.
 CY Japan
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LA Japanese
 FS Priority Journals
 EM 200112
 ED Entered STN: 20011030
 Last Updated on STN: 20020123
 Entered Medline: 20011207

L13 ANSWER 4 OF 31 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 AN 2002:220520 BIOSIS
 DN PREV200200220520
 TI Induction of immunological tolerance to a coagulation factor antigen by hepatic gene transfer.
 AU Mingozi, Federico (1); Arruda, Valder R. (1); Liu, Yi-Lin (1); Wang, YuQuin (1); Liu, Jian Hua (1); Kaufhold, Antje (1); High, Katherine A. (1); Herzog, Roland W. (1)
 CS (1) Pediatrics and Pathology, Childrens Hospital of Philadelphia and
 University of Pennsylvania Medical Center, Philadelphia, PA USA
 SO Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 694a.
 http://www.bloodjournal.org/. print.
 Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology, Part 1 Orlando, Florida, USA December 07-11, 2001
 ISSN: 0006-4971.
 DT Conference
 LA English

L13 ANSWER 5 OF 31 MEDLINE
 AN 2001557795 MEDLINE
 DN 21489918 PubMed ID: 11604045
 TI Gene therapy for muscular dystrophies: current status and future prospects.
 AU Takeda S; Miyagoe-Suzuki Y
 CS Department of Molecular Therapy, National Institute of Neuroscience,
 National Center of Neurology and Psychiatry, Tokyo, Japan.. takeda@ncnp@go.jp
 SO BioDrugs, (2001) 15 (10) 635-44. Ref: 50
 Journal code: 9705305. ISSN: 1173-8804.

CY New Zealand
DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
General Review; (REVIEW)
(REVIEW LITERATURE)
LA English
FS Priority Journals
EM 200112
ED Entered STN: 20011018
Last Updated on STN: 20020122
Entered Medline: 20011227

L13 ANSWER 6 OF 31 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 2
AN 2001692519 MEDLINE
DN 21602945 PubMed ID: 11735343
TI Lack of germline transmission of vector sequences following systemic administration of recombinant AAV-2 vector in males.
AU Arruda V R; Fields P A; Milner R; Wainwright L; De Miguel M P; Donovan P
D; Flake A
W; Couto L; Kay M A; High K A
CS The Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, and Department of Pediatrics,
University of Pennsylvania School of Medicine, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
19104, USA.
NC HL64274 (NHLBI)
P01 HL64190 (NHLBI)
SO MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2001 Dec) 4 (6) 586-92.
Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.
CY United States
DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LA English
FS Priority Journals
EM 200202
ED Entered STN: 20011213
Last Updated on STN: 20020207
Entered Medline: 20020206

L13 ANSWER 7 OF 31 MEDLINE
AN 2001495995 MEDLINE
DN 21429707 PubMed ID: 11543874
TI Molecular pathophysiology and targeted therapeutics for muscular dystrophy.
AU Hoffman E P; Dressman D
CS Research Center for Genetic Medicine, Children's National Medical Center,
Washington DC 20010, USA.. ehoffman@cnmc.org
SO TRENDS IN PHARMACOLOGICAL SCIENCES, (2001 Sep) 22 (9) 465-70. Ref: 58
Journal code: 7906158. ISSN: 0165-6147.
CY England: United Kingdom
DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
General Review; (REVIEW)
(REVIEW, TUTORIAL)
LA English
FS Priority Journals
EM 200110
ED Entered STN: 20010910
Last Updated on STN: 20011029
Entered Medline: 20011025

L13 ANSWER 8 OF 31 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
AN 2001:321416 BIOSIS
DN PREV200100321416
TI Adeno-associated virus mediated gene transfer in the retinal pigment epithelium of the RPE65 mutant dog.
AU Ray, J. (1); Scarpino, V. (1); Hauswirth, W.; Pearce-Kelling, S. (1); Acland, G. (1); Aguirre, G. (1)
CS (1) J. A. Baker Institute for Animal Health, Cornell University, Ithaca,
NY USA

SO IOVS, (March 15, 2001) Vol. 42, No. 4, pp. S346. print.
 Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Association for Research in Vision
 and Ophthalmology Fort Lauderdale, Florida, USA April 29-May 04, 2001
 DT Conference
 LA English
 SL English

L13 ANSWER 9 OF 31 MEDLINE
 AN 2001498386 MEDLINE
 DN 21432000 PubMed ID: 11545609
 TI Muscle-directed gene transfer and transient immune suppression result in sustained partial correction of canine hemophilia B caused by a null mutation.
 AU Herzog R W; Mount J D; Arruda V R; High K A; Lothrop C D Jr
 CS Department of Pediatrics, University of Pennsylvania Medical Center,
 Philadelphia, PA 19104, USA.
 NC R01 HL61921 (NHLBI)
 SO MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2001 Sep) 4 (3) 192-200.
 Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.
 CY United States
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LA English
 FS Priority Journals
 EM 200111
 ED Entered STN: 20010910
 Last Updated on STN: 20011105
 Entered Medline: 20011101

L13 ANSWER 10 OF 31 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 3
 AN 2001309385 MEDLINE
 DN 21225294 PubMed ID: 11326284
 TI Gene therapy restores vision in a canine model of childhood blindness.
 AU Acland G M; Aguirre G D; Ray J; Zhang Q; Aleman T S; Cideciyan A V;
 Pearce-Kelling S E; Anand V; Zeng Y; Maguire A M; Jacobson S G; Hauswirth W W; Bennett J
 CS James A. Baker Institute for Animal Health, College of Veterinary Medicine, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, USA.
 NC EY06855 (NEI)
 EY10820 (NEI)
 EY11123 (NEI)
 EY11142 (NEI)
 SO NATURE GENETICS, (2001 May) 28 (1) 92-5.
 Journal code: 9216904. ISSN: 1061-4036.
 CY United States
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LA English
 FS Priority Journals
 EM 200105
 ED Entered STN: 20010604
 Last Updated on STN: 20010604
 Entered Medline: 20010531

=> d ibib ab 9

L14 ANSWER 9 OF 10 MEDLINE
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 76073180 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 76073180 PubMed ID: 172685
 TITLE: Growth of adeno-associated satellite virus in dogs in the presence of infectious canine hepatitis virus.
 AUTHOR: Ishihara C; Yanagawa R
 SOURCE: JAPANESE JOURNAL OF VETERINARY RESEARCH, (1975 Jul) 23 (3) 95-100.
 Journal code: 0376567. ISSN: 0047-1917.
 PUB. COUNTRY: Japan

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 197602
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900313
Last Updated on STN: 19900313
Entered Medline: 19760209

=> d ibib ab l13 9

L13 ANSWER 9 OF 31 MEDLINE
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001498386 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 21432000 PubMed ID: 11545609
TITLE: Muscle-directed gene transfer and transient immune suppression result in sustained partial correction of canine hemophilia B caused by a null mutation.
AUTHOR: Herzog R W; Mount J D; Arruda V R; High K A; Lothrop C D Jr
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pediatrics, University of Pennsylvania Medical Center, Philadelphia, PA 19104, USA.
CONTRACT NUMBER: R01 HL61921 (NHLBI)
SOURCE: MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2001 Sep) 4 (3) 192-200.
Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States
Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 200111
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010910
Last Updated on STN: 20011105
Entered Medline: 20011101

AB The X-linked bleeding disorder hemophilia B is caused by absence of functional blood coagulation factor IX (F9) and can be treated by adeno-associated viral (AAV) mediated gene transfer to skeletal muscle. The safety of this approach is currently being evaluated in a phase I clinical trial. Efficacy of this and several other gene therapy strategies has been addressed in hemophilia B dogs, an important preclinical model of the disease. While previously published data demonstrated sustained expression of canine F9 in dogs with a missense mutation in the gene F9, we show here that AAV-mediated canine F9 gene transfer to skeletal muscle of hemophilia B dogs carrying a null mutation of F9 (causing an early stop codon and an unstable mRNA) results in induction of inhibitory anti-canine F9 at comparable vector doses (1 x 10(12) vector genomes/kg). Thus, the risk of inhibitor formation following AAV-mediated F9 gene therapy may be influenced by the nature of the underlying mutation in F9. Transient immune suppression with cyclophosphamide at the time of vector administration blocked formation of anti-canine F9 antibodies in the one animal treated with this approach. Treatment with this combination of gene transfer and transient immune modulation has resulted in sustained expression (>8 months) of canine F9 at levels sufficient for partial correction of coagulation parameters.

=> d ti so 1-10

L14 ANSWER 1 OF 10 MEDLINE
TI Gene therapy for hemophilia.
SO Curr Opin Mol Ther, (1999 Aug) 1 (4) 493-9. Ref: 52
Journal code: 100891485. ISSN: 1464-8431.

L14 ANSWER 2 OF 10 MEDLINE
TI Persistent expression of canine factor IX in hemophilia B canines.

SO GENE THERAPY, (1999 Oct) 6 (10) 1695-704.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L14 ANSWER 3 OF 10 MEDLINE
TI Persistent transgene product in retina, optic nerve and brain after intraocular injection of rAAV.
SO VISION RESEARCH, (1999 Jul) 39 (15) 2545-53.
Journal code: 0417402. ISSN: 0042-6989.

L14 ANSWER 4 OF 10 MEDLINE
TI Correction of hemophilia B in canine and murine models using recombinant adeno-associated viral vectors.
SO NATURE MEDICINE, (1999 Jan) 5 (1) 64-70.
Journal code: 9502015. ISSN: 1078-8956.

L14 ANSWER 5 OF 10 MEDLINE
TI Long-term correction of canine hemophilia B by gene transfer of blood coagulation factor IX mediated by adeno-associated viral vector.
SO NATURE MEDICINE, (1999 Jan) 5 (1) 56-63.
Journal code: 9502015. ISSN: 1078-8956.

L14 ANSWER 6 OF 10 MEDLINE
TI Direct intramuscular injection with recombinant AAV vectors results in sustained expression in a dog model of hemophilia.
SO GENE THERAPY, (1998 Jan) 5 (1) 40-9.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L14 ANSWER 7 OF 10 MEDLINE
TI Persistent and therapeutic concentrations of human factor IX in mice after hepatic gene transfer of recombinant AAV vectors.
SO NATURE GENETICS, (1997 Jul) 16 (3) 270-6.
Journal code: 9216904. ISSN: 1061-4036.

L14 ANSWER 8 OF 10 MEDLINE
TI Gene transfer into hematopoietic progenitor and stem cells: progress and problems.
SO STEM CELLS, (1994 Nov) 12 (6) 563-76. Ref: 98
Journal code: 9304532. ISSN: 1066-5099.

L14 ANSWER 9 OF 10 MEDLINE
TI Growth of adeno-associated satellite virus in dogs in the presence of infectious canine hepatitis virus.
SO JAPANESE JOURNAL OF VETERINARY RESEARCH, (1975 Jul) 23 (3) 95-100.
Journal code: 0376567. ISSN: 0047-1917.

L14 ANSWER 10 OF 10 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI DISTRIBUTION OF ANTIBODIES IN DOGS AGAINST ADENO ASSOCIATED SATELLITE VIRUS ASSOCIATED WITH INFECTIOUS CANINE HEPATITIS VIRUS AND SEROLOGICAL TYPING OF THE SATELLITE VIRUS.
SO Jpn. J. Vet. Res., (1971) 19 (1-2), 40-41.
CODEN: JJVRAE. ISSN: 0047-1917.

=> d ibib ab 1

L14 ANSWER 1 OF 10 MEDLINE
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001668325 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 21570747 PubMed ID: 11713765
TITLE: Gene therapy for hemophilia.
AUTHOR: Lynch C M
CORPORATE SOURCE: Targeted Genetics Corporation, Seattle, WA 98101 USA..
lynchc@targetgen.com
SOURCE: Curr Opin Mol Ther, (1999 Aug) 1 (4) 493-9. Ref: 52

Journal code: 100891485. ISSN: 1464-8431.
 PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom
 Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 General Review; (REVIEW)
 (REVIEW, TUTORIAL)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 200201
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20011121
 Last Updated on STN: 20020124
 Entered Medline: 20020102
 AB Hemophilia is a genetically inherited bleeding disorder caused by a deficiency of the blood clotting factors VIII (hemophilia A) or IX (hemophilia B). Hemophiliacs suffer prolonged bleeding which can be life threatening and often leads to chronic disabilities. Current hemophilia treatment involves infusions of plasma-derived or recombinant clotting factor in response to bleeding crises. Prophylactic treatment is not available and current treatments remain problematic. The development of a gene therapy for hemophilia has been under investigation for the past decade. An overview is presented of the initial efforts using retroviral and adenoviral vectors for ex vivo and in vivo gene delivery strategies, respectively. Recent progress in developing FIX and FVIII adeno-associated virus vectors is reviewed. Sustained expression of therapeutic levels of FIX and FVIII have been demonstrated in mice. Phenotypic correction of hemophilia B has been shown in the murine and dog models of disease. A phase I human clinical trial has been initiated involving intramuscular injection of FIX. Prospects for hemophilia gene therapy look bright and the hope for a cure has now moved from the realm of the possible to the probable.

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 431874-59-8
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 17 JUN 2002 HIGHEST RN
 431874-59-8

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 details.

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 PROPERTIES
 for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS
 Registry File, for complete details:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=> E "MG132"/CN 25
 E1 1 MG12L1I.5AL/CN

E2 1 MG12SC/CN
 E3 0 --> MG132/CN
 E4 1 MG13AL7ZN/CN
 E5 1 MG150D/CN
 E6 1 MG15AL/CN
 E7 1 MG15AL0.4ZN/CN
 E8 1 MG15AL0.5ZN/CN
 E9 1 MG15AL12ZN/CN
 E10 1 MG15AL15ZN/CN
 E11 1 MG15AL1CA/CN
 E12 1 MG15AL3ZN/CN
 E13 1 MG15AL8ZN/CN
 E14 1 MG15LII.5AL/CN
 E15 1 MG15ND2NI2/CN
 E16 1 MG15NI2PR2/CN
 E17 1 MG16SC/CN
 E18 1 MG17ND2/CN
 E19 1 MG17PR2/CN
 E20 1 MG1AL10ZN/CN
 E21 1 MG2/CN
 E22 1 MG2+/CN
 E23 1 MG2+ ION TRANSPORTER (UREAPLASMA
 UREALYTICUM STRAIN SEROVAR 3 GENE MGTE)/CN
 E24 1 MG2+ TRANSPORT ATPASE (ESCHERICHIA COLI
 STRAIN O157:H7 GENE ECS5219)/CN
 E25 1 MG2+ TRANSPORT ATPASE, P-TYPE 1
 (ESCHERICHIA COLI O157:H7 STRAIN EDL933 GENE MGTA)/CN

=> E "MG-132"/CN 25
 E1 1 MG++/CITRATE COMPLEX TRANSPORTER
 (XYLELLA FASTIDIOSA GENE XF0320)/CN
 E2 1 MG-110-O/CN
 E3 0 --> MG-132/CN
 E4 1 MG-15AL-1/2ZN/CN
 E5 1 MG-2/CN
 E6 1 MG-50/CN
 E7 1 MG-5V/C/CN
 E8 1 MG-9AL/CN
 E9 1 MG-ADP/CN
 E10 1 MG-AS/CN
 E11 1 MG-CHELATASE (SOYBEAN GENE CHLH
 SUBUNIT CHLH PRECURSOR)/CN
 E12 1 MG-CHELATASE SUBUNIT CHLI AND CHLD
 (MOXR-LIKE ATPASE AND VWF DOMAIN) (METHANOPYRUS
 KANDLERİ STRAIN AV19 GENE CHLI/CHLD)/CN
 E13 1 MG-CP/CN
 E14 1 MG-CTP/CN
 E15 1 MG-DATP/CN
 E16 1 MG-DCTP/CN
 E17 1 MG-DEPENDENT DNASE (METHANOPYRUS
 KANDLERİ STRAIN AV19 GENE TATD)/CN
 E18 1 MG-DVP/CN
 E19 1 MG-GTP/CN
 E20 1 MG-O-PHENANTHROLINE/CN
 E21 1 MG-PROTOPORPHYRIN IX METHYL
 TRANSFERASE (NOSTOC SP. PCC 7120 GENE ALR3201)/CN
 E22 1 MG-PROTOPORPHYRIN IX
 METHYLTRANSFERASE/CN
 E23 1 MG-PROTOPORPHYRIN IX MONOMETHYL ESTER
 OXIDATIVE CYCLASE (BACILLUS HALODURANS STRAIN C-
 125 GENE BH2952)/CN
 E24 1 MG-PROTOPORPHYRIN IX MONOMETHYL ESTER
 OXIDATIVE CYCLASE (CLOSTRIDIUM PERFRINGENS STRAIN
 13 GENE CPE1645)/CN
 E25 1 MG-PROTOPORPHYRIN IX MONOMETHYL ESTER
 OXIDATIVE CYCLASE BCHE (HELIOBACILLUS MOBILIS
 CLONE PHM6 GENE BCHE)/CN

=> E "CALPAIN INHIBITOR"/CN 25
 E1 1 CALPAIN II (RAT CLONE 31-1 LARGE SUBUNIT)
 (EC 3.4.22.17)/CN
 E2 1 CALPAIN II (RAT CLONE PT7-7F-21K SMALL
 SUBUNIT)/CN
 E3 0 --> CALPAIN INHIBITOR/CN

E4 1 CALPAIN INHIBITOR I/CN
 E5 1 CALPAIN INHIBITOR II/CN
 E6 1 CALPAIN INHIBITOR III/CN
 E7 1 CALPAIN P94/CN
 E8 1 CALPAIN, LARGE SUBUNIT, ISOFORM .MU. (RAT CLONE .LAMBDA.S14)/CN
 E9 1 CALPAIN, PRO-/CN
 E10 1 CALPAIN, SMALL SUBUNIT, ISOFORM .MU., C-TERMINAL FRAGMENT (RAT)/CN
 E11 1 CALPAIN-10/CN
 E12 1 CALPAIN-LIKE PROTEASE (MOUSE GENE CAPN10)/CN
 E13 1 CALPAIN-LIKE PROTEIN (TRYpanosoma BRUCEI STRAIN 427 784-AMINO-ACID)/CN
 E14 1 CALPAIN-MOTIF CONTAINING (DROSOPHILA MELANOGASTER STRAIN CANTONS GENE SMALL-OPTIC-LOBES)/CN
 E15 1 CALPANATE/CN
 E16 1 CALPASTATIN/CN
 E17 1 CALPASTATIN (CATTLE CLONE PBSA1)/CN
 E18 1 CALPASTATIN (CATTLE HEART CLONE 1/2 786-AMINO ACID ISOFORM)/CN
 E19 1 CALPASTATIN (CATTLE LEUKOCYTE GENE CAST FRAGMENT)/CN
 E20 1 CALPASTATIN (HUMAN CLONE C-2 TESTIS-SPECIFIC ISOENZYME)/CN
 E21 1 CALPASTATIN (HUMAN CLONE L-7 TESTIS-SPECIFIC ISOENZYME)/CN
 E22 1 CALPASTATIN (HUMAN CLONE Y-19 TESTIS-SPECIFIC ISOENZYME)/CN
 E23 1 CALPASTATIN (HUMAN)/CN
 E24 1 CALPASTATIN (OVIS ARIES STRAIN DORSET-DOWN LEUKOCYTE GENE CAST ALLELE A/M FRAGMENT)/CN
 E25 1 CALPASTATIN (RAT BRAIN CLONE RNCAS103)/CN

=> S E4 OR E5 OR E6

1 "CALPAIN INHIBITOR I"/CN
 1 "CALPAIN INHIBITOR II"/CN
 1 "CALPAIN INHIBITOR III"/CN

L15 3 "CALPAIN INHIBITOR I"/CN OR "CALPAIN INHIBITOR II"/CN OR "CALPAIN INHIBITOR III"/CN

=> DIS L15 1 SQIDE

THE ESTIMATED COST FOR THIS REQUEST IS 5.53 U.S. DOLLARS

DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y)/N:Y

L15 ANSWER 1 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 110115-07-6 REGISTRY

CN L-Leucinamide, N-acetyl-L-leucyl-N-[(1S)-1-formyl-3-(methylthio)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN L-Leucinamide, N-acetyl-L-leucyl-N-[1-formyl-3-(methylthio)propyl]-, (S)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN **Calpain inhibitor II**

CN CI 2

CN SUAM 312

FS STEREOSEARCH

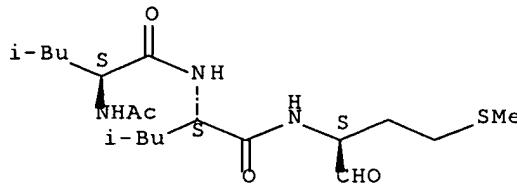
DR 105467-51-4

MF C19 H35 N3 O4 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

58 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

59 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

=> DIS L15 2 SQIDE

THE ESTIMATED COST FOR THIS REQUEST IS 5.53 U.S. DOLLARS

DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y)/N:Y

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 110044-82-1 REGISTRY

CN L-Leucinamide, N-acetyl-L-leucyl-N-[(1S)-1-formylpentyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN L-Leucinamide, N-acetyl-L-leucyl-N-(1-formylpentyl)-, (S)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN 6: PN: WO0002548 PAGE: 30 claimed sequence

CN **Calpain inhibitor I**

CN CI-1 (peptide)

CN MG 101

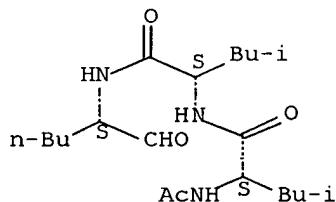
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H37 N3 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

151 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

151 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

=> DIS L15 3 SQIDE

THE ESTIMATED COST FOR THIS REQUEST IS 5.53 U.S. DOLLARS

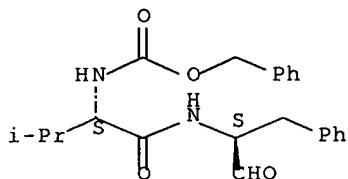
DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y)/N:Y

L15 ANSWER 3 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 88191-84-8 REGISTRY
 CN Carbamic acid, [(1S)-1-[(1S)-1-formyl-2-phenylethyl]amino]carbonyl]-2-methylpropyl-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN Carbamic acid, [1-[(1-formyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]carbonyl]-2-methylpropyl-, phenylmethyl ester, [S-(R*,R*)]-

OTHER NAMES:
 CN **Calpain Inhibitor III**
 CN MDL 28170
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C22 H26 N2 O4
 LC STN Files: BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS,
 CSCHEM, EMBASE, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

53 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN
 FILE CA
 53 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

=> E "CALPAIN INHIBITOR"/CN 25
 E1 1 CALPAIN II (RAT CLONE 31-1 LARGE SUBUNIT)
 (EC 3.4.22.17)/CN
 E2 1 CALPAIN II (RAT CLONE PT7-7F-21K SMALL
 SUBUNIT)/CN
 E3 0 -> CALPAIN INHIBITOR/CN
 E4 1 CALPAIN INHIBITOR I/CN
 E5 1 CALPAIN INHIBITOR II/CN
 E6 1 CALPAIN INHIBITOR III/CN
 E7 1 CALPAIN P94/CN
 E8 1 CALPAIN, LARGE SUBUNIT, ISOFORM .MU. (RAT
 CLONE .LAMBDA.S14)/CN
 E9 1 CALPAIN, PRO-/CN
 E10 1 CALPAIN, SMALL SUBUNIT, ISOFORM .MU., C-
 TERMINAL FRAGMENT (RAT)/CN
 E11 1 CALPAIN-10/CN
 E12 1 CALPAIN-LIKE PROTEASE (MOUSE GENE
 CAPN10)/CN
 E13 1 CALPAIN-LIKE PROTEIN (TRYPANOSOMA
 BRUCEI STRAIN 427 784-AMINO-ACID)/CN
 E14 1 CALPAIN-MOTIF CONTAINING (DROSOPHILA
 MELANOGASTER STRAIN CANTONS GENE SMALL-OPTIC-
 LOBES)/CN
 E15 1 CALPANATE/CN
 E16 1 CALPASTATIN/CN
 E17 1 CALPASTATIN (CATTLE CLONE PBSA1)/CN
 E18 1 CALPASTATIN (CATTLE HEART CLONE 1/2 786-
 AMINO ACID ISOFORM)/CN
 E19 1 CALPASTATIN (CATTLE LEUKOCYTE GENE CAST
 FRAGMENT)/CN
 E20 1 CALPASTATIN (HUMAN CLONE C-2 TESTIS-
 SPECIFIC ISOENZYME)/CN
 E21 1 CALPASTATIN (HUMAN CLONE L-7 TESTIS-
 SPECIFIC ISOENZYME)/CN
 E22 1 CALPASTATIN (HUMAN CLONE Y-19 TESTIS-
 SPECIFIC ISOENZYME)/CN

E23 1 CALPASTATIN (HUMAN)/CN
 E24 1 CALPASTATIN (OVIS ARIES STRAIN DORSET-
 DOWN LEUKOCYTE GENE CAST ALLELE A/M FRAGMENT)/CN
 E25 1 CALPASTATIN (RAT BRAIN CLONE
 RNCAST103)/CN

=> E "LLNL"/CN 25
 E1 1 LLN/CN
 E2 1 LLN 1201/CN
 E3 0 -> LLNL/CN
 E4 1 LLOYD'S D/CN
 E5 1 LLOYD'S DH36/CN
 E6 1 LLOYDS AH34S/CN
 E7 1 LLOYDS DH32/CN
 E8 1 LLS 71040/CN
 E9 1 LLTX-G 2/CN
 E10 1 LLUMAR/CN
 E11 1 LLUNGIANIN A/CN
 E12 1 LLUNGIANIN B/CN
 E13 1 LLVVPAlKKDYGSQEDFTQV/CN
 E14 1 LLWP/CN
 E15 1 LLX/CN
 E16 1 LLYUA/CN
 E17 4 LM/CN
 E18 1 LM (CHINESE EMULSIFIER)/CN
 E19 1 LM (LUBRICANT)/CN
 E20 1 LM (SURFACTANT)/CN
 E21 1 LM 001/CN
 E22 2 LM 1/CN
 E23 1 LM 1 (HUMAN LENS FLUOROPHORE)/CN
 E24 1 LM 1 (STATIONARY PHASE)/CN
 E25 1 LM 10/CN

=> E "MG115"/CN 25
 E1 1 MG11/CN
 E2 1 MG11+/CN
 E3 0 -> MG115/CN
 E4 1 MG11A/CN
 E5 1 MG12+/CN
 E6 1 MG12AL15ZN/CN
 E7 1 MG12AL2CA/CN
 E8 1 MG12LI1.5AL/CN
 E9 1 MG12SC/CN
 E10 1 MG13AL7ZN/CN
 E11 1 MG150D/CN
 E12 1 MG15AL/CN
 E13 1 MG15AL0.4ZN/CN
 E14 1 MG15AL0.5ZN/CN
 E15 1 MG15AL12ZN/CN
 E16 1 MG15AL15ZN/CN
 E17 1 MG15AL1CA/CN
 E18 1 MG15AL3ZN/CN
 E19 1 MG15AL8ZN/CN
 E20 1 MG15LI1.5AL/CN
 E21 1 MG15ND2NI2/CN
 E22 1 MG15NI2PR2/CN
 E23 1 MG16SC/CN
 E24 1 MG17ND2/CN
 E25 1 MG17PR2/CN

=> E "N-BENZYLOXY-CARBONYL-ISO"/CN 25
 E1 1 N-BENZYLOXY-9-CYCLOPENTYLADENINE/CN
 E2 1 N-BENZYLOXY-9-ETHYLADENINE/CN
 E3 0 -> N-BENZYLOXY-CARBONYL-ISO/CN
 E4 1 N-BENZYLOXY-DL-LEUCINE/CN
 E5 1 N-BENZYLOXY-DL-PHENYLALANINE/CN
 E6 1 N-BENZYLOXY-DL-VALINE/CN
 E7 1 N-BENZYLOXY-L-ALANINE/CN
 E8 1 N-BENZYLOXY-L-ALANINE N-
 CARBOXYANHYDRIDE/CN
 E9 1 N-BENZYLOXY-L-VALINE/CN
 E10 1 N-BENZYLOXY-L-VALINE N-
 CARBOXYANHYDRIDE/CN
 E11 1 N-BENZYLOXY-N'-(3-CHLORO-4-

METHYLPHENYL)UREA/CN
 E12 1 N-BENZYLOXY-N'-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)UREA/CN
 E13 1 N-BENZYLOXY-N-(1-ETHYLPROPYL)AMINE/CN
 E14 1 N-BENZYLOXY-N-(1-PHENYLETHYL)-4-CARBOXYCINNAMAMIDE/CN
 E15 1 N-BENZYLOXY-N-(2-METHYLPROPYL)AMINE/CN
 E16 1 N-BENZYLOXY-N-METHOXY-N'-METHYLUREA/CN
 E17 1 N-BENZYLOXY-N-METHOXYAMINE/CN
 E18 1 N-BENZYLOXY-N-METHYLAMINE/CN
 E19 1 N-BENZYLOXYACETYL-5-AMINOINDOLINE/CN
 E20 1 N-BENZYLOXYADENOSINE/CN
 E21 1 N-BENZYLOXYCARBAMIC ACID
 TRIMETHYLSILYL ESTER/CN
 E22 1 N-BENZYLOXYCARBONYL-
 O-TERT-BUTYL-L-THREONYL-L-TYROSYL-O-TERT-BUTYL-L-THREONYL-L-GLUTAMINYL-BETA-TERT-BUTYL-L-ASPARTYLPHENYLALANINE PHENYL ESTER/CN
 E23 1 N-BENZYLOXYCARBONYL ASPARTIC ACID-TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL COPOLYMER/CN
 E24 1 N-BENZYLOXYCARBONYL GLYCINE 2-NITROPHENYL ESTER/CN
 E25 1 N-BENZYLOXYCARBONYL GLYCINE P-PHENYLZOPHENYL ESTER/CN

=> file medline biosis caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION	
FULL ESTIMATED COST		19.40 78.06

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 SINCE FILE TOTAL

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			0.00 -0.62

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=> s l-leucinamide

L16 366 L-LEUCINAMIDE

=> s calpain inhibitor I

L17 365 CALPAIN INHIBITOR I

=> s calpain inhibitor II

L18 119 CALPAIN INHIBITOR II

=> s calpain inhibitor III

L19 7 CALPAIN INHIBITOR III

=> s mg132

L20 727 MG132

=> s llnl

L21 952 LLNL

=> s mg115

L22 84 MG115

=> s psi

L23 67122 PSI

=> s n-benzyloxy-carbonyl

L24 192 N-BENZYLOXY-CARBONYL

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:28:55 ON 19 JUN 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:29:05 ON 19 JUN 2002

L1 5751 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED
 L2 1438993 S LIVER
 L3 195 S L1(S)L2
 L4 87 S L3 NOT PY>1999
 L5 47 DUP REM L4 (40 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
 L6 39542 S TRANSGENE
 L7 12 S L6 AND LS
 L8 122109 S EDTA
 L9 7 S L1 AND L8
 L10 5 DUP REM L9 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
 L11 594168 S DOG
 L12 48 S L1(S)L11
 L13 31 DUP REM L12 (17 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
 L14 10 S L13 NOT PY>1999

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:48:51 ON 19 JUN 2002

E "MG132"/CN 25
 E "MG-132"/CN 25
 E "CALPAIN INHIBITOR"/CN 25
 L15 3 S E4 OR E5 OR E6
 E "CALPAIN INHIBITOR"/CN 25
 E "LLNL"/CN 25
 E "MG115"/CN 25
 E "N-BENZYLOXY-CARBONYL-ISO"/CN 25

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:53:04 ON 19 JUN 2002

L16 366 S L-LEUCINAMIDE
 L17 365 S CALPAIN INHIBITOR I
 L18 119 S CALPAIN INHIBITOR II
 L19 7 S CALPAIN INHIBITOR III
 L20 727 S MG132
 L21 952 S LLNL
 L22 84 S MG115
 L23 67122 S PSI
 L24 192 S N-BENZYLOXY-CARBONYL

=> s l1 and l16

L25 0 L1 AND L16

=> s l1 and l17

L26 1 L1 AND L17

=> d ti so

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 TI Endosomal processing limits gene transfer to polarized airway epithelia by

adeno-associated virus

SO Journal of Clinical Investigation (2000), 105(11), 1573-1587
 CODEN: JCINAO; ISSN: 0021-9738

=> d l1 and l18

L18 IS NOT VALID HERE

For an explanation, enter "HELP DISPLAY".

=> s l1 and l18

L27 0 L1 AND L18

=> s l1 and l19

L28 0 L1 AND L19

=> s l1 and l20

L29 1 L1 AND L20

=> d ti so

L29 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Endosomal processing limits gene transfer to polarized airway epithelia by

adeno-associated virus

SO Journal of Clinical Investigation (2000), 105(11), 1573-1587
CODEN: JCINAO; ISSN: 0021-9738

=> s l1 and l21
L30 0 L1 AND L21

=> s l1 and l22
L31 0 L1 AND L22

=> d l1 and l23
L23 IS NOT VALID HERE
For an explanation, enter "HELP DISPLAY".

=> s l1 and l23
L32 11 L1 AND L23

=> dup rem l32
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L32
L33 9 DUP REM L32 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti so 1-9

L33 ANSWER 1 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Modeling methods and applications for biological agent determination
SO PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L33 ANSWER 2 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Methods for screening or evaluating the performance of a set of biological agents in living target cells, and their uses
SO PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L33 ANSWER 3 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Generation of a high-capacity hybrid vector: packaging of recombinant adenoassociated virus replicative intermediates in adenovirus capsids overcomes the limited cloning capacity of adenoassociated virus vectors
SO Virology (2001), 288(2), 236-246
CODEN: VRLAX; ISSN: 0042-6822

L33 ANSWER 4 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Method to decrease the titers of contaminating helper adenovirus during the production of recombinant adeno-associated virus
SO BioTechniques (2000), 28(6), 1096,1098,1100
CODEN: BTNQDO; ISSN: 0736-6205

L33 ANSWER 5 OF 9 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI AAV Rep protein enhances the generation of a recombinant mini-adenovirus utilizing an Ad/AAV hybrid virus.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2000) Vol. 96, No. 11 Part 2, pp. 378b. print.
Meeting Info.: 42nd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology
San Francisco, California, USA December 01-05, 2000 American Society of Hematology
. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L33 ANSWER 6 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Expression of fusion proteins
SO PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L33 ANSWER 7 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Method for producing viral vectors using baculovirus for provision of complementing functions
SO PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L33 ANSWER 8 OF 9 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1
TI Construction and expression of a recombinant adeno-associated virus that harbors a human beta-globin-encoding cDNA.
SO GENE, (1991 Aug 15) 104 (2) 253-7.
Journal code: 7706761. ISSN: 0378-1119.

L33 ANSWER 9 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI The recombinant human parvoviruses for gene therapy of hemoglobinopathies
SO SAAS Bull. Biochem. Biotechnol. (1990), 3, 63-8
CODEN: SBBBF

=> d ibib ab 4

L33 ANSWER 4 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:419711 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:306106
TITLE: Method to decrease the titers of contaminating helper adenovirus during the production of recombinant adeno-associated virus
AUTHOR(S): Zaratiegui, Mikel; Narvaiza, Inigo; Qian, Cheng; Novo, Francisco J.
CORPORATE SOURCE: University of Navarra, Pamplona, 31080, Spain
SOURCE: BioTechniques (2000), 28(6), 1096,1098,1100
CODEN: BTNQDO; ISSN: 0736-6205
PUBLISHER: Eaton Publishing Co.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
AB The Cre-expressing 298 cells (Cre8 cells) and the .PSI.5 helper virus which contains loxP sites flanking the packaging sites were used to decrease the amt. of contaminating helper adenovirus during recombinant adeno-assocd. virus (rAAV). The titers of contaminating helper adenovirus were .apprx. 1 order of magnitude lower when the .PSI. helper was used in Cre8 cells instead of 298 cells. The rAAV produced by the .PSI. helper and the Cre8 cells was biol. active and could successfully transform 298 cells.
REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> s l1 and l24
L34 0 L1 AND L24

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	ENTRY	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
FULL ESTIMATED COST		SESSION	
		46.66	124.72
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)			
SINCE FILE	TOTAL	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE		-0.62	-1.24

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 60 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 14:58:01 ON 19 JUN 2002

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:SSSPTA1636DXS

PASSWORD:

***** RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL *****
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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:00:05 ON 19 JUN 2002
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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	46.66	124.72

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
SINCE FILE TOTAL

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	ENTRY	SESSION
	-0.62	-1.24

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:28:55 ON 19 JUN 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:29:05 ON
19 JUN 2002

L1 5751 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED
L2 1438993 S LIVER
L3 195 S L1(S)L2
L4 87 S L3 NOT PY>1999
L5 47 DUP REM L4 (40 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L6 39542 S TRANSGENE
L7 12 S L6 AND L5
L8 122109 S EDTA
L9 7 S L1 AND L8
L10 5 DUP REM L9 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L11 594168 S DOG
L12 48 S L1(S)L11
L13 31 DUP REM L12 (17 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L14 10 S L13 NOT PY>1999

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:48:51 ON 19 JUN 2002

E "MG132"/CN 25
E "MG-132"/CN 25
E "CALPAIN INHIBITOR"/CN 25
L15 3 S E4 OR E5 OR E6
E "CALPAIN INHIBITOR"/CN 25
E "LLNL"/CN 25
E "MG115"/CN 25
E "N-BENZYLOXY-CARBONYL-ISO"/CN 25

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:53:04 ON
19 JUN 2002

L16 366 S L-LEUCINAMIDE
L17 365 S CALPAIN INHIBITOR I
L18 119 S CALPAIN INHIBITOR II
L19 7 S CALPAIN INHIBITOR III
L20 727 S MG132
L21 952 S LLNL
L22 84 S MG115
L23 67122 S PSI
L24 192 S N-BENZYLOXY-CARBONYL
L25 0 S L1 AND L16
L26 1 S L1 AND L17
L27 0 S L1 AND L18
L28 0 S L1 AND L19
L29 1 S L1 AND L20
L30 0 S L1 AND L21
L31 0 S L1 AND L22
L32 11 S L1 AND L23

L33 9 DUP REM L32 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L34 0 S L1 AND L24

=> s canine
L35 120514 CANINE

=> s L11 and L35
L36 90 L1 AND L35

=> s L36 and L6
L37 10 L36 AND L6

=> dup rem L37
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L37
L38 6 DUP REM L37 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti so 1-6

L38 ANSWER 1 OF 6 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Alternate AAV serotypes result in enhanced factor IX expression in murine and canine models of hemophilia B.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 745a.
<http://www.bloodjournal.org/>. print.
Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology,
Part 1 Orlando, Florida, USA December 07-11, 2001
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L38 ANSWER 2 OF 6 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Sustained and complete phenotype correction of Hemophilia B mice following intramuscular injection of AAV1 serotype vectors.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 704a.
<http://www.bloodjournal.org/>. print.
Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology,
Part 1 Orlando, Florida, USA December 07-11, 2001
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L38 ANSWER 3 OF 6 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Induction of immunological tolerance to a coagulation factor antigen by hepatic gene transfer.
SO Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 694a.
<http://www.bloodjournal.org/>. print.
Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology,
Part 1 Orlando, Florida, USA December 07-11, 2001
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L38 ANSWER 4 OF 6 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1
TI AAV-mediated gene transfer for hemophilia.
SO ANNALS OF THE NEW YORK ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, (2001 Dec) 953 64-74. Ref: 29
Journal code: 7506858. ISSN: 0077-8923.

L38 ANSWER 5 OF 6 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 2
TI Several fold increase in therapeutic transgene delivery by distinct adeno-associated viral serotype vectors.
SO MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2000 Dec) 2 (6) 619-23.
Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.

L38 ANSWER 6 OF 6 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 3
TI Persistent expression of canine factor IX in hemophilia B canines.
SO GENE THERAPY, (1999 Oct) 6 (10) 1695-704.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

=> d ibib ab 4

L38 ANSWER 4 OF 6 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002069770 MEDLINE
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 21653704 PubMed ID: 11795424
 TITLE: AAV-mediated gene transfer for hemophilia.
 AUTHOR: High K A
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pediatrics, University of Pennsylvania School
 of Medicine, The Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, 19104, USA.. high@email.chop.edu
 SOURCE: ANNALS OF THE NEW YORK ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, (2001 Dec) 953 64-74. Ref: 29
 Journal code: 7506858. ISSN: 0077-8923.
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States
 Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 General Review; (REVIEW)
 (REVIEW, TUTORIAL)
 LANGUAGE: English
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
 ENTRY MONTH: 200202
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20020125
 Last Updated on STN: 20020205
 Entered Medline: 20020204
 AB Hemophilia is a particularly attractive model for developing a gene transfer approach for the treatment of disease. The protein is very well characterized, the genes are cloned and available, and there are large and small animal models of the disease. Moreover, in contrast to many diseases, there is no requirement for a specific target tissue for gene delivery, and the gene product itself does not require precise regulation of expression. Earlier efforts to establish a gene transfer approach to the treatment of hemophilia had failed to achieve the twin goals of long-term expression at levels that were adequate to result in phenotypic improvement of the disease. We have exploited advances in vector development that occurred in the mid-1990s to establish an experimental basis for an AAV (adeno-associated viral vector)-mediated gene transfer approach to the treatment of hemophilia B. Based on the observation that introduction of an AAV vector into skeletal muscle could result in sustained expression of beta-galactosidase, we engineered an AAV vector expressing human factor IX and demonstrated in immunodeficient mice that intramuscular injection of the vector resulted in long-term expression of the secreted transgene product factor IX. Subsequently, we generated an AAV vector expressing canine factor IX; intramuscular injection into dogs with severe hemophilia B resulted in a dose-dependent increase in circulating levels of factor IX. The animal treated at the highest dose showed prolonged expression (>3 years and still under observation) at a level (70 ng/ml, 1.4% of normal circulating levels of factor IX) likely to result in phenotypic improvement in humans. Detailed studies in tissue culture using human myotubes have shown that muscle cells are capable of executing the posttranslational modifications required for activity of factor IX, and that the specific activity of myotube-synthesized factor IX is similar to that of hepatocyte-synthesized material, although some details of posttranslational processing differ. Based on these and other safety and efficacy studies, a clinical trial of AAV-mediated, muscle-directed gene transfer for hemophilia B has been initiated. The study has a dose-escalation design, with three subjects to be enrolled in three dose cohorts beginning with a dose of 2×10^{11} vg/kg. Results in the initial dose cohort showed no evidence of toxicity associated with vector administration or transgene expression. Analysis of muscle biopsies done on injected tissue showed clear evidence of gene transfer by PCR and Southern blot and of gene expression by immunocytochemistry. The general characteristics of muscle transduction appear similar in humans and in other animal models. The goal of dose escalation is to find a dose that is nontoxic but that results in circulating levels of factor IX >1% in all patients.

=> s recombinant adeno-associated
 L39 1279 RECOMBINANT ADENO-ASSOCIATED
 => s adeno-associated(s)vector
 L40 3514 ADENO-ASSOCIATED(S) VECTOR
 => s l39 or l40
 L41 3731 L39 OR L40
 => d his
 (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:28:55 ON 19 JUN 2002)
 FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:29:05 ON 19 JUN 2002
 L1 5751 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED
 L2 1438993 S LIVER
 L3 195 S L1(S)L2
 L4 87 S L3 NOT PY>1999
 L5 47 DUP REM L4 (40 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
 L6 39542 S TRANSGENE
 L7 12 S L6 AND L5
 L8 122109 S EDTA
 L9 7 S L1 AND L8
 L10 5 DUP REM L9 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
 L11 594168 S DOG
 L12 48 S L1(S)L11
 L13 31 DUP REM L12 (17 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
 L14 10 S L13 NOT PY>1999

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:48:51 ON 19 JUN 2002
 E "MG132"/CN 25
 E "MG-132"/CN 25
 E "CALPAIN INHIBITOR"/CN 25
 L15 3 S E4 OR E5 OR E6
 E "CALPAIN INHIBITOR"/CN 25
 E "LLNL"/CN 25
 E "MG115"/CN 25
 E "N-BENZYLOXY-CARBONYL-ISO"/CN 25

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:53:04 ON 19 JUN 2002
 L16 366 S L-LEUCINAMIDE
 L17 365 S CALPAIN INHIBITOR I
 L18 119 S CALPAIN INHIBITOR II
 L19 7 S CALPAIN INHIBITOR III
 L20 727 S MG132
 L21 952 S LLNL
 L22 84 S MG115
 L23 67122 S PSI
 L24 192 S N-BENZYLOXY-CARBONYL
 L25 0 S L1 AND L16
 L26 1 S L1 AND L17
 L27 0 S L1 AND L18
 L28 0 S L1 AND L19
 L29 1 S L1 AND L20
 L30 0 S L1 AND L21
 L31 0 S L1 AND L22

L32 11 S L1 AND L23
 L33 9 DUP REM L32 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
 L34 0 S L1 AND L24
 L35 120514 S CANINE
 L36 90 S L1 AND L35
 L37 10 S L36 AND L6
 L38 6 DUP REM L37 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
 L39 1279 S RECOMBINANT ADENO-ASSOCIATED
 L40 3514 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED(S)VECTOR
 L41 3731 S L39 OR L40

 => s l11 or l35
 L42 646328 L11 OR L35

 => s l41 and l42
 L43 117 L41 AND L42

 => dup rem l43
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L43
 L44 79 DUP REM L43 (38 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

 => s l44 not py>1999
 L45 38 L44 NOT PY>1999

 => d ti so 1-38

 L45 ANSWER 1 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI Gene therapy for hemophilia.
 SO Curr Opin Mol Ther, (1999 Aug) 1 (4) 493-9. Ref: 52
 Journal code: 100891485. ISSN: 1464-8431.

 L45 ANSWER 2 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI Gene therapy using hematopoietic stem cells.
 SO Curr Opin Mol Ther, (1999 Aug) 1 (4) 437-42. Ref: 53
 Journal code: 100891485. ISSN: 1464-8431.

 L45 ANSWER 3 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI [Natural infection with adeno-associated viruses].
 Infection naturelle a virus adeno-associes.
 SO ANNALES DE BIOLOGIE CLINIQUE, (1999 Nov-Dec) 57 (6) 667-75. Ref: 57
 Journal code: 2984690R. ISSN: 0003-3898.

 L45 ANSWER 4 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI Persistent expression of canine factor IX in hemophilia B canines.
 SO GENE THERAPY, (1999 Oct) 6 (10) 1695-704.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

 L45 ANSWER 5 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI Genetic capsid modifications allow efficient re-targeting of adeno-associated virus type 2.
 SO NATURE MEDICINE, (1999 Sep) 5 (9) 1052-6.
 Journal code: 9502015. ISSN: 1078-8956.

 L45 ANSWER 6 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI Persistent transgene product in retina, optic nerve and brain after intraocular injection of rAAV.
 SO VISION RESEARCH, (1999 Jul) 39 (15) 2545-53.
 Journal code: 0417402. ISSN: 0042-6989.

 L45 ANSWER 7 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI Sustained correction of bleeding disorder in hemophilia B mice by gene therapy.
 SO PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, (1999 Mar 30) 96 (7) 3906-10.
 Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

 L45 ANSWER 8 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI Correction of hemophilia B in canine and murine models using recombinant adeno-associated viral vectors.

SO NATURE MEDICINE, (1999 Jan) 5 (1) 64-70.
 Journal code: 9502015. ISSN: 1078-8956.

 L45 ANSWER 9 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI Long-term correction of canine hemophilia B by gene transfer of blood coagulation factor IX mediated by adeno-associated viral vector.
 SO NATURE MEDICINE, (1999 Jan) 5 (1) 56-63.
 Journal code: 9502015. ISSN: 1078-8956.

 L45 ANSWER 10 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI Direct intramuscular injection with recombinant AAV vectors results in sustained expression in a dog model of hemophilia.
 SO GENE THERAPY, (1998 Jan) 5 (1) 40-9.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

 L45 ANSWER 11 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI Membrane-associated heparan sulfate proteoglycan is a receptor for adeno-associated virus type 2 virions.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1998 Feb) 72 (2) 1438-45.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

 L45 ANSWER 12 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI Persistent and therapeutic concentrations of human factor IX in mice after hepatic gene transfer of recombinant AAV vectors.
 SO NATURE GENETICS, (1997 Jul) 16 (3) 270-6.
 Journal code: 9216904. ISSN: 1061-4036.

 L45 ANSWER 13 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI Gene therapy for haematopoietic and lymphoid disorders.
 SO CLINICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL IMMUNOLOGY, (1997 Jan) 107 Suppl. 1 54-7. Ref: 13
 Journal code: 0057202. ISSN: 0009-9104.

 L45 ANSWER 14 OF 38 MEDLINE
 TI Gene transfer into hematopoietic progenitor and stem cells: progress and problems.
 SO STEM CELLS, (1994 Nov) 12 (6) 563-76. Ref: 98
 Journal code: 9304532. ISSN: 1066-5099.

 L45 ANSWER 15 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Molecular characterization of AAV-mediated gene transfer of human factor IX to myotubes.
 SO Blood, (Nov. 15, 1999) Vol. 94, No. 10 SUPPL. 1 PART 1, pp. 175a.
 Meeting Info.: Forty-first Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology New Orleans, Louisiana, USA December 3-7, 1999 The American Society of Hematology
 ISSN: 0006-4971.

 L45 ANSWER 16 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Efficient retargeting of AAV2 by genetic modification of the viral capsid protein.
 SO European Journal of Cancer, (Oct., 1999) Vol. 35, No. SUPPL. 5, pp. S37.
 Meeting Info.: 5th International Symposium on the Biological Therapy of Cancer: From Basic Research to Clinical Applications Munich, Germany
 October 27-30, 1999 Biological Therapeutics Development Group of the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer
 ISSN: 0959-8049.

 L45 ANSWER 17 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL

ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Adeno-associated virus-mediated gene transfer of factor IX for treatment of hemophilia B by gene therapy.
SO Thrombosis and Haemostasis, (Aug., 1999) Vol. 82, No. 2, pp. 540-546.
ISSN: 0340-6245.

L45 ANSWER 18 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Hepatic gene therapy using adeno-associated virus vectors.
SO Seminars in Liver Disease, (1999) Vol. 19, No. 1, pp. 61-69.
ISSN: 0272-8087.

L45 ANSWER 19 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Adeno-associated virus mediated gene transfer in ocular tissues of canine mucopolysaccharidosis type VII.
SO IOVS, (March 15, 1999) Vol. 40, No. 4, pp. S936.
Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Association for Research in Vision and Ophthalmology Fort Lauderdale, Florida, USA May 9-14, 1999 Association for Research in Vision and Ophthalmology

L45 ANSWER 20 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Adeno- and adeno-associated virus mediated beta-glucuronidase cDNA transfer to treat storage in mucopolysaccharidosis VII affected eyes.
SO IOVS, (March 15, 1999) Vol. 40, No. 4, pp. S936.
Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Association for Research in Vision and Ophthalmology Fort Lauderdale, Florida, USA May 9-14, 1999 Association for Research in Vision and Ophthalmology

L45 ANSWER 21 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Factor IX synthesized in dog and human muscle cells has specific activity comparable to plasma-derived factor IX.
SO Blood, (Nov. 15, 1998) Vol. 92, No. 10 SUPPL. 1 PART 1-2, pp. 689A.
Meeting Info.: 40th Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology
Miami Beach, Florida, USA December 4-8, 1998 The American Society of Hematology
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L45 ANSWER 22 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Long-term phenotypic correction of hemophilia B in a large animal model by AAV-mediated gene transfer.
SO Blood, (Nov. 15, 1998) Vol. 92, No. 10 SUPPL. 1 PART 1-2, pp. 153A.
Meeting Info.: 40th Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology
Miami Beach, Florida, USA December 4-8, 1998 The American Society of Hematology
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L45 ANSWER 23 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Characterization of immune responses to factor IX in small and large animal models for gene therapy.
SO Blood, (Nov. 15, 1998) Vol. 92, No. 10 SUPPL. 1 PART 1-2, pp. 689A.

Meeting Info.: 40th Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology

Miami Beach, Florida, USA December 4-8, 1998 The American Society of Hematology
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L45 ANSWER 24 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Persistent expression of canine fix in the hemophilia B canine after direct intramuscular injection of rAAV.
SO Blood, (Nov. 15, 1998) Vol. 92, No. 10 SUPPL. 1 PART 1-2, pp. 690A.
Meeting Info.: 40th Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology
Miami Beach, Florida, USA December 4-8, 1998 The American Society of Hematology
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L45 ANSWER 25 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Gene transfer into hematopoietic cells: Progress, problems and prospects.
SO Turkish Journal of Pediatrics, (Sept., 1998) Vol. 40, No. 3, pp. 307-336.
ISSN: 0041-4301.

L45 ANSWER 26 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI AAV-mediated gene transfer in dogs with hemophilia B.
SO Journal of Investigative Medicine, (March, 1998) Vol. 46, No. 3, pp. 215A.
Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Association of American Physicians, American Society for Clinical Investigation, American Federation for Medical Research 1998 Biomedicine: Medical Research from Bench to Bedside
Washington, D.C., USA May 1-3, 1998 American Federation for Medical Research
ISSN: 1081-5589.

L45 ANSWER 27 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Adeno-associated virus as a gene delivery vector to treat storage in ocular tissues in canine mucopolysaccharidosis type VII.
SO IOVS, (March 15, 1998) Vol. 39, No. 4, pp. S719.
Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Association for Research in Vision and Ophthalmology Fort Lauderdale, Florida, USA May 10-15, 1998 Association for Research in Vision and Ophthalmology

L45 ANSWER 28 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Sustained expression of human factor IX in a hemophilic canine following direct intramuscular injection of an adeno-associated virus (AAV) vector.
SO Blood, (Nov. 15, 1997) Vol. 90, No. 10 SUPPL. 1 PART 1, pp. 240A.
Meeting Info.: 39th Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology
San Diego, California, USA December 5-9, 1997 The American Society of Hematology
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L45 ANSWER 29 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI New developments in the generation of Ad-free, high-titer rAAV gene therapy vectors.

SO Nature Medicine, (Nov., 1997) Vol. 3, No. 11, pp. 1295-1297.
ISSN: 1078-8956.

L45 ANSWER 30 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Gene transfer by **adeno-associated virus vectors** into the central nervous system.

SO Experimental Neurology, (1997) Vol. 144, No. 1, pp. 113-124.
ISSN: 0014-4886.

L45 ANSWER 31 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Gene therapy of hereditary immune deficiencies.

SO Archives de Pediatrie, (1996) Vol. 3, No. SUPPL. 1, pp. 69S-76S.
Meeting Info.: Thirty-first Congress of the Association des Pediatres de
Langue Francaise (Association of French Language Pediatricians)
Paris,
France May 1-4, 1996
ISSN: 0929-693X.

L45 ANSWER 32 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI A plasmid expression **vector** based on the **adeno-associated virus** (AAV) containing muscle-specific transcription elements for expression of therapeutic proteins.

SO American Journal of Human Genetics, (1995) Vol. 57, No. 4 SUPPL., pp.
A235.

Meeting Info.: 45th Annual Meeting of the American Society of Human Genetics Minneapolis, Minnesota, USA October 24-28, 1995
ISSN: 0002-9297.

L45 ANSWER 33 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Use of insulin-like growth factor I gene to increase muscle mass and strength in vertebrates

SO PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L45 ANSWER 34 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Thymidine kinase mutants with increased activity, vectors expressing mutants, and pharmacological uses

SO U.S., 72 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 237,592, abandoned.
CODEN: USXXAM

L45 ANSWER 35 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Gene therapy for hemophilia

SO Expert Opinion on Investigational Drugs (1997), 6(11), 1685-1690
CODEN: EOIDER; ISSN: 0967-8298

L45 ANSWER 36 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Viral vectors encoding Gax protein and their use for treating hyperproliferative disorders, in particular restenosis

SO PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L45 ANSWER 37 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Gene therapy vectors carrying lipase genes for treatment of lipoproteinemias

SO PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L45 ANSWER 38 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI A method for preparing **adeno-associated virus expression vectors** for use in gene therapy

SO PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

=> d ibib ab 26

L45 ANSWER 26 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL

ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:384830 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199800384830

TITLE: AAV-mediated gene transfer in dogs with hemophilia B.

AUTHOR(S): Herzog, R. W. (1); Yang, E. Y.; Couto, L. B.; Hagstrom, J.

N.; Elwell, D.; Chu, K.; Kung, S.-H.; Tai, S. J.; McQuiston, S. A.; Colosi, P.; Podskoff, G. M.; Read, M. S.; Bellinger, D. A.; Brinkhous, K. M.; Nichols, T.; Kurtzman, G. J.; High, K. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dep. Pathol., Univ. Pennsylvania, Children's Hosp.
Philadelphia, Philadelphia, PA USA

SOURCE: Journal of Investigative Medicine, (March, 1998) Vol. 46,

No. 3, pp. 215A.

Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Association of American Physicians, American Society for Clinical Investigation, American Federation for Medical Research 1998 Biomedicine: Medical Research from Bench to

Bedside

Washington, D.C., USA May 1-3, 1998 American Federation for

Medical Research
ISSN: 1081-5589.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE: English

=> d ibib ab 18

L45 ANSWER 18 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:402333 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199900402333

TITLE: Hepatic gene therapy using **adeno-associated virus vectors**.

AUTHOR(S): Patijn, Gijsbert A.; Kay, Mark A. (1)

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dep. Pediatr. Genet., Univ. Sch. Medicine, 300 Pasteur Drive, Room G305, Stanford, CA 94305 USA

SOURCE: Seminars in Liver Disease, (1999) Vol. 19, No. 1, pp. 61-69.
ISSN: 0272-8087.

DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review

LANGUAGE: English

=> s l45 and liver

L46 7 L45 AND LIVER

=> d ti so 1-7

L46 ANSWER 1 OF 7 MEDLINE

TI Gene therapy for hemophilia.

SO Curr Opin Mol Ther, (1999 Aug) 1 (4) 493-9. Ref: 52
Journal code: 100891485. ISSN: 1464-8431.

L46 ANSWER 2 OF 7 MEDLINE

TI Sustained correction of bleeding disorder in hemophilia B mice by gene therapy.

SO PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, (1999 Mar 30) 96 (7) 3906-10.
Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

L46 ANSWER 3 OF 7 MEDLINE

TI Correction of hemophilia B in canine and murine models using recombinant **adeno-associated viral vectors**.

SO NATURE MEDICINE, (1999 Jan) 5 (1) 64-70.
Journal code: 9502015. ISSN: 1078-8956.

L46 ANSWER 4 OF 7 MEDLINE

TI Persistent and therapeutic concentrations of human factor IX in mice after hepatic gene transfer of recombinant AAV vectors.
SO NATURE GENETICS, (1997 Jul) 16 (3) 270-6.
Journal code: 9216904. ISSN: 1061-4036.

L46 ANSWER 5 OF 7 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Adeno-associated virus-mediated gene transfer of factor IX for treatment of hemophilia B by gene therapy.
SO Thrombosis and Haemostasis, (Aug., 1999) Vol. 82, No. 2, pp. 540-546.
ISSN: 0340-6245.

L46 ANSWER 6 OF 7 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Hepatic gene therapy using adeno-associated virus vectors.
SO Seminars in Liver Disease, (1999) Vol. 19, No. 1, pp. 61-69.
ISSN: 0272-8087.

L46 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Gene therapy vectors carrying lipase genes for treatment of lipoproteinemias
SO PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

=> d ibib ab 3

L46 ANSWER 3 OF 7 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999098310 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99098310 PubMed ID: 9883841
TITLE: Correction of hemophilia B in canine and murine models using recombinant adeno-associated viral vectors.

COMMENT: Comment in: Nat Med. 1999 Jan;5(1):21-2

AUTHOR: Snyder R O; Miao C; Meuse L; Tubb J; Donahue B A; Lin H F;
Stafford D W; Patel S; Thompson A R; Nichols T; Read M S;

Bellinger D A; Brinkhous K M; Kay M A

CORPORATE SOURCE: Cell Genesys Inc., Foster City, California 94404, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: HL01648 (NHLBI)
HL53682 (NHLBI)

SOURCE: NATURE MEDICINE, (1999 Jan) 5 (1) 64-70.
Journal code: 9502015. ISSN: 1078-8956.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States
Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199902

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19990223

Last Updated on STN: 19990223

Entered Medline: 19990208

AB Hemophilia B, or factor IX deficiency, is an X-linked recessive disorder

occurring in about 1 in 25,000 males. Affected individuals are at risk for

spontaneous bleeding into many organs; treatment mainly consists of the

transfusion of clotting factor concentrates prepared from human blood or

recombinant sources after bleeding has started. Small- and large-animal

models have been developed and/or characterized that closely mimic the

human disease state. As a preclinical model for gene therapy, recombinant adeno-associated viral vectors containing the human or canine factor IX cDNAs

were infused into the livers of murine and canine models of hemophilia B, respectively. There was no associated toxicity with infusion in either animal model. Constitutive expression of factor IX

was observed, which resulted in the correction of the bleeding disorder

over a period of over 17 months in mice. Mice with a steady-state concentration of 25% of the normal human level of factor IX had normal

coagulation. In hemophilic dogs, a dose of rAAV that was approximately 1/10 per body weight that given to mice resulted in 1% of

normal canine factor IX levels, the absence of inhibitors, and a sustained partial correction of the coagulation defect for at least 8 months.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:28:55 ON 19 JUN 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:29:05 ON 19 JUN 2002

L1 5751 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED
L2 1438993 S LIVER
L3 195 S L1(S)L2
L4 87 S L3 NOT PY>1999
L5 47 DUP REM L4 (40 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L6 39542 S TRANSGENE
L7 12 S L6 AND LS
L8 122109 S EDTA
L9 7 S L1 AND L8
L10 5 DUP REM L9 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L11 594168 S DOG
L12 48 S L1(S)L11
L13 31 DUP REM L12 (17 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L14 10 S L13 NOT PY>1999

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:48:51 ON 19 JUN 2002

E "MG132"/CN 25
E "MG-132"/CN 25
E "CALPAIN INHIBITOR"/CN 25
L15 3 S E4 OR E5 OR E6
E "CALPAIN INHIBITOR"/CN 25
E "LLNL"/CN 25
E "MG115"/CN 25
E "N-BENZYLOXY-CARBONYL-ISO"/CN 25

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:53:04 ON 19 JUN 2002

L16 366 S L-LEUCINAMIDE
L17 365 S CALPAIN INHIBITOR I
L18 119 S CALPAIN INHIBITOR II
L19 7 S CALPAIN INHIBITOR III
L20 727 S MG132
L21 952 S LLNL
L22 84 S MG115
L23 67122 S PSI
L24 192 S N-BENZYLOXY-CARBONYL
L25 0 S L1 AND L16
L26 1 S L1 AND L17
L27 0 S L1 AND L18
L28 0 S L1 AND L19
L29 1 S L1 AND L20
L30 0 S L1 AND L21
L31 0 S L1 AND L22
L32 11 S L1 AND L23
L33 9 DUP REM L32 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L34 0 S L1 AND L24
L35 120514 S CANINE
L36 90 S L1 AND L35
L37 10 S L36 AND L6
L38 6 DUP REM L37 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

L39 1279 S RECOMBINANT ADENO-ASSOCIATED
L40 3514 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED(S)VECTOR
L41 3731 S L39 OR L40
L42 646328 S L11 OR L35
L43 117 S L41 AND L42
L44 79 DUP REM L43 (38 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L45 38 S L44 NOT PY>1999
L46 7 S L45 AND LIVER

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L47 3416653 RAT

=> s l47 and l41
L48 552 L47 AND L41

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induc?)(s)transduction
L49 68324 (ENHANC? OR IMPROV? OR AUGMENT? OR
INCREAS? OR INDUC?)(S) TRANSD
UCTION

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L50 96 L48 AND L49

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L50
L51 55 DUP REM L50 (41 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s l50 not py>1999
L52 47 L50 NOT PY>1999

=> d ti so 1-47

L52 ANSWER 1 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Gene therapy in the inner ear. Mechanisms and clinical implications.
SO ANNALS OF THE NEW YORK ACADEMY OF SCIENCES,
(1999 Nov 28) 884 345-60.
Ref: 27
Journal code: 7506858. ISSN: 0077-8923.

L52 ANSWER 2 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Prevention of 6-hydroxydopamine-induced rotational behavior by
BDNF
somatic gene transfer.
SO BRAIN RESEARCH, (1999 Nov 20) 847 (2) 314-20.
Journal code: 0045503. ISSN: 0006-8993.

L52 ANSWER 3 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Neuronal-specific and nerve growth factor-inducible expression
directed by
the preprotachykinin-A promoter delivered by an adeno-
associated virus vector.
SO NEUROSCIENCE, (1999) 94 (3) 997-1003.
Journal code: 7605074. ISSN: 0306-4522.

L52 ANSWER 4 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Gene transfer to the nigrostriatal system by hybrid herpes simplex
virus/
adeno-associated virus amplicon vectors.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Oct 10) 10 (15) 2481-94.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L52 ANSWER 5 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI bcl-2 gene therapy exacerbates excitotoxicity.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Jul 1) 10 (10) 1715-20.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L52 ANSWER 6 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Long-term restoration of striatal L-aromatic amino acid
decarboxylase
activity using recombinant adeno-associated
viral vector gene transfer in a rodent model of Parkinson's
disease.
SO NEUROSCIENCE, (1999) 92 (1) 185-96.

Journal code: 7605074. ISSN: 0306-4522.

L52 ANSWER 7 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Generation of aberrant sprouting in the adult rat brain by
GAP-43 somatic gene transfer.
SO BRAIN RESEARCH, (1999 Jun 19) 832 (1-2) 136-44.
Journal code: 0045503. ISSN: 0006-8993.

L52 ANSWER 8 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Stable restoration of the sarcoglycan complex in dystrophic muscle
perfused with histamine and a recombinant adeno-
associated viral vector.
SO NATURE MEDICINE, (1999 Apr) 5 (4) 439-43.
Journal code: 9502015. ISSN: 1078-8956.

L52 ANSWER 9 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Disease-inducible transgene expression from a recombinant
adeno-associated virus vector in a rat
arthritis model.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1999 Apr) 73 (4) 3410-7.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L52 ANSWER 10 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Antisense inhibition of AT1 receptor in vascular smooth muscle
cells using
adeno-associated virus-based vector.
SO HYPERTENSION, (1999 Jan) 33 (1 Pt 2) 354-9.
Journal code: 7906255. ISSN: 0194-911X.

L52 ANSWER 11 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Behavioral recovery in 6-hydroxydopamine-lesioned rats by
cotransduction of striatum with tyrosine hydroxylase and aromatic L-
amino
acid decarboxylase genes using two separate adeno-
associated virus vectors.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Nov 20) 9 (17) 2527-35.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L52 ANSWER 12 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Characterization of intrastriatal recombinant adeno-
associated virus-mediated gene transfer of human tyrosine
hydroxylase and human GTP-cyclohydrolase I in a rat model of
Parkinson's disease.
SO JOURNAL OF NEUROSCIENCE, (1998 Jun 1) 18 (11) 4271-84.
Journal code: 8102140. ISSN: 0270-6474.

L52 ANSWER 13 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Factors influencing recombinant adeno-
associated virus production.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Mar 20) 9 (5) 695-706.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L52 ANSWER 14 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Neuron-specific transduction in the rat septohippocampal or
nigrostriatal pathway by recombinant adeno-
associated virus vectors.
SO EXPERIMENTAL NEUROLOGY, (1998 Apr) 150 (2) 183-94.
Journal code: 0370712. ISSN: 0014-4886.

L52 ANSWER 15 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Characterization of recombinant adeno-
associated virus-2 as a vehicle for gene delivery and expression
into vascular cells.
SO JOURNAL OF INVESTIGATIVE MEDICINE, (1997 Feb) 45 (2)
87-98.
Journal code: 9501229. ISSN: 1081-5589.

L52 ANSWER 16 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Adeno-associated virus vectors for vascular
gene delivery.
SO CIRCULATION RESEARCH, (1997 Apr) 80 (4) 497-505.
Journal code: 0047103. ISSN: 0009-7330.

L52 ANSWER 17 OF 47 MEDLINE

TI Efficient transduction of green fluorescent protein in spinal cord neurons
using **adeno-associated virus vectors**
containing cell type-specific promoters.
SO GENE THERAPY, (1997 Jan) 4 (1) 16-24.
Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L52 ANSWER 18 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Persistent expression of human clotting factor IX from mouse liver after
intravenous injection of **adeno-associated virus vectors**.
SO PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, (1997 Feb 18) 94 (4) 1426-31.
Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

L52 ANSWER 19 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Recombinant **adeno-associated virus** mediates a high level of gene transfer but less efficient integration in the K562 human hematopoietic cell line.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1997 Mar) 71 (3) 1776-83.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L52 ANSWER 20 OF 47 MEDLINE
TI Effects of gamma irradiation on the transduction of dividing and nondividing cells in brain and muscle of **rats** by **adeno-associated virus vectors**.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1996 May 1) 7 (7) 841-50.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L52 ANSWER 21 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Prevention of 6-hydroxydopamine-induced rotational behavior by BDNF somatic gene transfer.
SO Brain Research, (Nov. 20, 1999) Vol. 847, No. 2, pp. 314-320.
ISSN: 0006-8993.

L52 ANSWER 22 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Neuronal-specific and nerve growth factor-inducible expression directed by the preprotachykinin-A promoter delivered by an **adeno-associated virus vector**.
SO Neuroscience, (Oct. 11, 1999) Vol. 94, No. 3, pp. 997-1003.
ISSN: 0306-4522.

L52 ANSWER 23 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Gene transfer to the nigrostriatal system by hybrid herpes simplex virus/
adeno-associated virus amplicon vectors.
SO Human Gene Therapy, (Oct. 10, 1999) Vol. 10, No. 15, pp. 2481-2494.
ISSN: 1043-0342.

L52 ANSWER 24 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI bcl-2 gene therapy exacerbates excitotoxicity.
SO Human Gene Therapy, (July 1, 1999) Vol. 10, No. 10, pp. 1715-1720.
ISSN: 1043-0342.

L52 ANSWER 25 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Generation of aberrant sprouting in the adult **rat** brain by GAP-43 somatic gene transfer.
SO Brain Research, (June 19, 1999) Vol. 832, No. 1-2, pp. 136-144.
ISSN: 0006-8993.

L52 ANSWER 26 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Long-term restoration of striatal L-aromatic amino acid

decarboxylase activity using **recombinant adeno-associated viral vector** gene transfer in a rodent model of Parkinson's disease.
SO Neuroscience, (May 20, 1999) Vol. 92, No. 1, pp. 185-196.
ISSN: 0306-4522.

L52 ANSWER 27 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Cellular contaminants of **adeno-associated virus vector** stocks can enhance transduction.
SO Gene Therapy, (June, 1999) Vol. 6, No. 6, pp. 1045-1053.
ISSN: 0969-7128.

L52 ANSWER 28 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Strategies for gene therapy of Parkinson's disease using **adeno-associated virus** (AAV) vectors.
SO Biogenic Amines, (1999) Vol. 15, No. 1, pp. 21-37.
ISSN: 0168-8561.

L52 ANSWER 29 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Disease-inducible transgene expression from a **recombinant adeno-associated virus vector** in a **rat** arthritis model.
SO Journal of Virology, (April, 1999) Vol. 73, No. 4, pp. 3410-3417.
ISSN: 0022-538X.

L52 ANSWER 30 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Antisense inhibition of AT1 receptor in vascular smooth muscle cells using **adeno-associated virus-based vector**.
SO Hypertension (Baltimore), (Jan., 1999) Vol. 33, No. 1 PART 2, pp. 354-359.
ISSN: 0194-911X.

L52 ANSWER 31 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Adeno-associated virus-mediated gene transfer to the brain: Duration and modulation of expression.
SO Human Gene Therapy, (Jan. 20, 1999) Vol. 10, No. 2, pp. 201-213.
ISSN: 1043-0342.

L52 ANSWER 32 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Adenoassociated virus-mediated transfer of a functional water channel into salivary epithelial cells in vitro and in vivo.
SO Human Gene Therapy, (Dec. 10, 1998) Vol. 9, No. 18, pp. 2777-2785.
ISSN: 1043-0342.

L52 ANSWER 33 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Behavioral recovery in 6-hydroxydopamine-lesioned **rats** by cotransduction of striatum with tyrosine hydroxylase and aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase genes using two separate **adeno-associated virus vectors**.
SO Human Gene Therapy, (Nov. 20, 1998) Vol. 9, No. 17, pp. 2527-2535.
ISSN: 1043-0342.

L52 ANSWER 34 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Characterization of intrastriatal **recombinant adeno-associated virus**-mediated gene transfer of human tyrosine hydroxylase and human GTP-cyclohydrolase I in a **rat** model of Parkinson's disease.
SO Journal of Neuroscience, (June 1, 1998) Vol. 18, No. 11, pp. 4271-4284.

ISSN: 0270-6474.

L52 ANSWER 35 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Neuron-specific transduction in the rat septohippocampal or nigrostriatal pathway by recombinant adeno-associated virus vectors.

SO Experimental Neurology, (April, 1998) Vol. 150, No. 2, pp. 183-194.

ISSN: 0014-4886.

L52 ANSWER 36 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Gene transfer by adeno-associated virus vectors into the central nervous system.

SO Experimental Neurology, (1997) Vol. 144, No. 1, pp. 113-124.

ISSN: 0014-4886.

L52 ANSWER 37 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Characterization of recombinant adeno-associated virus-2 as a vehicle for gene delivery and expression into vascular cells.

SO Journal of Investigative Medicine, (1997) Vol. 45, No. 2, pp. 87-98.

ISSN: 1081-5589.

L52 ANSWER 38 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Recombinant adeno-associated virus mediates a high level of gene transfer but less efficient integration in the K562 human hematopoietic cell line.

SO Journal of Virology, (1997) Vol. 71, No. 3, pp. 1776-1783.

ISSN: 0022-538X.

L52 ANSWER 39 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Efficient transduction of green fluorescent protein in spinal cord neurons using adeno-associated virus vectors containing cell type-specific promoters.

SO Gene Therapy, (1997) Vol. 4, No. 1, pp. 16-24.

ISSN: 0969-7128.

L52 ANSWER 40 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Comparison of promoter strengths on gene delivery into mammalian brain cells using AAV vectors.

SO Gene Therapy, (1996) Vol. 3, No. 5, pp. 437-447.

ISSN: 0969-7128.

L52 ANSWER 41 OF 47 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Sodium butyrate greatly enhances the efficiency of viral transduction in adult ventricular cardiomyocytes by adeno-associated viral vectors.

SO Circulation, (1995) Vol. 92, No. 8 SUPPL., pp. I296.
Meeting Info.: 68th Scientific Session of the American Heart Association
Anaheim, California, USA November 13-16, 1995

ISSN: 0009-7322.

L52 ANSWER 42 OF 47 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Cellular contaminants of adeno-associated virus vector stocks can enhance transduction

SO Gene Therapy (1999), 6(6), 1045-1053

CODEN: GETHEC; ISSN: 0969-7128

L52 ANSWER 43 OF 47 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Generation of aberrant sprouting in the adult rat brain by GAP-43 somatic gene transfer

SO Brain Research (1999), 832(1,2), 136-144

CODEN: BRREAP; ISSN: 0006-8993

L52 ANSWER 44 OF 47 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Disease-inducible transgene expression from a recombinant adeno-associated virus vector in a rat arthritis model

SO Journal of Virology (1999), 73(4), 3410-3417

CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X

L52 ANSWER 45 OF 47 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Adenoassociated virus-mediated transfer of a functional water channel into

salivary epithelial cells in vitro and in vivo

SO Human Gene Therapy (1998), 9(18), 2777-2785

CODEN: HGTHE3; ISSN: 1043-0342

L52 ANSWER 46 OF 47 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Gene therapy of a rodent model of Parkinson's disease using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors

SO Advances in Behavioral Biology (1998), 49(Progress in Alzheimer's and

Parkinson's Diseases), 647-652

CODEN: ADBBBW; ISSN: 0099-6246

L52 ANSWER 47 OF 47 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Effects of gamma irradiation on the transduction of dividing and nondividing cells in brain and muscle of rats by adeno-associated virus vectors

SO Hum. Gene Ther. (1996), 7(7), 841-850

CODEN: HGTHE3; ISSN: 1043-0342

=> dup rem L52

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L52

L53 28 DUP REM L52 (19 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti so 1-28

L53 ANSWER 1 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1

TI Disease-inducible transgene expression from a recombinant adeno-associated virus vector in a rat arthritis model.

SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1999 Apr) 73 (4) 3410-7.

Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L53 ANSWER 2 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 2

TI Gene transfer to the nigrostriatal system by hybrid herpes simplex virus/

adeno-associated virus amplicon vectors.

SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Oct 10) 10 (15) 2481-94.

Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L53 ANSWER 3 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 3

TI bcl-2 gene therapy exacerbates excitotoxicity.

SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Jul 1) 10 (10) 1715-20.

Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L53 ANSWER 4 OF 28 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.DUPLICATE

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TI Cellular contaminants of adeno-associated virus vector stocks can enhance transduction.

SO Gene Therapy, (June, 1999) Vol. 6, No. 6, pp. 1045-1053.

ISSN: 0969-7128.

L53 ANSWER 5 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 5

TI Neuronal-specific and nerve growth factor-inducible expression directed by

the preprotachykinin-A promoter delivered by an adeno-

associated virus vector.

SO NEUROSCIENCE, (1999) 94 (3) 997-1003.

Journal code: 7605074. ISSN: 0306-4522.

L53 ANSWER 6 OF 28 MEDLINE

TI Stable restoration of the sarcoglycan complex in dystrophic muscle perfused with histamine and a recombinant adeno-

associated viral vector.
 SO NATURE MEDICINE, (1999 Apr) 5 (4) 439-43.
 Journal code: 9502015. ISSN: 1078-8956.

L53 ANSWER 7 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 6
 TI Antisense inhibition of AT1 receptor in vascular smooth muscle cells using **adeno-associated** virus-based vector.
 SO HYPERTENSION, (1999 Jan) 33 (1 Pt 2) 354-9.
 Journal code: 7906255. ISSN: 0194-911X.

L53 ANSWER 8 OF 28 MEDLINE
 TI Gene therapy in the inner ear. Mechanisms and clinical implications.
 SO ANNALS OF THE NEW YORK ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, (1999 Nov 28) 884 345-60.
 Ref: 27
 Journal code: 7506858. ISSN: 0077-8923.

L53 ANSWER 9 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 7
 TI Prevention of 6-hydroxydopamine-induced rotational behavior by BDNF somatic gene transfer.
 SO BRAIN RESEARCH, (1999 Nov 20) 847 (2) 314-20.
 Journal code: 0045503. ISSN: 0006-8993.

L53 ANSWER 10 OF 28 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Adeno-associated virus-mediated gene transfer to the brain: Duration and modulation of expression.
 SO Human Gene Therapy, (Jan. 20, 1999) Vol. 10, No. 2, pp. 201-213. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L53 ANSWER 11 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 8
 TI Long-term restoration of striatal L-aromatic amino acid decarboxylase activity using **recombinant adeno-associated** viral vector gene transfer in a rodent model of Parkinson's disease.
 SO NEUROSCIENCE, (1999) 92 (1) 185-96.
 Journal code: 7605074. ISSN: 0306-4522.

L53 ANSWER 12 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 9
 TI Generation of aberrant sprouting in the adult **rat** brain by GAP-43 somatic gene transfer.
 SO BRAIN RESEARCH, (1999 Jun 19) 832 (1-2) 136-44.
 Journal code: 0045503. ISSN: 0006-8993.

L53 ANSWER 13 OF 28 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Strategies for gene therapy of Parkinson's disease using **adeno-associated** virus (AAV) vectors.
 SO Biogenic Amines, (1999) Vol. 15, No. 1, pp. 21-37. ISSN: 0168-8561.

L53 ANSWER 14 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 10
 TI Characterization of intrastriatal **recombinant adeno-associated** virus-mediated gene transfer of human tyrosine hydroxylase and human GTP-cyclohydrolase I in a **rat** model of Parkinson's disease.
 SO JOURNAL OF NEUROSCIENCE, (1998 Jun 1) 18 (11) 4271-84.
 Journal code: 8102140. ISSN: 0270-6474.

L53 ANSWER 15 OF 28 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.DUPLICATE 11
 TI Adenoassociated virus-mediated transfer of a functional water channel into salivary epithelial cells in vitro and in vivo.
 SO Human Gene Therapy, (Dec. 10, 1998) Vol. 9, No. 18, pp. 2777-2785.
 ISSN: 1043-0342.

L53 ANSWER 16 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 12
 TI Behavioral recovery in 6-hydroxydopamine-lesioned **rats** by cotransduction of striatum with tyrosine hydroxylase and aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase genes using two separate **adeno-associated** virus vectors.
 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Nov 20) 9 (17) 2527-35.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L53 ANSWER 17 OF 28 MEDLINE
 TI Factors influencing recombinant **adeno-associated** virus production.
 SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Mar 20) 9 (5) 695-706.
 Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L53 ANSWER 18 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 TI Gene therapy of a rodent model of Parkinson's disease using **adeno-associated** virus (AAV) vectors
 SO Advances in Behavioral Biology (1998), 49(Progress in Alzheimer's and Parkinson's Diseases), 647-652
 CODEN: ADBBBW; ISSN: 0099-6246

L53 ANSWER 19 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 13
 TI Neuron-specific transduction in the **rat** septohippocampal or nigrostriatal pathway by recombinant **adeno-associated** virus vectors.
 SO EXPERIMENTAL NEUROLOGY, (1998 Apr) 150 (2) 183-94.
 Journal code: 0370712. ISSN: 0014-4886.

L53 ANSWER 20 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 14
 TI Recombinant **adeno-associated** virus mediates a high level of gene transfer but less efficient integration in the K562 human hematopoietic cell line.
 SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1997 Mar) 71 (3) 1776-83.
 Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L53 ANSWER 21 OF 28 MEDLINE
 TI Persistent expression of human clotting factor IX from mouse liver after intravenous injection of **adeno-associated** virus vectors.
 SO PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, (1997 Feb 18) 94 (4) 1426-31.
 Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

L53 ANSWER 22 OF 28 MEDLINE
 TI **Adeno-associated** virus vectors for vascular gene delivery.
 SO CIRCULATION RESEARCH, (1997 Apr) 80 (4) 497-505.
 Journal code: 0047103. ISSN: 0009-7330.

L53 ANSWER 23 OF 28 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 TI Gene transfer by **adeno-associated** virus vectors into the central nervous system.
 SO Experimental Neurology, (1997) Vol. 144, No. 1, pp. 113-124. ISSN: 0014-4886.

L53 ANSWER 24 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 15
 TI Characterization of **recombinant adeno-associated** virus-2 as a vehicle for gene delivery and expression into vascular cells.
 SO JOURNAL OF INVESTIGATIVE MEDICINE, (1997 Feb) 45 (2) 87-98.
 Journal code: 9501229. ISSN: 1081-5589.

L53 ANSWER 25 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 16
 TI Efficient transduction of green fluorescent protein in spinal cord neurons using **adeno-associated** virus vectors containing cell type-specific promoters.
 SO GENE THERAPY, (1997 Jan) 4 (1) 16-24.
 Journal code: 9421525. ISSN: 0969-7128.

L53 ANSWER 26 OF 28 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 17
TI Effects of gamma irradiation on the transduction of dividing and nondividing cells in brain and muscle of rats by adeno-associated virus vectors.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1996 May 1) 7 (7) 841-50.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L53 ANSWER 27 OF 28 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Comparison of promoter strengths on gene delivery into mammalian brain cells using AAV vectors.
SO Gene Therapy, (1996) Vol. 3, No. 5, pp. 437-447.
ISSN: 0969-7128.

L53 ANSWER 28 OF 28 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
TI Sodium butyrate greatly enhances the efficiency of viral transduction in adult ventricular cardiomyocytes by adeno-associated viral vectors.
SO Circulation, (1995) Vol. 92, No. 8 SUPPL., pp. I296.
Meeting Info.: 68th Scientific Session of the American Heart Association
Anaheim, California, USA November 13-16, 1995
ISSN: 0009-7322.

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L53 ANSWER 28 OF 28 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:11748 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199698583883
TITLE: Sodium butyrate greatly enhances the efficiency of viral transduction in adult ventricular cardiomyocytes by adeno-associated viral vectors.
AUTHOR(S): Kessler, Paul D. (1); Matelis, Laura A.; Wei, Shao-Kui;
Silverman, Howard S.; Flotte, Terry R.; Kurtzman, Gary J.; Byrne, Barry J.
CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dep. Med., Johns Hopkins Univ., Baltimore, MD USA
SOURCE: Circulation, (1995) Vol. 92, No. 8 SUPPL., pp. I296.
Meeting Info.: 68th Scientific Session of the American Heart Association Anaheim, California, USA November 13-16, 1995
ISSN: 0009-7322.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference
LANGUAGE: English

L53 ANSWER 17 OF 28 MEDLINE
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998211339 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98211339 PubMed ID: 9551617
TITLE: Factors influencing recombinant adeno-associated virus production.
AUTHOR: Salvetti A; Oreve S; Chadeuf G; Favre D; Cherel Y; Champion-Arnaud P; David-Ameline J; Moullier P
CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Therapie Genique, CHU Hotel-DIEU, Nantes, France.
SOURCE: HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Mar 20) 9 (5) 695-706.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199805
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980611
Last Updated on STN: 19980611
Entered Medline: 19980529

AB Recombinant adeno-associated virus (rAAV) is produced by transfecting cells with two constructs: the rAAV vector plasmid and the rep-cap plasmid. After subsequent adenoviral infection, needed for rAAV replication and assembly, the virus is purified from total cell lysates through CsCl gradients. Because this is a long and complex procedure, the precise titration of rAAV stocks, as well as the measure of the level of contamination with adenovirus and rep-positive AAV, are essential to evaluate the transduction efficiency of these vectors *in vitro* and *in vivo*. Our vector core is in charge of producing rAAV for outside investigators as part of a national network promoted by the Association Francaise contre les Myopathies/Genethon. We report here the characterization of 18 large-scale rAAV stocks produced during the year. Three major improvements were introduced and combined in the rAAV production procedure: (i) the titration and characterization of rAAV stocks using a stable rep-cap HeLa cell line in a modified Replication Center Assay (RCA); (ii) the use of different rep-cap constructs to provide AAV regulatory and structural proteins; (iii) the use of an adenoviral plasmid to provide helper functions needed for rAAV replication and assembly. Our results indicate that: (i) rAAV yields ranged between 10(11) to 5 x 10(12) total particles; (ii) the physical particle to infectious particle (measured by RCA) ratios were consistently below 50 when using a rep-cap plasmid harboring an ITR-deleted AAV genome; the physical particle to transducing particle ratios ranged between 400 and 600; (iii) the use of an adenoviral plasmid instead of an infectious virion did not affect the particles or the infectious particles yields nor the above ratio. Most of large-scale rAAV stocks (7/9) produced using this plasmid were free of detectable infectious adenovirus as determined by RCA; (iv) all the rAAV stocks were contaminated with rep-positive AAV as detected by RCA. In summary, this study describes a general method to titrate rAAV, independently of the transgene and its expression, and to measure the level of contamination with adenovirus and rep-positive AAV. Furthermore, we report a new production procedure using adenoviral plasmids instead of virions and resulting in rAAV stocks with undetectable adenovirus contamination.

L53 ANSWER 4 OF 28 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.DUPLICATE 4
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:300229 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199900300229
TITLE: Cellular contaminants of adeno-associated virus vector stocks can enhance transduction.
AUTHOR(S): Tenenbaum, L. (1); Hamdane, M.; Pouzet, M.; Avalosse, B.; Stathopoulos, A.; Jurysta, F.; Rosenbaum, C.; Hanemann, C.; Levivier, M.; Velu, T.
CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) IRIBHN, Universite Libre de Bruxelles 808, Route de Lennik, Bat C, Campus Erasme, B-1070, Brussels Belgium
SOURCE: Gene Therapy, (June, 1999) Vol. 6, No. 6, pp. 1045-1053.
ISSN: 0969-7128.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

LANGUAGE: English
 SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English
 AB Transduction efficiency of different types of recombinant (r)AAV-2 based vectors preparations markedly differed, with apparently no correlation with the replicative titers. Using HeLa cells as target for transduction, 105 and 30 infectious units were necessary to observe one transductant using respectively cesium-chloride-purified rAAV and crude lysates of producer cells obtained by sonication. The purified vectors were however able to transduce HEK-193 cells efficiently, but transgene expression was detected with some delay compared with crude lysates. The unexpected high transduction efficiency of sonicated crude lysates was due to virally mediated gene transfer, since similar sonicated crude lysates, but with no AAV rep and cap genes, did not lead to detection of transgene products after incubation with HeLa cells. Furthermore, sonicated cellular extracts of 293 or 293/T cells given in trans stimulate transduction of HeLa cells by purified rAAV. In contrast, neither extracts from the adenovirus E1-transformed 911 cell line, nor from other cell lines not harboring any adenovirus gene, had enhancing effect on rAAV-mediated transduction. These data suggest that 293 sonicated extracts contain factors which stimulate rAAV-mediated transduction of cells that are normally poorly transduced and offer a system to identify such factors and to characterize further the steps limiting the transfer of gene by AAV vectors.

=>

---Logging off of STN---

=>

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	ENTRY	SINCE FILE SESSION	TOTAL
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 NEWS 4 Feb 01 DKILIT now produced by FIZ Karlsruhe and has a new update frequency
 NEWS 5 Feb 19 Access via Tymnet and SprintNet Eliminated Effective 3/31/02
 NEWS 6 Mar 08 Gene Names now available in BIOSIS
 NEWS 7 Mar 22 TOXLIT no longer available
 NEWS 8 Mar 22 TRCTHERMO no longer available
 NEWS 9 Mar 28 US Provisional Priorities searched with P in CA/Cplus and USPATFULL
 NEWS 10 Mar 28 LIPINSKI/CALC added for property searching in REGISTRY
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 NEWS 12 Apr 08 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
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 NEWS 16 Apr 22 Records from IP.com available in CAPLUS, HCAPLUS, and ZCAPLUS
 NEWS 17 Apr 22 BIOSIS Gene Names now available in TOXCENTER
 NEWS 18 Apr 22 Federal Research in Progress (FEDRIP) now available
 NEWS 19 Jun 03 New e-mail delivery for search results now available
 NEWS 20 Jun 10 MEDLINE Reload
 NEWS 21 Jun 10 PCTFULL has been reloaded

NEWS EXPRESS February 1 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.0d,
 CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0a(ENG) AND V6.0Ja(JP),
 AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 05 FEBRUARY 2002
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***** STN Columbus *****

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:27:10 ON 20 JUN 2002

=> file caplus
 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
 ENTRY SESSION
 FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.21 0.21

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:27:21 ON 20 JUN 2002
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Jun 2002 VOL 136 ISS 25
FILE LAST UPDATED: 18 Jun 2002 (20020618/ED)

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=> s endosomal protease inhibitor
2694 ENDOSOMAL
70065 PROTEASE
25528 PROTEASES
81531 PROTEASE
(PROTEASE OR PROTEASES)
382334 INHIBITOR
403637 INHIBITORS
622534 INHIBITOR
(INHIBITOR OR INHIBITORS)
L1 1 ENDOSOMAL PROTEASE INHIBITOR
(ENDOSOMAL(W)PROTEASE(W)INHIBITOR)

=> d ti so

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Processing of endogenously synthesized hen egg-white lysozyme retained in the endoplasmic reticulum or in secretory form gives rise to a similar but not identical set of epitopes recognized by class II-restricted T cells
SO J. Immunol. (1993), 151(7), 3576-86
CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767

=> d ibib ab

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:28871 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:28871
TITLE: Processing of endogenously synthesized hen egg-white lysozyme retained in the endoplasmic reticulum or in secretory form gives rise to a similar but not identical set of epitopes recognized by class II-restricted T cells
AUTHOR(S): Adorini, Luciano; Guery, Jean Charles; Fuchs, Serge; Ortiz-Navarrete, Vianney; Haemmerling, Gunter J.; Momburg, Frank
CORPORATE SOURCE: Preclin. Res., Sandoz Pharma Ltd., Basel, CH-4002, Switz.
SOURCE: J. Immunol. (1993), 151(7), 3576-86
CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
AB To study the processing and presentation of endogenously

synthesized Ag to class II MHC-restricted T cells, hen egg lysozyme (HEL), either tagged with a peptide that confers retention in the endoplasmic reticulum (HEL.KDEL), or in the secretory form (HELS), was stably expressed in LK-35.2 B hybridoma cells. Presentation of HEL peptides bound to class II mols. was assessed by activation of specific T cell hybridomas recognizing seven different epitopes derived from exogenous HEL. The presentation of endogenously synthesized HEL was not caused by reuptake of secreted or shed Ag. All the HEL epitopes examd. were efficiently presented after processing of endogenous HEL by HEls-transfected LK-35.2 cells. Processing of HEL tagged with KDEL, however, gave rise to only six of the seven HEL epitopes. The epitope included in the HEL sequence 112-124 was not presented by HEL.KDEL-transfected B cells. In addn., two of the four T cell hybridomas recognizing HEL 116-129 together with I-Ak mols. were not activated by HEL.KDEL, and three other epitopes were presented with lower efficiency as compared with HEls. Thus, endogenously synthesized HEL in secretory form gives rise to a set of class II-binding epitopes indistinguishable from exogenous HEL, whereas endoplasmic reticulum-retained HEL generates a similar but not identical set of epitopes. The endosomal protease inhibitor leupeptin prevented presentation of the epitope 108-116, but not 46-61, both by HEls and HEL.KDEL transfected cells, indicating a requirement for endosomal processing in both cases. In addn., the presentation of peptides derived from endogenously synthesized, either secretory or endoplasmic reticulum-retained HEL, could be inhibited by lysosomotropic amines, further indicating that the intracellular route of class II mols. presenting peptides derived from endogenous Ag intersects the acidic endosomal compartment.

=> s endosomal protease
2694 ENDOSOMAL
70065 PROTEASE
25528 PROTEASES
81531 PROTEASE
(PROTEASE OR PROTEASES)
L2 20 ENDOSOMAL PROTEASE
(ENDOSOMAL(W)PROTEASE)

=> d ti so 1-20

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Proteases, natural inhibitors of protease, and activation of antigen processing in dendritic cells
SO Pathologie Biologie (2001), 49(6), 494-495
CODEN: PTBIAN; ISSN: 0031-3009

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI LUV1p/RKI1p/TCS3p/VPS54p, a yeast protein that localizes to the late golgi and early endosome, is required for normal vacuolar morphology
SO Molecular Biology of the Cell (2000), 11(7), 2429-2443
CODEN: MBCEEV; ISSN: 1059-1524

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Alternative proteolytic processing of mouse mammary tumor virus superantigens
SO Journal of Virology (2000), 74(7), 3067-3073
CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X

L2 ANSWER 4 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Cathepsins and compartmentalization in antigen presentation
SO Current Opinion in Immunology (2000), 12(1), 107-113
CODEN: COPIEL; ISSN: 0952-7915

L2 ANSWER 5 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Negative regulation of epidermal growth factor signaling by selective proteolytic mechanisms in the endosome mediated by cathepsin B
SO Journal of Biological Chemistry (1999), 274(47), 33723-33731
CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

L2 ANSWER 6 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Endosomal proteases and antigen processing
SO Trends in Biochemical Sciences (1997), 22(10), 377-382
CODEN: TBSCDB; ISSN: 0376-5067

L2 ANSWER 7 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI The characterization of endosomal insulin degradation intermediates and their sequence of production
SO Biochemical Journal (1996), 320(3), 947-956
CODEN: BIJOAK; ISSN: 0264-6021

L2 ANSWER 8 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Endosomal proteolysis of internalized proteins
SO FEBS Lett. (1996), 389(1), 55-60
CODEN: FEBLAL; ISSN: 0014-5793

L2 ANSWER 9 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Induction of a cellular immune response to a defined T-cell epitope as an insert in the flagellin of a live vaccine strain of *Salmonella*
SO Vaccine (1995), 13(3), 235-44
CODEN: VACCDE; ISSN: 0264-410X

L2 ANSWER 10 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Is antigen processing guided by major histocompatibility complex molecules?
SO FASEB J. (1994), 8(12), 974-8
CODEN: FAJOEC; ISSN: 0892-6638

L2 ANSWER 11 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Cell tropism of influenza virus mediated by hemagglutinin activation at the stage of virus entry
SO Virology (1994), 203(2), 313-19
CODEN: VIRLAX; ISSN: 0042-6822

L2 ANSWER 12 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Processing of endogenously synthesized hen egg-white lysozyme retained in the endoplasmic reticulum or in secretory form gives rise to a similar but not identical set of epitopes recognized by class II-restricted T cells
SO J. Immunol. (1993), 151(7), 3576-86
CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767

L2 ANSWER 13 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Endosomal proteolysis precedes ricin A-chain toxicity in macrophages
SO Arch. Biochem. Biophys. (1993), 307(2), 225-30
CODEN: ABBIA4; ISSN: 0003-9861

L2 ANSWER 14 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Nucleosome: A major immunogen for pathogenic autoantibody-inducing T cells of lupus
SO J. Exp. Med. (1993), 177(5), 1367-81

CODEN: JEMEA9; ISSN: 0022-1007

L2 ANSWER 15 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Inhibition of endosomal proteolytic activity by leupeptin blocks expression of MHC class II molecules and their conversion to SDS resistant .alpha..beta. heterodimers in endosomes
SO EMBO J. (1992), 11(2), 411-16
CODEN: EMJODG; ISSN: 0261-4189

L2 ANSWER 16 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI The endo/lysosomal protease cathepsin B is able to process conalbumin fragments for presentation to T cells
SO Immunology (1991), 74(3), 393-8
CODEN: IMMUAM; ISSN: 0019-2805

L2 ANSWER 17 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Antigen processing by endosomal proteases determines which sites of sperm-whale myoglobin are eventually recognized by T cells
SO Eur. J. Immunol. (1991), 21(9), 1989-96
CODEN: EJIMAF; ISSN: 0014-2980

L2 ANSWER 18 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Proteolytic cleavage of ricin A chain in endosomal vesicles. Evidence for the action of endosomal proteases at both neutral and acidic pH
SO J. Biol. Chem. (1991), 266(33), 22091-5
CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

L2 ANSWER 19 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Selective degradation of insulin within rat liver endosomes
SO J. Cell Biol. (1990), 110(1), 35-42
CODEN: JCLBA3; ISSN: 0021-9525

L2 ANSWER 20 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Cathepsin D is membrane-associated in macrophage endosomes
SO J. Biol. Chem. (1988), 263(14), 6901-7
CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

=> file medline biosis caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST 31.68 31.89

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L3 3 ENDOSOMAL PROTEASE INHIBITOR

=> dup rem l3
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3
L4 1 DUP REM L3 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s endosomal protease
L5 65 ENDOSOMAL PROTEASE

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new update

frequency

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Effective 3/31/02

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NEWS 7 Mar 22 TOXLIT no longer available

NEWS 8 Mar 22 TRCTHERMO no longer available

NEWS 9 Mar 28 US Provisional Priorities searched with P in
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and USPATFULL

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HCAPLUS, and ZCAPLUS
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available
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NEWS 20 Jun 10 MEDLINE Reload
NEWS 21 Jun 10 PCTFULL has been reloaded

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V6.0d,
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V6.0Ja(JP),
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=> s adeno-associated
L1 5758 ADENO-ASSOCIATED

=> s hepatocyt?
L2 145665 HEPATOCYT?

=> s || and l2
L3 127 L1 AND L2

=> s improv? or augment? or potentiat? or facilitat? or enhanc? or

synergiz?

L4 3638007 IMPROV? OR AUGMENT? OR POTENTIAT? OR
FACILITAT? OR ENHANC? OR
SYNERGIZ?

=> s l4(s)transduc?

L5 27262 L4(S) TRANSDUC?

=> s transduc?

L6 357779 TRANSDUC?

=> s l6(s)l4

L7 27262 L6(S) L4

=> s l3 and l7

L8 22 L3 AND L7

=> dup rem l8

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L8

L9 13 DUP REM L8 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ti so 1-13

L9 ANSWER 1 OF 13 MEDLINE

TI Protamine sulfate enhances the **transduction** efficiency
of recombinant **adeno-associated** virus-mediated gene
delivery.

SO PHARMACEUTICAL RESEARCH, (2001 Jul) 18 (7) 922-7.
Journal code: 8406521. ISSN: 0724-8741.

L9 ANSWER 2 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL
ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Recombinant **adeno-associated** viral vector mediated
transduction of murine liver but not skeletal muscle is heavily
influenced
by gender.

SO Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 425a.
<http://www.bloodjournal.org/>. print.
Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of
Hematology,
Part 1 Orlando, Florida, USA December 07-11, 2001
ISSN: 0006-4971.

L9 ANSWER 3 OF 13 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1

TI Efficient and selective AAV2-mediated gene transfer directed to
human
vascular endothelial cells.

SO MOLECULAR THERAPY, (2001 Sep) 4 (3) 174-81.
Journal code: 100890581. ISSN: 1525-0016.

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 13 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 2

TI Regulated secretion of proinsulin/insulin from human hepatoma
cells
transduced by recombinant **adeno-associated** virus.

SO BIOTECHNOLOGY AND APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY, (2001
Apr) 33 (Pt 2) 133-40.
Journal code: 8609465. ISSN: 0885-4513.

L9 ANSWER 5 OF 13 MEDLINE

TI AAV-mediated gene transfer for hemophilia.

SO ANNALS OF THE NEW YORK ACADEMY OF SCIENCES,
(2001 Dec) 953 64-74. Ref: 29
Journal code: 7506858. ISSN: 0077-8923.

L9 ANSWER 6 OF 13 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 3

TI Recruitment of single-stranded recombinant **adeno-**
associated virus vector genomes and intermolecular recombination
are responsible for stable transduction of liver *in vivo*.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2000 Oct) 74 (20) 9451-63.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L9 ANSWER 7 OF 13 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 4

TI Nonrandom transduction of recombinant **adeno-associated**
virus vectors in mouse **hepatocytes** *in vivo*: cell cycling does

not influence **hepatocyte** transduction.

SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (2000 Apr) 74 (8) 3793-803.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L9 ANSWER 8 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Increasing the size of rAAV-mediated expression cassettes *in vivo*
by
intermolecular joining of two complementary vectors
SO Nature Biotechnology (2000), 18(5), 527-532
CODEN: NABIF9; ISSN: 1087-0156

L9 ANSWER 9 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL
ABSTRACTS INC.DUPLICATE
5

TI Persistent hF.IX expression in mouse **hepatocytes** from episomal
rAAV circular intermediates does not rely on the presence of AAV-
ITR but
the structure of expression cassette itself.

SO Blood, (November 16, 2000) Vol. 96, No. 11 Part 1, pp. 431a.
print.

Meeting Info.: 42nd Annual Meeting of the American Society of
Hematology
San Francisco, California, USA December 01-05, 2000 American
Society of
Hematology
. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L9 ANSWER 10 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI **Adeno-associated** viral vector-mediated expression of
factor VIII activity

SO PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L9 ANSWER 11 OF 13 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 6

TI Persistent, therapeutically relevant levels of human granulocyte
colony-stimulating factor in mice after systemic delivery of **adeno**
-associated virus vectors.

SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Sep 1) 10 (13) 2133-40.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L9 ANSWER 12 OF 13 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 7

TI **Adeno-associated** viral vector-mediated gene transfer
of human blood coagulation factor IX into mouse liver.

SO BLOOD, (1998 Jun 15) 91 (12) 4600-7.
Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L9 ANSWER 13 OF 13 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 8

TI Liver-directed gene transfer vectors.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Sep 20) 9 (14) 1975-81. Ref:
96
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

=> d ibib ab 10

L9 ANSWER 10 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:764174 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:9629

TITLE: **Adeno-associated** viral
vector-mediated expression of factor VIII activity

INVENTOR(S): Cohen, Lawrence K.; Spratt, S. Kaye; Couto,
Linda

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cell Genesys, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9961595	A2	19991202	WO 1999-US10472	19990527
WO 9961595	A3	20000127		

W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
CA 2329143 AA 19991202 CA 1999-2329143 19990527
AU 9941856 A1 19991213 AU 1999-41856 19990527
EP 1082445 A2 20010314 EP 1999-925606 19990527
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI
JP 2002516345 T2 20020604 JP 2000-550980 19990527
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1998-84423 A 19980527
WO 1999-US10472 W 19990527

AB The invention demonstrates that recombinant AAV (rAAV) vectors may be used to deliver for effective expression a protein with Factor VIII function to treat hemophilia A. The invention provides methods and materials for expressing polypeptides with factor VIII activity comprising administering at least two rAAV vectors encoding different domains of human factor VIII and at least the heavy and light chains.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:20:30 ON 20 JUN 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:20:46 ON 20 JUN 2002
L1 5758 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED
L2 145665 S HEPATOCYT?
L3 127 S L1 AND L2
L4 3638007 S IMPROV? OR AUGMENT? OR POTENTIAT? OR FACILITAT? OR ENHANC? OR
L5 27262 S L4(S)TRANSDUC?
L6 357779 S TRANSDUC?
L7 27262 S L6(S)L4
L8 22 S L3 AND L7
L9 13 DUP REM L8 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> log hold
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST 32.20 32.41
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -0.62 -0.62

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STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 11:28:06 ON 20 JUN 2002

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LOGINID:SSSPTA1636DXS

PASSWORD:

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11:36:12 ON 20 JUN 2002
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FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 11:36:12 ON 20 JUN 2002
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FULL ESTIMATED COST		32.20 32.41

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	
SINCE FILE TOTAL	ENTRY SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-0.62 -0.62

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:20:30 ON 20 JUN 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:20:46 ON 20 JUN 2002
L1 5758 S ADENO-ASSOCIATED
L2 145665 S HEPATOCYT?
L3 127 S L1 AND L2
L4 3638007 S IMPROV? OR AUGMENT? OR POTENTIAT? OR FACILITAT? OR ENHANC? OR
L5 27262 S L4(S)TRANSDUC?
L6 357779 S TRANSDUC?
L7 27262 S L6(S)L4
L8 22 S L3 AND L7
L9 13 DUP REM L8 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> dup rem l3
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3
L10 83 DUP REM L3 (44 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> l10 not py>1999
L10 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (>).

=> s l10 not py>1999
L11 27 L10 NOT PY>1999

=> d ti so 1-27

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 27 MEDLINE
TI Persistent, therapeutically relevant levels of human granulocyte colony-stimulating factor in mice after systemic delivery of adeno-associated virus vectors.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1999 Sep 1) 10 (13) 2133-40.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 27 MEDLINE
TI Detection of TTV DNA in hepatocellular carcinoma.
SO NIPPON RINSHO. JAPANESE JOURNAL OF CLINICAL MEDICINE, (1999 Jun) 57 (6)
1375-80. Ref. 11
Journal code: 0420546. ISSN: 0047-1852.

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 27 MEDLINE
TI Development of animal models for adeno-associated virus site-specific integration.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1999 Mar) 73 (3) 2517-26.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L11 ANSWER 4 OF 27 MEDLINE

TI Adeno-associated virus as a vector for liver-directed gene therapy.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1998 Dec) 72 (12) 10222-6.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L11 ANSWER 5 OF 27 MEDLINE

TI Liver-directed gene transfer vectors.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1998 Sep 20) 9 (14) 1975-81. Ref: 96
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L11 ANSWER 6 OF 27 MEDLINE

TI Ribozyme gene therapy for hepatitis C virus infection.
SO CLINICAL AND DIAGNOSTIC VIROLOGY, (1998 Jul 15) 10 (2-3) 163-71.
Journal code: 9309653. ISSN: 0928-0197.

L11 ANSWER 7 OF 27 MEDLINE

TI Adeno-associated viral vector-mediated gene transfer of human blood coagulation factor IX into mouse liver.
SO BLOOD, (1998 Jun 15) 91 (12) 4600-7.
Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.

L11 ANSWER 8 OF 27 MEDLINE

TI Site-specific integration in mammalian cells mediated by a new hybrid baculovirus-adeno-associated virus vector.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1998 Jun) 72 (6) 5025-34.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L11 ANSWER 9 OF 27 MEDLINE

TI Persistent and therapeutic concentrations of human factor IX in mice after hepatic gene transfer of recombinant AAV vectors.
SO NATURE GENETICS, (1997 Jul) 16 (3) 270-6.
Journal code: 9216904. ISSN: 1061-4036.

L11 ANSWER 10 OF 27 MEDLINE

TI Adeno-associated virus 2-mediated gene transfer in vivo: organ-tropism and expression of transduced sequences in mice.
SO GENE, (1997 Apr 29) 190 (1) 203-10.
Journal code: 7706761. ISSN: 0378-1119.

L11 ANSWER 11 OF 27 MEDLINE

TI Persistent expression of human clotting factor IX from mouse liver after intravenous injection of adeno-associated virus vectors.
SO PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, (1997 Feb 18) 94 (4) 1426-31.
Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

L11 ANSWER 12 OF 27 MEDLINE

TI Comparison of retroviral and adeno-associated viral vectors designed to express human clotting factor IX.
SO HUMAN GENE THERAPY, (1997 Jan 20) 8 (2) 125-35.
Journal code: 9008950. ISSN: 1043-0342.

L11 ANSWER 13 OF 27 MEDLINE

TI The Rep68 protein of adeno-associated virus type 2 stimulates expression of the platelet-derived growth factor B c-sis proto-oncogene.
SO JOURNAL OF VIROLOGY, (1996 Jul) 70 (7) 4783-6.
Journal code: 0113724. ISSN: 0022-538X.

L11 ANSWER 14 OF 27 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Adeno-associated virus(AAV)-mediated expression of ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC) in OTC deficient spf-ash mMice.
SO Pediatric Research, (April, 1999) Vol. 45, No. 4 PART 2, pp. 142A.
Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the American Pediatric Society

and the

Society for Pediatric Research San Francisco, California, USA May 1-4, 1999
ISSN: 0031-3998.

L11 ANSWER 15 OF 27 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Defective adenoassociated viral-mediated transfection of insulin gene by direct injection into liver parenchyma decreases blood glucose of diabetic mice.
SO Hormone and Metabolic Research, (Dec., 1997) Vol. 29, No. 12, pp. 599-603.
ISSN: 0018-5043.

L11 ANSWER 16 OF 27 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Gene transfer into hepatocytes mediated by helper virus-free HSV/AAV hybrid vectors.
SO Molecular Medicine (New York), (Dec., 1997) Vol. 3, No. 12, pp. 813-825.
ISSN: 1076-1551.

L11 ANSWER 17 OF 27 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Adeno-associated virus (AAV) as a gene delivery vector for liver-cells.
SO Hepatology, (1997) Vol. 26, No. 4 PART 2, pp. 197A.
Meeting Info.: 48th Annual Meeting of the American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases Chicago, Illinois, USA November 7-11, 1997
ISSN: 0270-9139.

L11 ANSWER 18 OF 27 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Long-term expression of human factor IX from mouse hepatocytes after intravenous injection of AAV vectors.
SO American Journal of Human Genetics, (1996) Vol. 59, No. 4 SUPPL., pp. A46.
Meeting Info.: 46th Annual Meeting of the American Society of Human Genetics San Francisco, California, USA October 29-November 2, 1996
ISSN: 0002-9297.

L11 ANSWER 19 OF 27 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI Transduction of hepatocytes in vivo with adeno-associated virus vectors as a model for hepatic gene therapy.
SO American Journal of Human Genetics, (1995) Vol. 57, No. 4 SUPPL., pp. A43.
Meeting Info.: 45th Annual Meeting of the American Society of Human Genetics Minneapolis, Minnesota, USA October 24-28, 1995
ISSN: 0002-9297.

L11 ANSWER 20 OF 27 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

TI ADENO-ASSOCIATED VIRUS-MEDIATED TRANSDUCTION OF ORNITHINE TRANSCARBAMYLASE ACTIVITY INTO PRIMARY HEPATOCYTES DERIVED FROM SPF MICE.
SO KEYSTONE SYMPOSIUM ON GENE TRANSFER, REPLACEMENT AND AUGMENTATION, COPPER MOUNTAIN, COLORADO, USA, APRIL 3-9, 1992. J CELL BIOCHEM SUPPL. (1992) 0 (16 PART F), 60.
CODEN: JCBSD7.

L11 ANSWER 21 OF 27 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

TI Electrically mediated cellular expression of genetic material at a target
body area
SO PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L11 ANSWER 22 OF 27 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Hepatocyte transfection using bcl2 to protect transformed cells
from selection with apoptotic agents
SO PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L11 ANSWER 23 OF 27 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Adeno-associated viral vector-mediated delivery of DNA
to cells of the liver
SO PCT Int. Appl., 64 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L11 ANSWER 24 OF 27 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI The kinetics of rAAV integration in the liver
SO Nature Genetics (1998), 19(1), 13-15
CODEN: NGENEC, ISSN: 1061-4036

L11 ANSWER 25 OF 27 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Use of a non-mammalian DNA virus to express an exogenous gene
in a mammalian cell for gene therapy in treatment of gene deficiency
disorder
or liver cancer
SO PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L11 ANSWER 26 OF 27 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Gene therapy vectors carrying lipase genes for treatment of
lipoproteinemias
SO PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L11 ANSWER 27 OF 27 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
TI Methods of suppressing autoimmune response
SO PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

=> d ibib ab 23

L11 ANSWER 23 OF 27 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:394246 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:58783
TITLE: **Adeno-associated viral**
vector-mediated delivery of DNA to cells of the liver
INVENTOR(S): Snyder, Richard; Danos, Olivier; Cohen,
Lawrence; Kay, Mark; Thompson, Arthur R.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Somatix Therapy Corporation, USA;
University of Washington; Snyder, Richard; Danos, Olivier; Cohen,
Lawrence; Kay, Mark; Thompson, Arthur R.
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 64 pp.
CODEN: PIIXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA,
UG,
US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ,
TM
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK,
ES, FI, FR,
GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,
GA,
GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
AU 9855882 A1 19980629 AU 1998-55882 19971202
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1996-32506P P 19961202
US 1997-882044 A 19970625
WO 1997-US21398 W 19971202
AB The instant invention provides methods of expressing
polynucleotides in
the cells of the liver comprising administering viral particles
comprising
a recombinant AAV vector into a mammal, preferably a human.

=> d his

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L9 13 DUP REM L8 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L10 83 DUP REM L3 (44 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L11 27 S L10 NOT PY>1999

=> log hold		COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE		TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION				
FULL ESTIMATED COST			57.93	58.14	

**DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
SINCE FILE TOTAL**

ENTRY SESSION -1.24 -1.24
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 60 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 11:40:28 ON 20
JUN 2002

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9824479	A1	19980611	WO 1997-US21398	19971202
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, U, CZ, DE,	DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, R,	KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, X, NO, NZ,		